

LICENSING ACT 2003 HEARING - THURSDAY 26th MARCH 2020 @ 0830HRS APPLICATION FOR THE REVIEW OF A PREMISES LICENCE

1. Premises: Favourite Chicken & Pizza 10 St Mary's Butts Reading RG1 2LN

2. Applicants Requesting Review: Thames Valley Police

3. Grounds for Review

The application is for the review of premises licence in respect of the abovementioned premises. The application has been submitted by Thames Valley Police, who are a named responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003, in regards to the objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, public safety and public nuisance. The reason for the application is that a number of violent incidents have occurred in and around the premises, which include large scale fights, possession of drugs, a stabbing and use of a Taser to arrest an individual. The most recent of which happened on the 21th December 2019 where a large-scale disorder occurred outside the premises. Inspection of the premises found a number of management failures.

4. Date of receipt of application: 16th January 2020 A copy of the review application and appendices received are attached as <u>Appendix</u> <u>JC-1</u>

5. Date of closure of period for representations: 13th February 2020

6. Representations received:

During the 28 day consultation period, representations were received in regards to this review application from:

Reading Borough Council - Licensing - Attached as <u>Appendix JC-2</u> Letters of support for the Premise license holder attached as <u>Appendix JC-3</u> Additional evidence supplied by Thames Valley Police attached as <u>Appendix JC-5</u> Additional evidence supplied by the premise licence holders attached as <u>Appendix JC-6</u>

On the 5th March 2020 Licensing officers requested that the hearing be adjourned due to the production of paper and CCTV evidence 3 days before the hearing. The licencing committee agreed to adjourned the hearing to 26th March 2020

7. Background

This premises is located on St Mary's Butts and is part of the Broad street Mall Shopping complex and is within the Council's Cumulative Impact Area.

The Premises Licence Holder is: Mr Mohammed Saleem The DPS is: N/A

The premises currently has the benefit of a premises licence. A copy of the current licence is attached at <u>Appendix JC-4</u> The licence quoted in the review application is an old licence the licence was update in 2017 with a new name to the premsies Favourite Chicken & Pizza

8. Licensing Objectives and Reading Borough Council's Licensing Policy Statement

In determining this application the Licensing Authority has a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, which are as follows:-

- the prevention of crime and disorder;
- public safety
- the prevention of public nuisance
- the protection of children from harm

In determining this application, the Licensing Authority must also have regard to the representations received, the Licensing Authority's statement of licensing policy and any relevant section of the statutory guidance to licensing authorities.

9. Power of Licensing Authority on the determination of a Review

In determining the review application the sub-committee can take such steps as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives, which are:

- 1. Take no further action
- 2. To issue formal warnings to the premises supervisor and/or premises licence holder
- 3. Modify the conditions of the licence (including, but not limited to hours of operation of licensable activities)
- 4. Exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence
- 5. Remove the designated premises licence supervisor
- 6. Suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months
- 7. Revoke the licence.

Where the sub-committee takes a step mentioned in 3 or 4 it may provide that the modification or exclusion is to have effect for a period not exceeding three months or permanently.

Amended Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (April 2018)

Licensing objectives and aims

1.2 The legislation provides a clear focus on the promotion of four statutory objectives which must be addressed when licensing functions are undertaken.

- 1.3 The licensing objectives are:
- The prevention of crime and disorder;
- Public safety;
- The prevention of public nuisance; and
- The protection of children from harm.

1.4 Each objective is of equal importance. There are no other statutory licensing objectives, so that the promotion of the four objectives is a paramount consideration at all times.

1.5 However, the legislation also supports a number of other key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work. They include:

- protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licensed premises;
- giving the police and licensing authorities the powers they need to effectively manage and police the night-time economy and take action against those premises that are causing problems;

Purpose

1.7 This Guidance is provided to licensing authorities in relation to the carrying out of their functions under the 2003 Act. It also provides information to magistrates' courts hearing appeals against licensing decisions and has been made widely available for the benefit of those who run licensed premises, their legal advisers and the general public. It is a key medium for promoting best practice, ensuring consistent application of licensing powers across England and Wales and for promoting fairness, equal treatment and proportionality.

1.8 The police remain key enforcers of licensing law. This Guidance does not bind police officers who, within the parameters of their force orders and the law, remain operationally independent. However, this Guidance is provided to support and assist police officers in interpreting and implementing the 2003 Act in the promotion of the four licensing objectives.

The role of responsible authorities (eg Police)

9.12 Each responsible authority will be an expert in their respective field, and in some cases it is likely that a particular responsible authority will be the licensing

authority's main source of advice in relation to a particular licensing objective. For example, the police have a key role in managing the night-time economy and should have good working relationships with those operating in their local area. The police should usually therefore be the licensing authority's main source of advice on matters relating to the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective. However, any responsible authority under the 2003 Act may make representations with regard to any of the licensing objectives if they have evidence to support such representations. Licensing authorities must therefore consider all relevant representations from responsible authorities carefully, even where the reason for a particular responsible authority's interest or expertise in the promotion of a particular objective may not be immediately apparent. However, it remains incumbent on all responsible authorities to ensure that their representations can withstand the scrutiny to which they would be subject at a hearing.

Licensing authorities acting as responsible authorities

9.13 Licensing authorities are included in the list of responsible authorities. A similar framework exists in the Gambling Act 2005. The 2003 Act does not require responsible authorities to make representations about applications for the grant of premises licences or to take any other steps in respect of different licensing processes. It is, therefore, for the licensing authority to determine when it considers it appropriate to act in its capacity as a responsible authority; the licensing authority should make this decision in accordance with its duties under section 4 of the 2003 Act.

Determining actions that are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives

9.42 Licensing authorities are best placed to determine what actions are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in their areas. All licensing determinations should be considered on a case-by-case basis. They should take into account any representations or objections that have been received from responsible authorities or other persons, and representations made by the applicant or premises user as the case may be.

9.43 The authority's determination should be evidence-based, justified as being appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and proportionate to what it is intended to achieve.

The Review Process

11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.

11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives.

11.10 Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it is good practice for them to give licence holders early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns. A failure by the holder to respond to such warnings is expected to lead to a decision to apply for a review. Co-operation at a local level in promoting the licensing objectives should be encouraged and reviews should not be used to undermine this co-operation.

Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review

11.16 The 2003 Act provides a range of powers for the licensing authority which it may exercise on determining a review where it considers them appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement – either orally or in writing – that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

11.19 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate, it may take any of the following steps:

- modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;
- exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption);
- remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;
- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- revoke the licence.

11.25 Reviews are part of the regulatory process introduced by the 2003 Act and they are not part of criminal law and procedure. There is, therefore, no reason why representations giving rise to a review of a premises licence need be delayed pending the outcome of any criminal proceedings. Some reviews will arise after the

conviction in the criminal courts of certain individuals, but not all. In any case, it is for the licensing authority to determine whether the problems associated with the alleged crimes are taking place on the premises and affecting the promotion of the licensing objectives. Where a review follows a conviction, it would also not be for the licensing authority to attempt to go beyond any finding by the courts, which should be treated as a matter of undisputed evidence before them.

Reading Borough Council Licensing Policy Statement (2018)

1.5 This licensing policy aims to make Reading's night time economy an economy for all. A diverse range of responsibly run premises are to be encouraged. The licensing authority wishes to discourage drunkenness and a move away from alcohol led vertical drinking establishments. We would expect responsibly run premises to actively promote the licensing objectives through promoting extra seating at their premises; instigating effective dispersal from their premises at the conclusion of licensable activities and engagement with the licensing authority and other responsible authorities in policies, initiatives and strategies

that promote Reading as a safe, healthy, diverse and vibrant night time economy suitable for all.

1.6 The predominantly urban nature of Reading as a town means that an appropriate balance needs to be struck between the needs of local business and the needs of local residents. This licensing policy seeks to encourage all stakeholders to engage in the licensing process so that the needs of all can be taken into account and issues dealt with in a spirit of partnership and cooperation.

Other Initiatives

2.19 Reading's night time economy has achieved Purple Flag and Best Bar None status. These are nationally recognised schemes meaning the town has achieved a level of excellence and we would expect all licence holders and potential applicants to take cognisance of these standards and practices. The Authority and it's partners shall seek to work with all stakeholders in the town to maintain these standards. The town also has a very successful and well attended Pubwatch scheme both in the town centre and in the outer areas of Reading. This scheme is supported by Thames Valley Police and Reading Borough Council and is a particularly useful forum for licence holders to share information, best practice and work in a collaborative manner so as to make the night time economy as vibrant and safe as possible for all. The Authority would expect all prospective applicants and current licence holders to make use of their local Pubwatch scheme and engage fully in any relevant initiatives that stem from it.

Crime and Disorder Act 1998

3.2 This Act requires local authorities and other bodies to consider crime and disorder reduction. Section 17 of the Act states that it shall be the duty of each authority, to exercise its various functions with due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that is reasonably can to prevent, crime and disorder in its area (including anti-social and other behaviour adversely affecting the local environment). This links specifically with the licensing

objective of prevention of crime and disorder and the licensing authority will take into account all reasonable measures that actively promote this licensing objective.

Other Legislation that the Licensing Authority will consider

3.7 The Licensing Authority will also have cognisance to the following legislation when it decides to discharge it's responsibilities under the Licensing Act. This list is not exhaustive:

- Environmental Protection Act 1990 which deals with noise and nuisance

- Regulatory Reform Order 2005 which deals with fire safety

- Highways Act 1980 which deals with pavement café licences

- Reading Borough Council Act 2013 which deals with street trading and touting

- Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 and Food Hygiene regualtions

- Planning legislation (see paragraphs 2.2-2.9 of this policy)

Licensable Activities

4.15 This policy relates to all applications for the following licensable activities:

- The sale of alcohol by retail
- The supply of alcohol to club members
- The provision of regulated entertainment:
- Performance of a play
- Performance of a film
- An indoor sporting event
- Boxing or wrestling
- Performance of live music
- Performance of recorded music
- Performance of dance

- The provision of late night refreshment (the sale of hot food and drink between 2300hrs and 0500hrs)

Review of a premises licence or club premises certificate

5.13 Any premises that has a premises licence or club premises certificate may have that licence reviewed by any of the named Responsible authorities – including the Licensing Authority in it's role as a Responsible Authority. Thames Valley Police may also submit a Summary Review if there is a premises associated with serious crime and disorder. When the Licensing Authority instigates a review it will ensure that there is a clear separation of functions between the officer acting as the licensing authority and the officer acting as a responsible authority.

5.15 The Act provides strict guidelines, timescales and procedures for review applications and hearings and the Authority will deal with every review application in accordance with these rules.

7. Licensing Hours

General Approach

7.1 The Licensing Act 2003 gives the licensing authority the power to make decisions about the hours during which premises can conduct licensable activities as part of the implementation of this policy. The licensing authority will make appropriate decisions on licensing hours for the locality of each premises. All applications will be considered on its individual merits.

7.2 When an application receives representations, the authority may consider reducing the opening hours and times for licensable activities if it considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

7.4 Where it is deemed appropriate and proportionate to do so, the authority may seek to reduce the hours for licensable activities in order to promote an orderly and gradual dispersal from a certain area or certain premises.

Enforcement Approach

9.12 Where offences are found to have been carried out on licensed premises, the Authority has a number of enforcement options available to it. The Authority will work with partner agencies to determine which enforcement option is appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. The seriousness of the offences found will be taken into consideration as well as any previous issues of non-compliance or criminality that have taken place at the licensed premises.

9.13 The enforcement options available to the Authority are wide-ranging. The Authority may consider, for example, that a letter detailing the issues found during an inspection followed by a period of time to rectify them is sufficient to promote the licensing objectives. Similarly, the Authority may consider that the breaches are sufficiently serious to warrant an immediate performance meeting with a licence holder so that a discussion can take place about the adequacy of the processes in place at the premises. This could, for example, lead to recommendations being put to the licence holder to implement much more robust conditions and processes to avoid a repeat of the breaches found. The authority may also decide to prosecute relevant persons for offences being carried out on licensed premises. Licence holders should note that the authority can take one or more of these options available to it at the same time for the same offences should it be deemed appropriate to do so.

9.15 Licensed premises that have a history of non-compliance over a period of months and years and/or incidents of serious crime taking place at that premises, will likely find that the Authority will initiate a review with a view to asking for the licence to be considered for revocation.

9.16 When considering what enforcement action to take, the Authority will always consider what is the most appropriate and proportionate step to promote the licensing objectives. The Authority is not required to wait for offences to occur before deciding it needs to take appropriate action. Case law - notably East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif - states that the promotion of the licensing objectives requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. Similarly, the Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act makes clear that there is no

requirement for the Authority to wait for the outcome of any criminal proceedings before it initiates any enforcement action. This is the approach that the Authority will take when considering what, if any, action should be taken when condition breaches and other criminal activity is found at licensed premises.

9.18 Any responsible authority or person defined as 'any other person' within the Act can initiate a review of any premises licence or club premises certificate. When another responsible authority or other person initiates a review, the Authority will deal with it as the Licensing Authority and may also wish to make representation in support of the review within it's role as a responsible authority if it has relevant information.

9.20 The Authority shall endeavour to work with licence holders and applicants where it is believed that steps can be taken to rectify issues identified at licensed premises. However it cannot merely continue that approach if it has previously failed or the licence holder is unresponsive. It is the responsibility of all licence holders and responsible authorities to ensure that licensed premises are not undermining the promotion of the licensing objectives and that licensable activity is carried out lawfully. The Authority will work with partners to determine what action is appropriate for each premises where issues are discovered. Each premises and the action required for each will be assessed on it's own individual merits.

9.21 The Council, in determining a review application can take the following steps in order to promote the licensing objectives:

- modify the conditions on the licence
- exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence
- remove the designated premises supervisor
- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months
- revoke the premises licence

Relevant Case law for consideration

(R) on the application of Hope and Glory Public House v Westminster City Council (2011) EWCA Civ31

East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif (2016)

Daniel Thwaites plc v Wirral Magistrates' Court and Others

10. Appendices

Appendix JC-1: Review application & appendices.
Appendix JC-2: Representation from Reading Borough Council.
Appendix JC-3: Current premises licence for Favourite Chicken & Rib.
Appendix JC-4: Letters of support for the premises licence holder.
Appendix JC-5 Additional evidence supplied by Thames Valley Police.
Appendix JC-6 Additional evidence supplied by the premise licence holder.

Classification: OFFICIAL

Appendix JC-1

Reading Borough Council

Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I Simon Wheeler, on behalf of the Chief Constable of Thames Valley Police

(Insert name of applicant)

apply for the review of a premises licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the premises described in part 1 below:

Part 1 – Premises or club premises details

Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnance survey map reference or description				
Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts				
Post town Reading	Post code (if known) RG1 2LN			

Name of premises licence holder or club holding club premises certificate (if known)

Mr Mohammed Saleem

Number of premises licence or club premises certificate (if known)

LP1000874

Part 2 - Applicant details

I am	Please tick ✓ yes
1) an individual, body or business which is not a responsible authority (please read guidance note 1, and complete (A) or (B) below)	
2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) below)	\boxtimes
3) a member of the club to which this application relates (please complete (A) below)	

Classification: OFFICIAL

(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)					
Please tick ✓ yes					
Mr Mrs Miss Miss	Ms Other title (for example, Rev)				
Surname	First names				
I am 18 years old or over	Please tick ✓ yes				
Current postal address if different from premises address					
Post town	Post Code				
Daytime contact telephone number					
E-mail address (optional)					

(B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLICANT

Name and address	
Telephone number (if any) E-mail address (optional)	

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Name and address
Thames Valley Police C/O Reading Licensing Dept Reading Police Station Castle Street Reading RG1 7TH
Telephone number (if any) 101
E-mail address (optional) Licensing@thamesvalley.pnn.police.uk

This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)

- 1) the prevention of crime and disorder
- 2) public safety
- 3) the prevention of public nuisance
- 4) the protection of children from harm

Please tick one or more boxes ✓ ⊠ ⊠

Please state the ground(s) for review (please read guidance note 2)

Thames Valley Police (TVP) as a responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003 and under the objectives of prevention of crime and disorder and public safety make an application for the review of Premises Licence No.LP1000874 perfect Chicken & Ribs, 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 2LN.

A number of incidents involving violence and assaults as well as larger scale disorders have taken place both inside and outside of Perfect chicken & ribs (aka Favourite Chicken) whilst the premises is trading under a late night refreshment licence.

Thames Valley Police submit that this review is necessary in order to promote the four licensing objectives and with specific regard for the prevention of crime and disorder, public safety and public nuisance.

Classification: OFFICIAL

Please tick ✓ yes

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before

If yes please state the date of that application

Day	/	Month		Yea	ar	

If you have made representations before relating to the premises please state what they were and when you made them

Thames Valley Police made representations in the form of objections regarding two previous applications for variations to extend the hours of this premises which also took cognisance of the Cumulative Impact Policy (CIP) at the time.

Details of these can be seen in the RBC bundles produced at the time of the hearings in 2011 and 2013.

	Please	e tick ✓			
yes					
• I have sent copies of this form and enclo and the premises licence holder or club as appropriate		\boxtimes			
 I understand that if I do not comply with application will be rejected 	the above requirements my	\boxtimes			
IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.					
Part 3 – Signatures (please read guidance note	24)				
Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor guidance note 5). If signing on behalf of the ap		se read			
Signature					
Date 16/01/2020					
Capacity Thames Valley Police (Authorised officer) Reading LPA					
		•••••			
Contact name (where not previously given) an associated with this application (please read gu					
Post town	Post Code				
Telephone number (if any)	<u> </u>				

If you would prefer us to correspond with you using an e-mail address your e-mail address (optional)

Notes for Guidance

- 1. A responsible authority includes the local police, fire and rescue authority and other statutory bodies which exercise specific functions in the local area.
- 2. The ground(s) for review must be based on one of the licensing objectives.
- 3. Please list any additional information or details for example dates of problems which are included in the grounds for review if available.
- 4. The application form must be signed.
- 5. An applicant's agent (for example solicitor) may sign the form on their behalf provided that they have actual authority to do so.
- 6. This is the address which we shall use to correspond with you about this application.

Please provide as much information as possible to support the application (please read guidance note 3)

Perfect Chicken & Ribs were issued a late night refreshment licence in December 2005 with trading hours till 0300 hours Sunday to Thursday and 0330 hours Friday and Saturday.

In 2010 due to high incidents of crime related to this premises and its vicinity Thames Valley Police conducted an investigation. As a result of this investigation it was discovered that the premises had been conducting late night refreshment activities till 0500 on a weekly basis for a number of years.

It was believed in fact that the business had likely been trading outside of its licensable hours for the majority of time that the licence had been in force.

On 15th November 2010 a performance meeting conducted by PC Wheeler at Reading Police Station with the Premises Licence Holder (PLH) Mr Saleem and his representative Mr Bill Donne took place.

During the meeting the crime statistics were presented and it was outlined that it was felt necessary to reduce the premises operating hours to 0200 hours which was supported by the statistics that were provided.

Unfortunately the PLH was unable to agree to this or a potential negotiated reduction of half an hour to reduce the closure times till 0300 on the weekends along with other conditions.

A decision to review the premises licence was then taken, however prior to submitting the review papers the PLH submitted a minor variation to reduce the hours by half an hour and add four new conditions. This was accepted by Steve Deane the then TVP licensing officer as an initial rectification and the review papers were never served.

The updated licence was issued on the 20th December 2010 with the amended hours.

During the period that the premises were trading A. within their licensable hours and B. closing at 0300 hours till November 2011; marked reductions in incidents were recorded, indicating that the current reduced licensable hours supported far less incidents of crime and disorder.

However on the 1st November 2011 the PLH applied to extend the provision of late night refreshment hours and was granted a new licence by the sub-committee albeit this was not a unanimous decision.

The decision that was made did not on this occasion support the objection by Thames Valley Police, and the licence which was consequently issued on 30th November 2011 allowed for late night refreshment till 0400 hours and hours open to the public till 0430.

The following years incidents records showed an increase of incidents at the premises after 0300 hours as a consequence of this decision, and a number of CCTV clips are available of fights and disorders which take place outside of the premises within the following twelve month period.

On 18th March 2014 after a hearing held in November 2013 the PLH was granted a further extension to the licensable hours by the sub-committee. The decision which again was not unanimous and decided on a two to one basis failed to support an objection by Thames Valley Police in relation to the application. The cumulative impact policy was also in place at this time however the sub-committee felt that the applicant had rebutted the presumption against the variation.

Current figures and evidence which shall be presented in relation to this review show that since this premises licence has been extended to allow late night refreshment till 0500 hours and hours

open till the public 0530 hours that crime has increased because of these extensions and that incidents are now regularly occurring during the current hours of operation.

The following chronology details a number of examples of incidents which have occurred at the premises since the late night refreshment hours have been extended, as well as Police inspections and interactions undertaken in December 2019.

18/01/2014 (0328 hours) – Gen 40 report provides evidence of an incident of disorder which took place outside of the shop which led to 3 persons being arrested for being drunk and disorderly. The reports questions the suitability of the door supervisors and why they were not in attendance?

27/04/2014 (0400 hours) – Gen 40 report relating to an incident which initially started in the restaurant and led to a fight whereby a person was punched in the face.

13/07/2014 (0450 hours) – An email communication from CID stating that as part of an investigation into a disorder that involved two incidents of grievous bodily harm that the premises failed to provide CCTV when requested.

16/08/2014 (0119 hours) – Gen 40 report which provides brief information in relation to a potential fight linked to Perfect Chicken & Ribs.

29/12/2014 (0315 hours) – Gen 40 report detailing a confrontation within the restaurant which led to an assault on a female in the queue.

28/02/2015 (0310 hours) – Gen 40 report detailing incidents of disorder outside of Perfect Chicken & Ribs and Premier and the consequent Police baton line that had to be put into place to disperse the area.

28/02/2015 (0330 hours) – Gen 40 report detailing scuffles involving large groups of persons outside Perfect Chicken & Ribs and Premier requiring large numbers of officer to clear the area and the premises asked to voluntarily close. Police required baton lines to clear the area.

09/08/2015 (**0235 hours**) – Gen 40 report and officer statement detailing the assault of two persons within the restaurant that was dealt with by Police. Report states that the incident was missed by all staff members.

15/10/2015 (0535 hours) – Gen 40 reporting a group of males that had been observed purchasing food from Perfect Chicken & Ribs and an incident involving them whereby a person received ABH level injuries. The officer records how the area is a regular flashpoint for incidents of violence.

25/12/2016 (0300 hours) – Gen 40 report detailing how ARV officers had a report of a fight involving persons which actually involved two groups of males and one whom had a crutch. Large numbers of officers were required in a line to disperse the crowds and discourage further violence.

30/04/2018 – Email from Declan Smyth to Kamal Saleem which details concerns in relation to the quality of CCTV at the premises and poor coverage. (NB. CCTV produced by the premises in 2019 was still of poor quality and improvements were clearly not made at that stage).

21/06/2019 (0145 hours) – Gen 40 report in relation to an incident involving two males fighting inside the premises whilst waiting to be served food.

06/10/2019 (0426 hours) – Gen 40 and Occurrence report which detail how customers from Perfect Chicken & Ribs were assaulted outside of the premises. CCTV was not produced from PCR and CCTV from Premier only captured a large crowd of persons outside PCR.

01/12/2019 (0400 hours) – During a fight in the street involving persons whom had been

congregating nearby to PCR (some seen with PCF bags and also littering) one male is stabled in the neck. At the time the report questions whether persons had been in PCR at any point, however there are some people in and around the incident as mentioned seen with bags of food etc. (CCTV evidence is provided)

08/12/2019 (0400 hours) – A large fight occurs in the street in ST Marys Butts and large crowds of people are observed via CCTV outside of PCR and the Premier store. Persons are seen to run from the area of the premises towards the fight. Later in the incident which escalates to a disorder involving twenty plus persons a vehicle is seen to drive deliberately at a group of females walking along the street and then make off from Police.

The officer reports concerns over large crowds of people attracted to the area by the shops which causes mass disorder (CCTV evidence is provided)

14/12/2019 (0355 hours) – Gen 40 report detailing a large crowd gathered outside of PCR whereby four males were searched and found in possession of drugs. The officer notes that several persons were squaring up to each other and police had to issue a dispersal authority to move the crowd on. The record also states that Kamal Saleem the son of the PLH offered to close the shop early.

19/12/2019 – PC 6930 Jones request footage from Perfect chicken & Ribs via a GDPR request form for incidents which occurred on the 1^{st} , 8^{th} and 14^{th} December 2019.

21/12/2019 (**0440 hours**) – Gen 40 report details officers having to arrest individuals gathered in the vicinity of PCR and then the later arrest and Taser incident relating to a male who begins an argument with a crowd of people gathered outside of Premier. (CCTV and body worn video is provided)

23.24/12/2019 – PC Wheeler conducts licence inspections at Perfect Chicken & Ribs on two occasions. The first with staff members who ac unable to answer any questions and the second with Kamal Saleem (son of PLH). A number of concerns were raised during the inspections including the CCTV system not being in full working order and having inadequate quality, as well as failings in relation to general paperwork and due diligence. No fire risk assessment was available for the premises, and it was confirmed that the requested CCTV could not be produced. (Full details of the inspection are provided within a Gen 40 report and inspection sheet. Body worn video of the inspection is also provided)

27/12/2019 (0345 hours) – Gen 40 officer report detailing attendance at Perfect Chicken & Ribs in relation to a reported assault. The report states that the large gathered crowd may or may not have purchased food from the shop but that instead it was a focal meeting point brought about by the shop being open. However the report does provide evidence that persons inside and outside of the shop were throwing food and fighting and this was not being challenged by staff. The officer also notes how this area is an LPA problem caused by the shop.

A number of CCTV exhibits are available in relation to incidents which have occurred over the years since the original extension of hours and which show the impact of this premises trading into the early hours of the morning.

Also available are some excerpts from officer body worn video of incidents and inspections at the premises. These shall be detailed fully within the appendices.

In conclusion Perfect Chicken & Ribs sits in the centre of a triumvirate of premises controlled by the current premises licence holder which cause major issues of crime and disorder by attracting large crowds to the immediate vicinity. These crowds many of whom are customers and some of whom are friends of customers are not managed effectively by the premises whom are unable to control their behaviour or prevent the crime and disorder which they cause.

Thames Valley Police submit that this is due to a number of factors, including poor general management of the premises and compliance with licensing conditions. As well as poor and inadequate security provisions. This in turn is compounded by external factors such as the nature and volume of customers and persons attracted to the premises and its vicinity as well as external factors such as their intoxication levels.

It is unfortunate that Thames Valley Police predicted that crime would increase once this premises licence was extended and suggest that the cumulative impact policy at the time supported that assertion. It was felt at the time that the premises licence holders rebutted the presumption against the variation on each occasion and that it was believed this late night refreshment licence would therefore not lead to ANY increase in crime and disorder.

Sadly the visual and written evidence presented within this review disprove that presumption; and therefore numerous incidents have occurred at this premises within their extended hours. The decisions that were made at the time in both 2011 and 2013/14 have provably led to assaults, injuries and victims which would not have occurred had the extensions not been granted to this licence.

On this occasion though we are now not simply looking at turning back the clock to 2010, we would urge you to consider the scale and nature of incidents both within and outside of this premises and urge either revocation of the premises licence or a drastic reduction in the late night refreshment hours and hours open to the public.

We would ask that you consider the victims of the assaults, and the failure of this premises to promote the licensing objectives by lacklustre management processes and a failure of their systems such as CCTV and inadequate and poor security provision.

You may also consider the inter linked failure of the other premises under the control of this premises licence holder; and although we must focus specifically on this premises it cannot be underestimated that Thames Valley Police discovered door supervisors booking on and working at both PCR and Premier/Iguana in what is suspected to be an attempt to "shortcut" processes.

It is made difficult that all three premises share a small frontage together, and all provide a detrimental effect on this vicinity. You could say the cumulative impact of these premises are the cause of the main cumulative impact issue in the whole of St Marys Butts.

With that in mind we have provided within the appendices a DAVM report which in effect shows the locations which are the greatest crime generators within Reading town centre between 2300 hours and 0600 hours. You will note that St Marys Butts is the number one demand location, and to put that into context Friar Street is 17th! We would like to point out the high number of licensed premises in Friar Street that are open between those hours compared to the very low number in St Marys Butts. Unfortunately this is a glaring reflection on the volume of crime and calls for service that we suggest are attributable to Perfect Chicken & Ribs as well as its partner premises.

The options available to the sub – committee are as follows and Thames Valley submit the following recommendations in relation to those options.

• the modification of the conditions of the premises licence;

Thames Valley Police recommend that the following conditions on the premises licence need to be amended and added along with the recommended reduction of hours stated below if the committee are not of a mind to revoke the premises licence.

Replace (a) with (1) below

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system

camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(1) The premises licence holder shall ensure the premises' digitally recorded CCTV system cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and recordings shall be kept for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. The entire licensable area shall be covered by the CCTV. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request, subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person in any light. At least one member of staff on the premises at any time during operating hours shall be trained to access and download material from the CCTV system. CCTV signs shall be displayed in public areas.

Replace (d) with (2a, 2b and 2c) below

(d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisors on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(a) The premises shall have **FOUR** SIA approved door supervisors on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 2300 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(b) The premises shall have **TWO** SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Sunday nights trade, Monday nights trade, Tuesday nights trade and Wednesday nights trade from 2300 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(c) The premises licence holder shall risk assess the requirement to increase the number of SIA approved door Monday to Sunday whenever late night refreshment is taking place, which should show cognisance of local events such as Fresher's Week, Bank Holiday weekends, Christmas and New Years Eve as non exhaustive examples. The risk assessment must be in writing and available immediately upon request to authorised officers of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police.

Replace (E) with (3) as below

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) Any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work – countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(3) When employed, a register of Door Supervisors shall be kept. The register must show the following details:

(i) Full SIA registration number and name.

(ii) Date and time that the Door Supervisor commenced duty, countersigned by the Duty Manager.

(iii) Date and time that the Door Supervisor finished work, countersigned by the Duty Manager.

(iv) Any occurrence or incident of interest involving crime & disorder or public safety must be recorded giving names of the Door Supervisor involved.

(v) a record will be kept on site of all monthly SIA checks that are made via the register of licence holders via the <u>www.sia.homeoffice.gov.uk</u> website to check the validity of all door staff licences. A scan, photocopy or photographic image of the SIA badge held by each door supervisor shall be recorded and retained in a register along with an ID photo of the individual to ensure that the badge is held by the "correct" person. All records to be retained for twelve months in line with (vi) below.

(vi) The Door Supervisor register shall be kept at the premises and be available for inspection by an authorised Officer from Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request, and shall be retained for a period of twelve months.

Replace (f) with (4) as below

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges; (4) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear hi visibility jackets/ tabards in bright green, yellow or orange in order that they can be clearly visible and identifiable at all times to the public and via CCTV both internally and externally. When tabards are worn, hi visibility armbands must also be worn that incorporate displaying SIA badges. If hi visibility full sleeved jackets are worn the PLH must ensure that all door supervisors badges are also displayed via an easily visible arm band of a different hi visibility colour to the jacket that is being worn.

Add conditions (5) – (16) as below

(5) Whilst Door Supervisors are employed at the premises ALL Door Supervisors working at the premises will be deployed with digitally recording Body Worn Video (BWV). The BWV will be used to record any incidents which occur both inside and outside of the premises involving customers either entering, exiting or gathering in the vicinity of the premises or in any queue that impact any of the four licensing objectives. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request, subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act.

(6) All SIA door supervisors employed at the premises will be trained in respect of a Door Supervisors Operational Policy which must be written and provided by the premises licence holder (PLH) and a signed training record to confirm the same will be maintained for production to authorised officers of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police upon request.

(7) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that a written operational policy relating to the safe removal of persons from the premises and/or its immediate vicinity by staff and door supervisors shall be put in place, actively operated and included within the Door Supervisors Operational policy. The policy shall be in written format and made available upon request to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police. This shall include but not be limited to:

(a) Persons who have been identified by staff as being vulnerable or at risk.

(b) Persons who are refused entry to the premises or refused service within the premises.

(c) Persons who are ejected from the premises.

(8) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that upon induction all door supervisors employed at the premises receive as a minimum standard written training in a) control and restraint techniques and b) legal training covering the powers and policies relevant to their role. Refresher training shall be provided every 6 (six) months and signed records shall be produced upon request to authorised officers of Thames Valley Police and Reading Borough Council. Written records for both induction and refresher training are to be kept for a minimum of 2 (two) years of the date of training.

(9) The premises licence holder shall participate, as far as is practicable, in the Local Town safe Radio Scheme when the premises are open for licensable activities.

(10) The premises licence holder or nominated representative shall keep and maintain all right to work documents for all staff members. Right to work documents shall be kept at the premises and produced to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

(11) Clearly legible and suitable notices shall be displayed at all exits requesting customers to respect the needs of local residents and to leave the premises and area quietly. Staff shall be available to assist in the dispersal of customers at the cessation of licensable activities each evening.

(12) The premises shall implement, operate and maintain a policy to manage dispersal of customers from the premises. The policy shall be in written form and all staff shall be trained in how to operate it. The policy shall be produced to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

(13) All packaging and utensils for use by customers shall be made of biodegradable or recyclable materials;

(14) Staff shall actively discourage and disperse persons who congregate outside the premises so as to minimise disturbance to local residents;

(15) Children under the age of 18 years shall not be permitted on the premises after 23:00 hours. The premises licence holder or duly nominated representative shall put in place processes for identifying customers under 18 and written signed training provided to all staff and door supervisors detailing how to deal with any potential conflict arising from the refusal of service.

(16) Staff employed shall undergo training in relation to the Licensing Act 2003 regarding late night refreshment upon induction. This shall include, but not be limited to understanding the four licensing objectives. Such training sessions are to be documented and refreshed every six months. All training sessions are to be documented in English. Records of training shall be kept for a minimum of one year and be made available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

I. The Prevention of Crime and Disorder.

II. Public Safety.

III. Public Nuisance.

IV. The Protection of Children from Harm.

Replace (g) with (17) as below

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

9. An incident book/ register shall be maintained to record all incidents of crime and disorder occurring at the premises. The register shall record a description of the incident, a descriptions of any persons involved in the incident, the person recording the incident and details of whether the police were called. This book/register shall be available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

• the exclusion of a licensable activity from the scope of the licence;

Thames Valley Police believe that it is necessary to prevent crime and disorder and in order to promote public safety to reduce the hours for the provision of late night refreshment (licensable activity) in conjunction with all of the proposed conditions above to the following if the sub-committee are not of the mind to revoke the premises licence;

Hours for the provision of late night refreshment

2300 hours until 0100 hours Monday to Sunday

Hours the premises is open to the public

0900 hours until 0100 hours Monday to Sunday

These proposed hours are supported by the times of incident which occur at the premises as well as the current cumulative impact policy (albeit this is not a CIP related representation).

• Revocation of the licence;

Thames Valley Police would highly recommend that the sub-committee seriously considers the revocation of this premises licence in the first instance as the most appropriate and proportionate measure in order to prevent this premises continuing to undermine the licensing objectives. There has been a history of poor management and processes linked to this premises licence and numerous incidents of crime and disorder involving both individuals and groups.

The position of this premises and its proximity to other premises under the control of this premises licence holder both individually and together cause a focal point for disorder in the vicinity and have led to St Marys Butts maintaining its position as the highest crime generating street in Reading town centre between the hours of 2300 and 0600.

Thames Valley Police wish to draw the sub-committee attention to the fact that a revocation of the licence shall not prevent the business from trading as it would still be able to sell hot food and hot drinks outside of the hours required to have a late night refreshment licence ie till 2300 hours each day seven days per week.

the suspension of the licence for a period not exceeding 3 months;

If the sub-committee were not of a mind to revoke the premises licence as recommended, Thames Valley Police would ask that the sub-committee gives consideration to a period of suspension of

the licence in order to provide the premises licence holder sufficient time to implement the condition changes and reduction of hour's processes as detailed above.

Thames Valley Police submit the following sections from within the Reading Borough Council statement of licensing policy and the current Secretary of States section 182 guidance as relevant to our review application.

Secretary of States Section 182 Guidance

11.7 In every case, any application for a review must relate to particular premises in respect of which there is a premises licence or club premises certificate and must be relevant to the promotion of one or more of the licensing objectives. Following the grant or variation of a licence or certificate, a complaint regarding a general issue in the local area relating to the licensing objectives, such as a general (crime and disorder) situation in a town centre, should generally not be regarded as a relevant representation unless it can be positively tied or linked by a causal connection to particular premises, which would allow for a proper review of the licence or certificate. For instance, a geographic cluster of complaints, including along transport routes related to an individual public house and its closing time, could give grounds for a review of an existing licence as well as direct incidents of crime and disorder around a particular public house.

11.10 Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it is good practice for them to give licence holders early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns. A failure by the holder to respond to such warnings is expected to lead to a decision to apply for a review. Co-operation at a local level in promoting the licensing objectives should be encouraged and reviews should not be used to undermine this cooperation.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement – either orally or in writing – that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

11.19 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate, it may take any of the following steps:

• modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;

• exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption);

• remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;

- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- revoke the licence.

11.20 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review.

11.23 Licensing authorities should also note that modifications of conditions and exclusions of licensable activities may be imposed either permanently or for a temporary period of up to three months. Temporary changes or suspension of the licence for up to three months could impact on the business holding the licence financially and would only be expected to be pursued as an appropriate means of promoting the licensing objectives or preventing illegal working. So, for instance, a licence could be suspended for a weekend as a means of deterring the holder from allowing the problems that gave rise to the review to happen again. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. But where premises are found to be trading irresponsibly, the licensing authority should not hesitate, where appropriate to do so, to take tough action to tackle the problems at the premises and, where other measures are deemed insufficient, to revoke the licence.

Reading Borough Council Statement of Licensing Policy

6.19 Late night food outlets are a major contributor to crime and disorder and anti-social behaviour within Reading. Applicants who wish to provide hot food or drink after 2300hrs and up to 0500hrs, will need to demonstrate that their proposed operation will not exacerbate issues of crime and disorder in that locality.

6.20 Applicants for late night refreshment are expected to take cognisance of the Secretary of State's Guidance and to include appropriate and proportionate measures within their operating schedule to assist in actively promoting the licensing objectives.

6.21 The licensing authority will expect all applicants who wish to provide late night refreshment to include measures for adequate staff training; measures to ensure that no public nuisance occurs from the premises as well as additional measures to assist in crime prevention such as CCTV and door supervisors.

6.22 Public nuisance can often occur from takeaways being sited in residential areas. This could be in relation to the use of delivery vehicles and the congregating of customers outside the premises. Applicants are expected to make an assessment of their proposed locality and implement measures to avoid disturbing local residents such as the use of electric bikes and the implementation of a dispersal policy.

6.23 Where it is practical, the authority will also look to ensure that all packaging used for the provision of hot food and drink shall be made of recyclable materials or be biodegradable. This will include all fixed premises and static vans.

7.16 There are concerns about noise, nuisance, crime and disorder and anti-social behaviour in respect of premises open late and providing hot food and drink. Operators and potential applicants of late night refreshment venues wishing to open past 11pm will need to demonstrate that there are suitable policies and procedures in place to mitigate any undermining of the licensing objectives from their operation. If suitable practices and policies are not put in place and it is the belief of the Authority that crime and disorder and/or a public nuisance is likely to occur due to the late operation of late night refreshment premises, then the Authority will look at reducing the hours and or (subject to relevant representations being received) removing late night refreshment from an application in its entirety.

9.15 Licensed premises that have a history of non-compliance over a period of months and years and/or incidents of serious crime taking place at that premises, will likely find that the Authority will initiate a review with a view to asking for the licence to be considered for revocation.

9.16 When considering what enforcement action to take, the Authority will always consider what is the most appropriate and proportionate step to promote the licensing objectives. The Authority is not required to wait for offences to occur before deciding it needs to take appropriate action.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

Royal Courts of Justice

Strand

London WC2A 2LL

Thursday, 14 April 2016

Before:

MR JUSTICE JAY

Between:

EAST LINDSEY DISTRICT COUNCIL

Appellant

V

ABU HANIF

(TRADING AS ZARA'S RESTAURANT AND TAKEAWAY)

Respondent

Computer- Aided Transcript of the Stenograph Notes of

WordWave International Limited trading as DTI

165 Fleet Street London EC4A 2DY

Tel No: 020 7404 1400 Fax No: 020 7404 1424

Classification: OFFICIAL

Case law – notably East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif – states that the promotion of the licensing objectives requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. Similarly, the Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act makes clear that there is no requirement for the Authority to wait for the outcome of any criminal proceedings before it initiates any enforcement action. This is the approach that the Authority will take when considering what, if any, action should be taken when condition breaches and other criminal activity is found at licensed premises.

12.31 Late Night Refreshment Outlets (takeaways):

All applications for late night food establishments are likely to attract representations unless the applicant can demonstrate that there are exceptional reasons to grant such a licence. Late night food outlets are a major contributor to crime and disorder within the late night economy, therefore the general policy is to refuse such applications.

Late night food outlets will need to demonstrate within their operating schedule detailed and robust measures to mitigate issues of crime and disorder associated with operating within the night time economy. It is not acceptable or conducive to the promotion of the licensing objectives for late night food outlets to simply operate to the minimum of standards. Any applicant will be expected to operate to the highest of standards which actively promote the licensing objectives and the provisions outlined in the Council's licensing policy.

Late night food outlets that sell alcohol will also be expected to demonstrate how they will responsibly retail alcohol on and off the premises. If it cannot be demonstrated that any alcohol will be sold responsibly and in accordance to the provisions in this policy, then that also will likely attract representations

Furthermore Thames Valley Police recommend that when considering what enforcement action to take, the Authority will always consider what is the most appropriate and proportionate step to promote the licensing objectives. Thames Valley Police suggest that the authority is not required to wait for offences to occur before deciding it needs to take appropriate action. Case law – notably East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif – states that the promotion of the licensing objectives requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence and respectfully ask that the licensing Sub-Committee take cognisance of this factor with regards to this review application.

A full transcript of this Case Law is provided below.

QBD, ADMINISTRATIVE COURT

Neutral Citation Number: [2016] EWHC 1265 (Admin)

CO/345/2016

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE

QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION

(Official Shorthand Writers to the Court)

Mr P Kolvin QC & Mr D Dadds (instructed by David Dadds LLP) appeared on behalf of the Appellant

The **Respondent** did not appear and was not represented

JUDGMENT

(Approved)

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- 1. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is an appeal by way of case stated from the decision of the Lincoln Magistrates' Court, District Judge Veits, given on 23 June 2015, whereby he allowed an appeal from the revocation of a premises licence by the licensing authority.
- 2. The appellant, the East Lindsey District Council, is the licensing authority. The

Magistrates' Court in the usual way is not a party to these proceedings. The respondent, Mr Abu Hanif, trading as Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway, is the licence holder. He through a licensing consultant has submitted correspondence making various limited points, but indicating that he would not be taking any part in these proceedings.

3. The premises in question are Zara's Restaurant and Takeaway situated in North Summercoates on the Lincolnshire coast. They are licensed to sell alcohol ancillary to the supply of food. The restaurant is owned and managed by the licensee, Mr Hanif. On 29 April 2014, the premises were the subject of a joint visit by the police and immigration officers, and it was discovered that Mr Miah was working in the kitchen as a chef. It was common ground that Mr Miah had no current entitlement to remain in the UK, let alone to work. I was told that he arrived here illegally some years ago. Furthermore, it was also accepted by the respondent that he (i) employed Mr Miah without paperwork showing a right to work in the United Kingdom; (ii) paid Mr Miah cash in hand; (iii) paid Mr Miah less than the minimum wage; (iv) did not keep or maintain PAYE records; (v) purported to deduct tax from Mr Miah's salary; and (vi) did not account to HMRC for the tax deducted.

- 4. The police then applied for a review of the respondent's licence under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 and the matter came before the appellant's subcommittee on 30 June 2014. The subcommittee decided to revoke the respondent's licence. Its reasons were as follows:
- 5. "The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif did not take the appropriate checks of staff members having knowledge that there were problems previously at the other premises with overstayers, and that he continued to allow staff to work at Zara's restaurant without making appropriate checks.
- 6. The subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had not undertaken the relevant checks to ensure the employee concerned was eligible to work in the United Kingdom. Instead of not allowing employees to work if they had not provided the correct documentation he allowed them to work and paid cash in hand. With all this in mind the subcommittee were satisfied that Mr Hanif had knowingly employed person/s unlawfully in the United Kingdom.
- 7. The subcommittee considered the evidence by Mr Kheng on behalf of Mr Hanif and the Home Office section 182 Guidance to Licensing Authorities. The subcommittee were of the view that the premises licence should be revoked and that revocation was an appropriate step with a view to promoting the crime prevention licensing objective."
- 8. The respondent then appealed to the Magistrates' Court. There was a hearing on 27 March 2015, and on 23 June the district judge decided to allow the respondent's appeal. On 1 September 2015, the district judge determined the issue of costs and on 7 January 2016 he stated the case. The appeal to the district judge was de novo, but he accepted that he could only allow the appeal if the subcommittee's decision was "wrong", the burden being on the appellant before him to establish that.
- 9. Looking now at the stated case, the district judge noted that the respondent had received a civil penalty for employing an illegal worker under section 15 of the Immigration, Asylum and Nationality Act 2006. An immigration officer gave evidence to the effect that although by virtue of section 21 a criminal offence was committed, such proceedings were rarely brought. The district judge also noted that the police and the Council's licensing officer

were no longer saying that the respondent was a serial offender, but a redacted report which was placed before the subcommittee still gave the impression that he "was in a much worse position than he actually was". As for the failure to pay the minimum wage, the district judge said this:

A. "In his evidence before me Mr Hanif accepted that he had not paid the minimum wage and this in itself can be a criminal offence. I found that this was not the main basis of the subcommittee's decision however and again there was no evidence that he had been reported for that alleged offence. It would appear from their reasons that the subcommittee used the evidence of paying cash in hand as justification for the finding that he knowingly employed Mr Miah. The prosecuting authority however appear to have taken a different view in offering the civil penalty."

10. The district judge's core reasoning was that no crime had been committed. As he put it:

A. "It appeared to me that no crime had been committed as a result of the visit to the premises in April of last year. A civil penalty had been imposed rather than prosecution for the section 21 offence and no other crime had been reported in relation to not paying the minimum wage."

- 11. In the district judge's view, the crime prevention objective was not engaged.
- 12. The district judge also criticised the subcommittee for adopting an inconsistent approach because in other similar cases only warnings were issued. Finally, he considered that the subcommittee may have been influenced by comments in the police report, leading them to believe that they were dealing with a serial offender.
- 13. At the conclusion of the stated case, the district judge posed two questions for my determination. I will address these at the end of my judgment.
- 14. I was taken by Mr Philip Kolvin QC to various provisions of the Licensing Act 2003 as amended. Under section 4(1)and(2) a licensing authority must carry out its licensing functions with a view to promoting the licensing objectives, which include "the prevention of crime and disorder". The provisions dealing with the review application brought by the police are contained in sections 51 and 52. Under section 52(3), the licensing authority (and on appeal the Magistrates' Court):

A. "... must, having regard to the application and any relevant representations, take such of the steps mentioned in subsection (4) (if any) as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives."

15. The epithet "appropriate" was introduced by amendment in 2011. Previously the test had been stricter. In my judgment, it imports by necessary

implication the concepts of proportionality and relevance.

- 16. Mr Kolvin submitted that the district judge erred in a number of respects. First, he wrongly held that, given that criminal proceedings were never brought, the crime prevention objective (see section 4(2)) was not engaged. The statute is concerned with the prevention rather than the fact of crime. Secondly, and in any event, the interested party had committed criminal offences in relation to tax evasion, the employment of an illegal worker, and employing an individual at remuneration below the minimum wage. As for the employment of an illegal worker, Mr Kolvin accepted that this requires knowledge on the part of the employer, and he also accepted that it is not altogether clear whether the district judge found as a fact that the respondent possessed the requisite knowledge. However, the core question is the promotion of the licensing objectives, not the fact of anterior criminal activity, and in this regard a deterrence approach is appropriate.
- 17. Thirdly, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no evidence of an inconsistent approach by the subcommittee in giving warnings in some cases because all cases turn on their own facts. Finally, Mr Kolvin submitted that there was no basis for the district judge's conclusion that the subcommittee may have been influenced by a suggestion that the respondent was a serial offender.
- 18. I accept Mr Kolvin's submissions. In my view the district judge clearly erred. The question was not whether the respondent had been found guilty of criminal offences before a relevant tribunal, but whether revocation of his licence was appropriate and proportionate in the light of the salient licensing objectives, namely the prevention of crime and disorder.

This requires a much broader approach to the issue than the mere identification of criminal convictions. It is in part retrospective, in as much as antecedent facts will usually impact on the statutory question, but importantly the prevention of crime and disorder requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest, having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. The district judge's erroneous analysis of the law precluded any proper consideration of that issue. In any event, I agree with Mr Kolvin that criminal convictions are not required.

19. To the extent that the analysis must be retrospective, the issue is whether, in the opinion of the relevant court seized of the appeal, criminal offences have been committed. In the instant case they clearly had been: in relation to tax evasion (see the common law offence of cheating the Revenue and the offence of fraudulent evasion of tax contrary to section 106A of the Taxes and Management Act 1970); and the employment of Mr Miah at remuneration below the minimum wage (see section 31 of the National Minimum Wage Act 1998). Moreover, given the evidence that Mr Miah never provided the relevant paperwork, notwithstanding apparent requests, the obvious inference to be drawn is that the respondent well knew that he could not, and that no tax code and National Insurance number had been

issued. The corollary inference in my judgment is that the respondent well knew that Mr Miah could not provide the relevant paperwork because he was here illegally.

- 20. I also accept Mr Kolvin's submission that each case must turn on its own facts. As a matter of law, unless it could be said that some sort of estoppel or related abuse of process arose in the light of warnings given in other cases, the alleged inconsistent approach led nowhere. In my judgment, it could not be so said.
- 21. Finally, I agree with Mr Kolvin that there is nothing in the point that the subcommittee could have been misled about the interested party being a serial offender. The point that the subcommittee was making was the fact that the respondent had worked at premises where illegal workers were also employed meant that he should have been vigilant to the issue.
- 22. Thus the answer to the district judge's two questions are as follows:
- A. Q. "Was I correct to conclude that the crime prevention objective was not engaged as no crimes had been proceeded with, the appellant only receiving a civil penalty?"
- B. No.
- C. Q. "Was I correct in concluding that the respondent had been inconsistent in similar decisions in not revoking the licence [sic]?"
- D. No.
- 23. Having identified errors of law in the district judge's decision, the next issue which arises is whether I should remit this case for determination in the light of my ruling or whether I have sufficient material to decide the issue for myself. I should only adopt the latter course if satisfied that the issue is so obvious that no useful purpose would be served by remission. I am so satisfied. Having regard in particular to the twin requirements of prevention and deterrence, there was in my judgment only one answer to this case. The respondent exploited a vulnerable individual from his community by acting in plain, albeit covert, breach of the criminal law. In my view his licence should be revoked. Another way of putting the matter is that the district judge had no proper basis for overturning the subcommittee's assessment of the merits.
- 24. It follows in my judgment that the only conclusion open to the district judge in the present case was to uphold the revocation of the respondent's licence.

This appeal must be allowed and the respondent's licence must be revoked.

- 25. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm very grateful. Can I deal with the question of costs, both here and below.
- 26. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.
- 27. MR KOLVIN: Should I start with here.
- 28. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes.
- 29. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, we would ask for the costs before this court. I just want to pray in aid four very brief points. The first is the result. The second is that the district judge's approach was expressly urged on him by the respondent's legal team. Thirdly, that the respondent was expressly urged to concede this appeal to stop costs running, he was given that opportunity at pages 42 and 43 of the bundle. Fourthly, perhaps a little bit tugging at the heart strings, but there's no reason why the Council Tax payers of East Lindsey should bear the cost of establishing what has been established in this court. So we would ask for the costs up here.
- 30. There is a schedule and the schedule has been served upon Mr Hanif by letter dated 16 March of 2016. I don't know whether the schedule has found its way to my Lord, if not I can hand up a copy.
- 31. MR JUSTICE JAY: It has.
- 32. MR KOLVIN: It has. My Lord, I can see that VAT has been added on. It doesn't need to be because of course the Council can retrieve the VAT, so my application is for £16,185. I know there's not a lot of explanation around my fee, but it was taken on a single fee for all work involved in relation to the case stated; advice, the skeleton argument and attendance today, so it's one single -
- 33. MR JUSTICE JAY: What about your junior's fees?
- 34. MR KOLVIN: My learned junior is also my instructing solicitor, he wears two hats.
- **35**. **MR JUSTICE JAY**: I see.
- 36. MR KOLVIN: He has his own firm which is Dadds LLP, and he is also a member of the bar, so although he has appeared as my junior, his fee is

wrapped up in the solicitors' fees set out in the schedule.

- **37.** MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay. What about the costs below?
- 38. MR KOLVIN: My Lord, I'm just trying to ascertain what the position is.
- **39.** MR JUSTICE JAY: I thought there was no order for costs below.
- 40. MR KOLVIN: There was no order for costs below, that was on the basis that the appeal had been allowed. The situation in relation to costs of licensing appeals are set out in section 181 of the Act, which enables the court to make such order as it thinks fit. Normally when appeals are dismissed there is no real question about it, costs follow the event. When appeals are allowed, some further considerations come into play, which are expressed by the Master of the Rolls in a case which you may have come across called City of Bradford v Booth, which is the case where the Master of the Rolls said that local authorities shouldn't be put off from trying to make honest and reasonable decisions in the public interest. And so one has to take account additionally of the means of the parties and their conduct in relation to the dispute, but in this case of course the appeal has now been dismissed, and so we would say that the ordinary rule is that the costs should follow the event, the appeal having failed. I'm just trying to ascertain whether schedules were ever served below, in the light of the way the case came out. (Pause)
- 41. My Lord, I'm really sorry that we don't actually have the schedule here, apparently it was £15,000. If you were minded to order costs below the options are either I suppose to wait and we will have the thing emailed up, or to say, "Look, it was below, it's a little bit more complex, they should be assessed if not agreed."
- 42. MR JUSTICE JAY: This is going to wipe him out, isn't it?
- 43. MR KOLVIN: Well he has already said, I have to say, I'm just telling you frankly what I've been told this morning, that when the bundles and the schedules were served on him, he had clearly read them, but he said, "If you win in the High Court and get costs against me, then I'm just going to declare myself bankrupt." So there may well be a bit of football(?) about this, but nonetheless it was his appeal, his team raised a point which in retrospect was very surprising, and caused an awful lot of costs to be incurred.
- 44. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. Well I am going to assess the costs here in the round figure of £15,000.
- 45. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.

- 46. MR JUSTICE JAY: If there was a schedule, which you tell me there was, below, it is proportionate that I assess those costs rather than put you to the trouble of a detailed assessment, so if you could have that emailed to my clerk in due course, I will assess the costs below.
- 47. MR KOLVIN: Thank you, my Lord.
- 48. MR JUSTICE JAY: On the basis of that schedule.
- 49. MR KOLVIN: We're not trying to be too ambitious, but we would like to see what we can -
- 50. MR JUSTICE JAY: I'll take a broad brush approach to that.
- 51. MR KOLVIN: Thank you.
- 52. My Lord, the only other thing to mention is that this isn't the only case which is kicking around the east of England where licensing subcommittees are being urged to take no action because there has been no prosecution in these immigration cases. Although I appreciate that this is hardly stellar law making, it's an application of pretty well established legal principles to the facts, I'm asking whether my Lord would be minded to certify this so that we can adduce the authority in other cases, because it's a clear statement of the law that there doesn't need to have been a prosecution. So with the practice direction in mind, would my Lord be minded to - -
- 53. MR JUSTICE JAY: Just remind me of the practice direction.
- 54. MR KOLVIN: Yes, can I hand it up?
- 55. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes. (Handed)
- 56. MR KOLVIN: If Mr Hanif had come I wouldn't need to make the application. It's paragraph 6.1. The judgment has to clearly indicate that it purports to establish a new principle or extends the present law and that has to take the form of an express statement to that effect, and then 6.2 says what categories of judgment we're dealing with, which include applications attended by one party only.
- 57. So that's the situation we're in. In reality these judgments get around anyway, because we're dealing with administrative tribunals and not courts, but sometimes the point is taken, "Ah yes, but the court didn't certify".

58.	MR JUSTICE JAY: But where's the new principle I've established?
59.	MR KOLVIN: My Lord, what you have said clearly, which hasn't been said before, by dint of the fact that not many licensing cases reach the lofty heights of this building, is that there does not need to have been a prosecution in order for the crime to have
60.	MR JUSTICE JAY: Oh, I see. Well that's so obvious it almost goes without saying, that's why it hasn't been said before.
61.	MR KOLVIN: My Lord, it was obvious to everyone except the district judge, the appellant and other licensees in the east of England.
62.	MR JUSTICE JAY: Okay.
63.	In terms of the logistics, if you want a copy of the judgment, don't you have to pay for it?
64.	MR KOLVIN: We may have to, and we would be obviously very pleased to do so.
65.	MR JUSTICE JAY: Because I'm not sure that all judgments are, in the Administrative Court, they're not all transcribed and published.
66.	MR KOLVIN: That is correct, and I have no doubt that my client would be - this isn't a matter about the costs of the judgment.
67.	MR JUSTICE JAY: No, fortunately it doesn't cost that much. But I will give the certification. I have never been asked to do so before, I must confess.
68.	MR KOLVIN: Yes.
69.	MR JUSTICE JAY: Because these cases are referred to almost willy nilly, if they're available on Lawtel or wherever.
70.	MR KOLVIN: Yes, they are.
71.	MR JUSTICE JAY: Then they're just provided.
72.	MR KOLVIN: They get into the textbooks and they

- 73. MR JUSTICE JAY: No- one objects.
- 74. MR KOLVIN: Yes. It has happened once before, in relation to the meaning of the Court of Appeal judgment in <u>Hope and Glory</u>, and Lindblom J, as he then was, was asked repeatedly would he certify in relation to the meaning of <u>Hope and Glory</u>, which is an important test, and he was pretty engaged in the practice direction. But since then that judgment, there's always an argument in court about whether it can be cited or not. The difference between licensing and some other fields of law is that very few cases reach here, so when they do, the judgments of High Court judges are gold dust.
- 75. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, well I'm happy to make the certification.
- 76. MR KOLVIN: Thank you very much indeed.
- 77. MR JUSTICE JAY: We wouldn't want this point to be taken again successfully.
- 78. MR KOLVIN: No.
- 79. MR JUSTICE JAY: Now as a matter of courtesy, is the judgment, once available, sent to the district judge, or is it something that I should do informally?
- 80. MR KOLVIN: I don't know, my Lord, what the normal practice is. I don't think that I have previously been on a legal team which has sent judgments, but we're very happy to undertake to do so.
- 81. MR JUSTICE JAY: Yes, I think if you're going to get a copy, obviously you're going to send it to the respondent -
- 82. MR KOLVIN: Indeed.
- 83. MR JUSTICE JAY: - so he can ingest it. I think you should send it to the district judge, just saying that the judge directed that out of courtesy he should see it.
- 84. MR KOLVIN: We're very happy to do that. Thank you very much indeed.
- 85. MR JUSTICE JAY: Thank you very much.

APPENDICES

CCTV

APPENDIX 1 – Compilation CCTV

Clip 1 – 05/08/2017 General CIP example of disorderly incident in St Marys Butts (sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises)

Clip 2 – 05/12/2015 General CIP example of a serious fight incident which occurred at 0421 hours in St Marys Butts opposite Perfect Chicken & Ribs. (sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises)

Clip 3 – 04/04/2012 at **0329** hours a female is seen to leave Perfect Chicken & Ribs (PCR) and is immediately punched and knocked unconscious by a male.

Clip 4 - 09/06/2018 at circa **0500** hours showing general disturbance outside the vicinity of PCR requiring police attendance.

Clip 5 – 10/07/2011 at **0108** hours showing staff from PCR attacking persons outside of Premier newsagents.

Clip 6 - 11/03/2012 at **0237** hours showing a male being assaulted by a female having come from the doorway of PCR and then a group of males fighting as a consequence.

Clip 7 - 12/08/2012 at **0303** hours showing CCTV of an incident where it is suspected that a female had previously been assaulted which led to two males being knocked unconscious outside of PCR.

Clip 8 – 14/02/2019 at 0335 hours showing 4/5 males having purchased PFC food fighting in St Marys Butts.

Clip 9 – 21/04/2012 circa **0200 – 0300** hours showing large numbers of males running from Iguana and then a consequent mass disorder whereby at least two persons are knocked unconscious. Door supervisors are seen but ineffective and it is difficult to determine if they are from iguana or PCR. (*sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises*)

Clip 10 - 21/12/2019 circa **0336** (footage is one hour in front of real time) hours showing multiple police officers having to remain in the vicinity of PCR to prevent disorder and an arrest at 0341 hours nearby. Then later at **0427** hours door supervisors attempting to deal with further incidents and still requiring police assistance.

Clip 11 - 2012 circa early hours showing a large fight involving customers from PCR.

Clip 12 – 20/04/2018 at **0128 until 0341** hours showing general concerns and mismanagement of the vicinity likely linked to Premier/Iguana. (*sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises)*

Clip 13 - 29/03/2012 at **0215** hours showing a fight involving persons within the vicinity of PCR and a lack of security is observed.

Clip 14 – 29/04/2018 at 0150 hours showing drinking on the street in the vicinity of the PLH's

premises which is unmanaged by security. (sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises)

Clip 15 - 19/02/2012 at **0148** hours large fight involving multiple groups from the vicinity of PCR and a member of security from the premises in a hi-vis jacket is seen attempting (but failing) to prevent the disorder.

Clip 16 – NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS REVIEW (DISCARD)

Clip 17 - 21/06/2019 at **0026** hours showing poor quality footage from within PCR where a customer is head-butted and a fight ensues.

APPENDIX 2

Clip 1 - 01/12/2019 at **0348** hours (footage shown is one hour ahead) showing females and males carrying white bags from PCR and throwing litter and eating food from PCR (some of the group involved in incident next clip). Then at **04:01:11** shown as 05:01:11 one of the offenders is shown outside PCR prior to committing an assault. At **04:03:45** during a fight a male was stabbed in the neck.

Clip 2 - 01/12/2019 is a compressed version of the above.

Clip 3 - 08/12/2019 at **04:04:55** hours (footage shown is one hour ahead) showing large volumes of people outside of PCR and other linked premises which appear unmanaged by security. Large number of persons then run from Premier and joined by large numbers of others from outside PCR and that vicinity. A large fight ensues in the middle of the road and at **04:07:34** persons involved in the fight drive a vehicle into a group of pedestrians and then make off from police through a red light.

APPENDIX 3

Clip 1 - 28/04/2019 at **0328** hours showing poor quality footage from within PCR where a customer is punched whilst queuing for food.

APPENDIX 4

Clip 1 - 21/12/2019 at **0442** hours showing body worn video footage of crowds gathering in the vicinity of the premises and a consequent arrest and Taser incident. (*sub-committee should consider the amount of weight that can be placed upon this evidence as it shows issues in the area but is not specifically linked to this premises)*

APPENDIX 5

Clip 1 - 23/12/2019 showing body worn video footage of the initial inspection at PCR by PC Wheeler.

APPENDIX 6

Clip 1 - 24/12/2019 showing body worn video footage of the follow up inspection at PCR by PC Wheeler. Relevant times between 12:34 and 13:00 hours.

APPENDIX 7

Clip 1 - 24/12/2019 showing body worn video footage of the premises confirmation that the CCTV system was not working and that they footage requested by TVP on the 19/12/2019 could not be produced.

APPENDIX 8 – Copy of the premises licence issued on 12th December 2005.

APPENDIX 9 – Performance meeting notes and statistics dated 15th November 2010.

APPENDIX 11 – Copy of the premises licence issued on 20th December 2010 after a minor variation.

APPENDIX 12 – Licensing sub-Committee minutes dated 1st November 2011.

APPENDIX 13 – Copy of the premises licence issued on 30th November 2011.

APPENDIX 14 - Licensing sub-Committee minutes dated 4th February 2014.

APPENDIX 15 - Copy of the premises licence issued on 17th March 2014.

APPENDIX 16 – Gen 40 18/01/2014.

APPENDIX 17 – Gen 40 27/04/2014.

APPENDIX 18 - Email 13/07/2014 re CCTV system failure.

APPENDIX 19 – Gen 40 16/08/2014.

APPENDIX 20 - Gen 40 29/12/2014.

APPENDIX 21 – Gen 40 28/02/2015.

APPENDIX 22 – Gen 40 28/02/2015.

APPENDIX 23 - Gen 40 and statement 09/08/2015.

APPENDIX 24 – Gen 40 25/12/2016.

APPENDIX 25 – Email 30/04/2018 from Declan Smyth to Kamal Saleem.

APPENDIX 26 - Gen 40 21/06/2019.

APPENDIX 27 – Gen 40 and occurrence log 06/10/2019.

APPENDIX 28 - Gen 40 01/12/2019.

APPENDIX 29 - Gen 40 08/12/2019.

APPENDIX 30 – Gen 40 14/12/2019.

APPENDIX 31 – GDPR request form dated 19/12/2019.

APPENDIX 32 – Gen 40 21/12/2019.

APPENDIX 33 – Premises inspection sheet dated 23&24/12/2019.

APPENDIX 34 – Gen 40 Premises inspection report 24/12/2019.

APPENDIX 35 – Gen 40 27/12/2019.

APPENDIX 36 – Premises statistics sheet x 4.

APPENDIX 37 – Door log examples.

APPENDIX 38 – DAVM report showing St Marys Butts as the highest demand location within the town centre.

APPENDIX 39 - URN command and control archived results list.

LICENSING ACT 2003 SCHEDULE 12 PART A

PREMISES LICENCE

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LP1000488

Premises Details

Premises Name and Address

Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts Reading Berkshire RG1 2LN

Telephone Number 0118 950 9696

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid

N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor or Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0300hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0300hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0300hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0300hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0330hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0330hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0300hrs

Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs
Tuesday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs
Wednesday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs
Thursday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs
Friday	from 0900hrs until 0330hrs
Saturday	from 0900hrs until 0330hrs
Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs

Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies N/A

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: Mr Mohammed Saleem Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, RG1 2LN

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A Name: Address: Telephone Number: 0118 950 9696

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A Personal Licence Number:

Issuing Authority:

This Licence shall continue in force from **24/11/2005** unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 12th December 2005

Head of Environment & Consumer Services

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the security Industry Authority.

Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

- 1. The CCTV system will be maintained and kept fully operational when the premises are open to the public.
- 2. Two litter bins will be by the exit at all times.
- 3. The area outside the premise will be cleared of all litter at the close of business.

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

THAMES VALLEY POLICE

Division/Station : Central Reading NHPT

From :

To:

	Ref : Performance Meeting Date : 15 November 2010 Tel.No.
Subject	Perfect Fried Chicken
	Notes from meeting which took place on 15 th November 2010 at 2.15pm Reading Police Station.
	Attendeess – A/PS 5787 Simon Wheeler, PC 6030 Rob Neilson, Steve Deane (TVP licensing), Bill Donne (Silver fox Consultancy), Mohammed Saleem (Owner Perfect fried chicken)
	During the meeting it was explained by A/Sgt Wheeler that a large number of incidents involving Crime and Disorder, assaults and Public Order incidents had been found to be occurring at the premise. It had also been found that a large number of incidents had been occurring in the vicinity of the shop which Police believed are occurring due to the presence of the shop.
	Statistics and URN's (logs of the incidents were referred to and prints of these were made available to Mr Donne and Mr Saleem at the meeting to peruse through.
	Also CCTV was presented to them by PC Neilson showing a number of incidents in and around the front of the premise involving large crowds of persons and often showing assaults and incidents.
	Finally the question was asked about the understanding of both regarding the Licensed trading hours of the shop as a number of incidents occurred after 0300 and between 0500? The Licence was then shown to them, which showed they could trade only until 0300 Monday to Thursday and till 0330 on Fridays and Saturdays.
	Mr Saleem claimed that his son had run the shop and he himself knew nothing of the shop trading out of hours. It was pointed out by A/Sgt Wheeler that from his own knowledge the shop had been trading till 0500 for many years, and indeed this is proven by CCTV and backed up by numerous URN reports. Therefore the shop had traded in breach of their License and had clearly been flagrantly doing so for a period of many years!
	A/Sgt Wheeler referred to the serious nature of the incidents and pointed out that 70 plus logs would be referred to of which 27 could be directly attributed to the premise. All other logs Police felt were linked to the shop and had occurred in the vicinity and due to its presence in the area. Police felt that the shop was not adhering to the Licensing objectives relating to Crime and Disorder and Public Safety, and had done nothing to either recognise their obligations or rectify the problems.
	It was also outlined that a CCTV condition all be it in old form was on their licence, and the system had not worked for a long term and on request by officers and noted on URN's had never been made available on request.
	Mr Donne asked what we required the premise to do?
	I outlined I felt that we would require to seek a Voluntary variation to reduce trading hours till 2.00am 7 days per week. To renew the CCTV condition and ensure it is in place and working, and for Door Supervisors to be employed Thursday through Saturday from 2300 onwards till closing. Thames Valley Police felt this was essential to protect the public and reduce the numerous incidents of disorder at this location.
	Mr Saleem stated he could not possibly reduce the hours till 2.00am due to loss of earnings, but would consider the other options. Although at this time TVP felt that the timing condition was essential when looking at the appalling crime statistics in relation to incidents after 2.00am, that we would in the spirit of the act consider an
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initial reduction in hours till 0300 hours via minor variation which could be monitored along with the other conditions to see if incidents subsided.

Mr Saleem would not agree to this change and was categoric that he wished to trade until 0330 on the weekends, but would offer an undertaking not a condition on the License to temporarily close at 0300 hours.

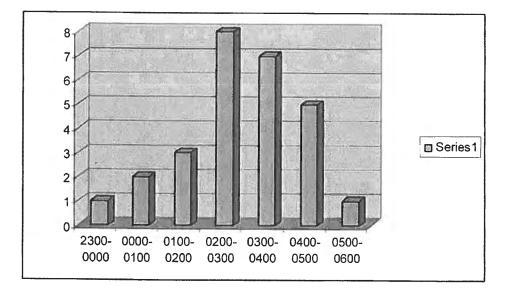
A/Sgt Wheeler and Mr Deane felt that this was not sufficient and that a condition on the licence needed to be in place to ensure that the shop traded in a safe and regulated manner.

As agreement could not be reached it was stated that the case would be put to the Licensing committee for an impartial decision to be made based on the evidence provided by Thames Valley Police, which would include the initial reduction in hours of 0200 as we felt that this was realistically the required resolution to halt the incidents and provided safety for the Public.

Notes of A/PS 5787 Simon Wheeler

to Perfect Fried chicker 01/09/2008 and 30/09/2010	ce Numbered calls directly linked n for a 2 year period between 0 concerning issues of Crime & isorder.
2300 - 0000	1
0000 - 0100	2
0100 - 0200	3
0200 - 0300	8
0300 - 0400	7
0400 - 0500	5
0500 - 0600	1
Total Incidents	27

15 incidents occurred between 0200 - 0400 = 56% of the total of all Crime & disorder incidents occurring during late night refreshment hours, and including the hours where the shop has been trading in breach of their Licence conditions.

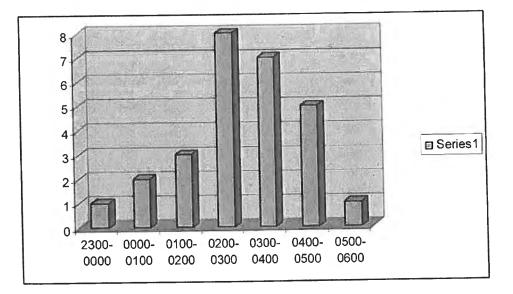


It can be seen that after the hour of 2300 when late night refreshment commences at this premises, that incidents steadily rise to a plateau peak starting at 0200 which remains steady until 0400 hours. Incidents then slowly decrease after 0400 until the premises was closing at 0500. It is worth noting also the large number and types of incidents which occurred during the hours the shop was opening outside of their allowed Licensed times.

The Unique Reference Numbered calls that this relate to are listed in the appendix and show that 100% of all these incidents from 2300 onwards relate to Anti Social Behaviour, Violence, Assaults and Public Safety issues. They cannot be questioned as to their direct relationship to this premise.

outside vicinity of Perfect Frie 05/01/2008 and 17/09/2010	Numbered calls relating to the ed chicken for a period between concerning issues of Crime & order.
2300 - 0000	2
0000 - 0100	2
0100 - 0200	3
0200 - 0300	12
0300 - 0400	18
0400 - 0500	11
0500 - 0600	1
Total Incidents	49

30 incidents occurred between 0200 - 0400 = 61% of the total of all Crime & disorder incidents occurring during late night refreshment hours, and including the hours where the shop has been trading in breach of their Licence conditions.



It can be seen that after the hour of 2300 when late night refreshment commences at this premises, that incidents steadily rise and increase drastically from 0200 onwards to a peak between 0300 and 0400 hours. Incidents then slowly decrease after 0400 until the premise was closing at 0500.

Please note that these figures relate to incidents which either occurred outside of the 24 month period of our initial appendix, or which occur in the direct "Vicinity" of the premise. We believe these incidents should be attributed to the presence of Perfect fried chicken and would predominantly not have taken place if it not for the presence of the shop. However we cannot state categorically this as fact and include all full URN's for your information, so as to make an informed decision as to how much weight to place on these statistics as presented.

LICENSING ACT 2003 SCHEDULE 12 PART A

PREMISES LICENCE

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LMV000037

Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts Reading Berkshire RG1 2LN

Telephone Number 0118 956 7030

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

from 2300hrs until 0300hrs
from 2300hrs until 0300hrs

Opening Ho Hours the P	remises is Open to the Public	
Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0300hrs from 0900hrs until 0300hrs	

Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Mohammed Saleem Name: Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 2LN

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

This Licence shall continue in force from 18/12/2010 unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 20 December 2010

Head of Environment & Consumer Services

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

Responsible drinks promotions.

On licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)

- 1 The responsible person shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
- 2 In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises in a manner which carries a significant risk of leading or contributing to crime and disorder, prejudice to public safety, public nuisance, or harm to children-
 - (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-
 - (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
 - (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
 - (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic (other than any promotion or discount available to an individual in respect of alcohol for consumption at a table meal, as defined in section 159 of the Act);
 - (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less;
 - (d) provision of free or discounted alcohol in relation to the viewing on the premises of a sporting event, where that provision is dependent on-
 - (i) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process, or
 - (ii) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring;
 - (e) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.

Responsible drinking On and Off Sales

(Commencement date 6 April 2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that no alcohol is dispensed directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of a disability).

Supply of tap water

On licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that free tap water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification (commencement 1st October 2010)

(1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the supply of alcohol.

(2) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person, as defined within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.

Drink Measurements (commencement 1st October 2010)

1. The responsible person, within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, shall ensure that:

a) Where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures:
i) beer or cider: half a pint

ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25ml or 35ml and

iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml and

b) customers are made aware of the availability of these measures

Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

General

1. The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person.

2. Two litter bins will be by the exit at all times.

3. The area outside the premise will be cleared of all litter at the close of business.

Conditions below and condition 1 above agreed between applicant and Thames Valley Police via Minor Variation 18/12/2010

1. The Premises Licence Holder shall have a SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 2300hrs until the last customer has left the premises at closing time the following morning.

2. The premises licence holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register will show the following details:

a) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises.

b) SIA registration number

c) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager

d) any occurrence or incident must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved

e) date and time the door supervisor finished work - countersigned by the duty manager.

f) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council. It shall be retained for a period of six months from the date of the event. 3) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'High Visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges.

4) All incidents which impact on any of the four licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded.

Annex 3

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

N/A

Annex 4

<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan no. 1409-1B

Present: Councillors Woodward (Chair), Livingston and Skeats.

RESOLVED ITEMS

20. APPLICATION FOR THE VARIATION OF A PREMISES LICENCE - PERFECT CHICKEN AND RIBS

The Head of Environment and Consumer Services submitted a report on an application by Mr Mohammed Saleem for the variation of a Premises Licence in respect of Perfect Chicken and Ribs, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading.

The report stated that the premises currently had a Premises Licence in force, which permitted the provision of late night refreshment, indoor and outdoor, for the following hours:

Monday to Sunday 2300 hours until 0300 hours

The premises were permitted to open to the public Monday to Sunday 0900 hours until 0300 hours.

A copy of the Premises Licence was attached to the report at Appendix I.

The application was seeking to vary the Premises Licence to permit the provision of late night refreshment, Monday to Sunday, from 2300 hours until 0500 hours and for the premises be open to the public, Monday to Sunday, from 0800 hours until 0630 hours. The application was also seeking to remove condition 1 in Annex 2 of the premises licence, and replace it with a condition worded as follows:

The Premises Licence Holder shall have a SIA approved door supervisor(s) Saturday and Sunday from 0100 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time.

A copy of the application form was attached to the report at Appendix II.

A representation about the application had been received from Thames Valley Police, which was attached to the report at Appendix III, and a letter of support had been received from the manager of Broad St Mall shopping centre, which was attached to the report at Appendix IV. A plan showing the location of the premises and the surrounding area was attached to the report at Appendix V.

The report stated that in considering representations received, the Licensing Authority had a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, as follows:

- The prevention of crime and disorder
- Public safety
- The prevention of public nuisance
- The protection of children from harm

The report noted that Paragraph 7.1.9 of the Council's Cumulative Impact Policy stated that the effect of adopting a cumulative impact policy was to create a rebuttable presumption that applications for new premises licences and club premises certificates or

material variations, would be refused, if relevant representations were received. A rebuttable presumption is not a presumption that is absolute; it is a presumption that may be overturned if sufficient evidence can be provided against the presumption. Paragraph 7.1.11 of the Cumulative Impact Policy stated that if an applicant is able to rebut the presumption of refusal by demonstrating there will be no negative impact on the licensing objectives, a licence can still be granted. However, if the presumption cannot be rebutted, the application is likely to be refused.

The report noted that Paragraph 7.6.6 of the Council's Cumulative Impact Policy stated, in regard to late night food outlets, that applications involving the sale of food primarily for takeaway up to midnight, would be granted where it was demonstrated that they would not add to cumulative impact and that they would comply with the other provisions of the Council's licensing policy. Crime statistics currently demonstrate however, that post-midnight crime levels significantly increase. Therefore, the policy is to refuse applications involving such sales beyond midnight unless there are exceptional circumstances satisfying the local authority that granting the application would not contribute to cumulative impact, and there was no compliance with the other provisions of the Council's licensing policy.

Inspector Keith Stacey and Sergeant Rob Murray, Thames Valley Police, were present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on their concerns regarding the application and responded to questions. Mike King, Licensing Officer, Thames Valley Police, was also present at the meeting.

A letter from the manager of Broad St Mall shopping centre, who had made a written representation but was unable to attend the meeting, was circulated to members of the Sub-Committee and other parties.

Mr Mohammed Saleem, Premises Licence Holder was present at the meeting and was represented by Mr William Donne, Silver Fox Licensing Consultants; they both addressed the Sub-Committee and responded to questions.

Resolved -

(1) That, in order to promote the four licensing objectives, and having regard to the oral and written representations made, the Secretary of State's guidance, and the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy in respect of cumulative impact as referred to in the report, the Sub-Committee is of the opinion that the applicant has rebutted the presumption against varying the Premises Licence in respect of Perfect Chicken and Ribs, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading, to the extent as follows:

Hours for the provision of late night refreshment

Monday to Sunday 2300 hours until 0400 hours

Hours the premises are open to the public

Monday to Sunday 2300 hours until 0430 hours

- (2) That the conditions listed in Annex 2 be removed from the licence and replaced with the following conditions:
 - (a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;
 - (b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;
 - (c) The area outside the premise shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;
 - (d) The premises shall have a SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;
 - (e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:
 - (i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;
 - (ii) SIA registration number;
 - (iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty countersigned by the duty manager;
 - (iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;
 - (v) date and time the door supervisor finished work countersigned by the duty manager;
 - (vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;
 - (f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;
 - (g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where

known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

(In accordance with Standing Order 38, Councillor Skeats requested that her vote against the resolution (1) be recorded).

(The meeting started at 6.00pm and finished at 9.05pm)





LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

_P8000190
-P

Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts Reading Berkshire RG1 2LN Telephone Number

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0400hrs

Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Tuesday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Wednesday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Thursday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Friday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Saturday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs
Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0430hrs

LA_Premiseslicence Part A

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Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: Mohammed Saleem Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 2LN

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

This Licence shall continue in force from **02/11/2011** unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 30 November 2011

Head of Environment & Consumer Services

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

Responsible drinks promotions.

On licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)		
I	The responsible person shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.	
2	In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises in a manner which carries a significant risk of leading or contributing to crime and disorder, prejudice to public safety, public nuisance, or harm to children-	
	(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-	
	(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or	
	(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);	
	(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic (other than any promotion or discount available to an individual in respect of alcohol for consumption at a table meal, as defined in section 159 of the Act);	
	(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less;	
	(d) provision of free or discounted alcohol in relation to the viewing on the premises of a sporting event, where that provision is dependent on-	
	(i) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process, or	
	(ii) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring;	
	(e) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.	

(Commencement date 6 April 2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that no alcohol is dispensed directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of a disability).

Supply of tap water

On licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that free tap water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification (commencement 1st October 2010)

(1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the supply of alcohol.

(2) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person, as defined within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.

Drink Measurements (commencement 1st October 2010)

1. The responsible person, within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, shall ensure that:

a) Where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures:

i) beer or cider: half a pint

ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25ml or 35ml and

iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml and

b) customers are made aware of the availability of these measures

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority - 01/11/2011

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;

(c) The area outside the premise shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;

(d) The premises shall have a SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work - countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan no. 1409-1B

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LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 MINUTES - 4 FEBRUARY 2014

Present: Councillors P Jones (Chair), Skeats and Woodward.

17. MINUTES

The Minutes of the meetings of Licensing Applications Sub-Committee 2 held on 11 October 2013 and 15 November 2013 were confirmed as correct records and signed by the Chair.

18. APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OF A PREMISES LICENCE - PERFECT CHICKEN AND RIBS

The Director of Environment and Neighbourhood Services submitted a report on an application by Mr Mohammed Saleem for the grant of a Premises Licence in respect of Perfect Chicken and Ribs, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading.

The report stated that there was currently a premises licence in force on the premises, which was attached to the report at Appendix I. The application was to grant a Premises Licence to permit:

Provision of Late Night Refreshment (indoor and outdoor)

Monday to Sunday

2300 hours until 0500 hours

Hours the Premises are open to the Public

Monday to Sunday

0900 hours until 0530 hours

A copy of the application form was attached to the report at Appendix II.

Representations against the application had been received from Thames Valley Police, which was attached to the report at Appendix II, Reading Borough Council Licensing, which was attached to the report at Appendix IV and Reading Borough Council Environmental Protection, which was attached to the report at Appendix V. A plan showing the location of the premises (identified in black) and surrounding area was attached at Appendix VI.

It was reported at the meeting that the representation made by Reading Borough Council Environmental Protection had been withdrawn because the applicant had agreed to all the conditions attached to the existing licence being transferred to a new licence should one be granted.

The report stated that in considering representations received, the Licensing Authority had a duty to carry out its functions with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, as follows:

- The prevention of crime and disorder
- Public safety
- The prevention of public nuisance
- The protection of children from harm

The report set out paragraphs 8.5.1 to 8.5.3 and 8.6.6 of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy (October 2013), regarding the application of the Cumulative Impact

LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 MINUTES - 4 FEBRUARY 2014

Policy, which stated that the policy applied to all applications for premises licences and club premises certificates for material variations for premises within the Reading Central CIP area. Material variations included an increase to the hours, capacity and all other variations likely to add to cumulative impact in the Reading Central CIP area. The policy would only be applied where there had been relevant representations. Where there were no relevant representations, it was the duty of the licensing authority to grant the application subject to the conditions in the operating schedule and the mandatory conditions imposed by law. The policy took a different approach to different types of premises. In the case of applications for hybrid premises that would fall into more than one type, the predominant use would be taken for the purposes of the policy.

With regard to late night food outlets, applications for the sale of food primarily for takeaway up to midnight would be granted where it was demonstrated that they would not add to cumulative impact and that they will comply with the other provisions of this licensing policy. Late night food outlets were a major contributor to crime and disorder after midnight. Therefore the policy was to refuse applications involving such sales unless there were exceptional circumstances. Outlets would need to demonstrate that detailed measures proposed in the operating schedule would result in no increase in crime and disorder, satisfy the Council that granting the application would not contribute to cumulative impact and that there was compliance with the other provisions of this licensing policy.

Paragraph 11.7.1 of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy, regarding Late Night Refreshment, stated that concerns existed around problems of noise and nuisance, crime and disorder and anti-social behaviour related to late night opening. Therefore, operators of late night refreshment premises wishing to open beyond 11pm, would need to demonstrate clearly that nuisance, crime, disorder or antisocial behaviour will not result from their later operation.

The report also stated that the amended guidance issued under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 stated that in their role as a responsible authority, the police were an essential source of advice and information on the impact and potential impact of licensable activities, particularly on the crime and disorder objective. The police had a key role in managing the night-time economy and should have good working relationships with those operating in their local area. The police should be the licensing authority's main source of advice on matters relating to the promotion of the crime and disorder licensing objective, but may also be able to make relevant representations with regard to other licensing objectives if they had evidence to support such representations. The licensing authority should accept all reasonable and proportionate representations by the police unless the authority had evidence that to do so would not be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives. However, it remains incumbent on the police to ensure that their representations can withstand the scrutiny to which they would be subject at a hearing.

PC Simon Wheeler and Mr Mike King, Thames Valley Police, who had submitted a representation, were present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on the application.

Mr Jean Champeau, Reading Borough Council Licensing, who had submitted a representation, was present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on the application.

LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 MINUTES - 4 FEBRUARY 2014

The applicant, Mr Mohammed Saleem, was present at the meeting and addressed the Sub-Committee on the application. Mr Saleem was accompanied by his solicitor, Mr Sotiris Ylakoumi, and Mr Laurie Ridgwell, Operations Manager of Broad Street Mall, who was there to support Mr Saleem's application, both of whom addressed the Sub-Committee.

Resolved -

(1) That, in order to promote the four licensing objectives, and having regard to the oral and written representations made, the Secretary of State's guidance and the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy in respect of cumulative impact the Sub-Committee was satisfied that the presumption against granting the application had been rebutted because the applicants management of the premises over the past two years had led to only one incident, to the extent of the following being granted, on the condition that this licence only take effect once the premises' existing licence had been surrendered by the applicant:

Provision of Late Night Refreshment (indoor and outdoor)

Monday to Sunday

2300 hours until 0500 hours;

(2) That the premises be open to the public as follows:

Monday to Sunday

0900 hours until 0530 hours

- (3) That the following conditions, be attached to the licence:
 - (a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises has a digitally recorded CCTV camera system which shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;
 - (b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;
 - (c) The area outside the premises shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;
 - (d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisors on a Thursday, Friday and Saturday from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time and one SIA approved door supervisor at all other times when the premises is open past 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;
 - (e) The Premise Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

LICENSING APPLICATIONS SUB-COMMITTEE 1 MINUTES - 4 FEBRUARY 2014

- (i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;
- (ii) SIA registration number;
- (iii) Date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty countersigned by the duty manager;
- (iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of the occurrence;
- date and time the door supervisor finished work countersigned by the duty manager;
- (vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;
- (f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' jackets and have their SIA badges clearly displayed;
- (g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

(In accordance with Standing Order 38, Councillor Skeats requested that her vote against the resolution be recorded)

(The meeting started at 5.00 pm and finished at 8.15 pm)



LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LP1000874

Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts Reading RG1 2LN Telephone Number

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs

Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Tuesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Wednesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Thursday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Friday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Saturday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs

Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name: Mr Mohammed Saleem Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, RG1 2LN

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

.....

This Licence shall continue in force from 17/03/2014 unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 18 March 2014

Head of Environment & Neighbourhood Services

Annex 1

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

On	licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)
1	The responsible person shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

- 2 In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises in a manner which carries a significant risk of leading or contributing to crime and disorder, prejudice to public safety, public nuisance, or harm to children-
 - (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-
 - (i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
 - (ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);
 - (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic (other than any promotion or discount available to an individual in respect of alcohol for consumption at a table meal, as defined in section 159 of the Act);
 - (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less;
 - (d) provision of free or discounted alcohol in relation to the viewing on the premises of a sporting event, where that provision is dependent on-
 - (i) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process, or
 - (ii) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring;
 - (e) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.

(Commencement date 6 April 2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that no alcohol is dispensed directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of a disability).

Supply of tap water

On licence premises only (commencement date 6/4/2010)

The responsible person shall ensure that free tap water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification (commencement 1st October 2010)

(1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the supply of alcohol.

(2) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person, as defined within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and a holographic mark.

Drink Measurements (commencement 1st October 2010)

1. The responsible person, within the meaning of Section 153 (4) of the Licensing Act 2003, shall ensure that:

a) Where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures:

i) beer or cider: half a pint

ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25ml or 35ml and iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml and

b) customers are made aware of the availability of these measures

Annex 2

Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

N/A

Annex 3

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;

(c) The area outside the premise shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;

(d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time and one SIA approved door supervisor at all other times when the premises is open past 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time.

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work -

countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

Annex 4

<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan no. 1409-2b submitted November 2013



Submitting Officer		I THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Shoulder No/Name: PC 5787	WHEELER	Station: Reading	LPA: Reading
Incident References			
Premises Name/Location:	Perfect fried Cł	nicken, St Marys Butts, Reading	9
Incident Date:	18/01/2014	Incident Time:	0328 hours
Command & Control URN:		Crime Report(s):	
CCTV Seized?	Available from	BSM	
Sources of Information:	PC Wheeler via	a Echo Tango	

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Incident of disorder outside PFC leading to 3 x 09's, throughout the incident door supervisors could not be seen to attempt to prevent the fighting and made no meaningful contact or comms with ET throughout.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist (include good/poor performance)?

U/K however from CCTV images the Door Supervisors were not seen. If they were there they were not visible or identifiable and failed to prevent the disorder.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident.

3 x 09's for drunk and disorderly offences.

Passed to licensing Officer for attention to look at security provision at the shop including their standard of operation and suitability to provide the required level of security at this high risk premise.

Also for further enquiry into the trading hours of the takeaway in consideration of the licenising objectives relating to public safety and prevention of crime and disorder.

Name	dd more rows click into the Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc)
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Shoulder No/Name: P7347 N	IICHOLS	Station: READING	LPA: BERKS WEST
· 新作 课 24件/ 化			
Premises Name/Location:	PERFECT FRIED	CHICKEN, ST MARYS BUT	rs
Incident Date:	27/04/ 2014	Incident Time:	0400
Command & Control URN:	274 27/04/2014	Crime Report(s):	EA/444333/14
CCTV Seized?	YES		
Sources of Information:			

all states have been been set

THE AGGRIEVED WAS IN PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN WITH A GROUP OF FRIENDS WHEN HE WAS ENGAGED IN A CONVERSATION WITH 2 GIRLS ON A TABLE BEHIND THEM. THE GIRLS BECAME ABUSIVE TOWARDS THEM AND THE BOUNCER INSIDE THE SHOP HAS ASKED THEM TO STOP ENGAGING. THE TWO GIRLS LEFT AND THE GROUP OF 5 LEFT TO GO BACK TO THE HOTEL. AS THEY'VE GOT OUTSIDE 2 BLACK MALES AND AN ASIAN MALE APPROACHED THEM. THE AGGRIEVED WAS THEN PUNCHED IN THE FACE A FEW TIMES AND A SCUFFLE ENSUED. THE AGGRIEVED HAD A BROKEN NOSE AND A CUT ABOVE HIS EYE.

THE BOUNCER STATED THAT HE HAD ASKED THE GROUP TO STOP ENGAGING WITH THE GIRLS IN THE SHOP. HE ADVISED THEM THAT IF IT CARRIED ON HE WOULD ASK THEM TO LEAVE. WHEN ASKED BY THE AGGRIEVED IF HE KNEW THE OFFENDER HE REPLIED THAT IT WAS IRRELEVANT IF HE KNEW THEM BUT STATED TO US THAT HE DIDNT.

CCTV CHECKED FROM ECHO TANGO AND CCTV FROM PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IS BEING SEIZED. ONE OF THE OFFENDERS WAS SEEN TO BE WEARING A BE AT ONE T-SHIRT SO CHECKS TO BE MADE AT THAT LOCATION.

Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc.
The second s		AGGRIEVED	STATEMENT/SWABS	
		AGGRIEVED	STATEMENS/SWABS	
		WITNESS	NONE	
		WITNESS	NONE	

King Mike

From: Sent: To: Cc: Subject: Stuart James 13 July 2014 13:08 King Mike Stacey Keith Premier Stores

Mike, guv,

FYI

In reference to a disorder/2xGBH 43140122608at 04:50 on 13/7/14/1 attended Premier on St Mary's Butts but they said it wasn't working and hasn't been for a while. I am aware there are ongoing license issues there. I told them I would be reporting it to licensing because it is unacceptable for them to not have a functioning CCTV system with their opening hours... which I guess they have been told before?

When I get a chance, I'll stick this on a 5x5x5.

Kind Regards

5 6668

James Stuart | Detective Constable 6668 Force CID | Reading Police Station Int - 7516235 | Ext - 0118 9536139



ł



Shoulder No/Name: C8365 S	Steve Deane	Station: Wo	kingham	LPA: Wokingham
The Art Market and		THE REAL		10000
Premises Name/Location:	Perfect Chicken &	Ribs Shop - Si	. Mary's Butts	, Reading
Incident Date:	16/08/14	Incid	ent Time:	01.19
Command & Control URN:	122 of 16/08/14	Crim	e Report(s):	
CCTV Seized?				
Sources of Information:	URN Message			

Officer requesting more officers as persons are squaring up to each other One male in particular trying to pick fights.

Not known.

PC 424 Jones issued S27 Notice.

 Name
 Date of Birth
 Role
 Action Taken
 Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc)

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When complete, please forward to the Licensing Officer for the area (and anyone else as per local instructions)

GEN 40 (01/2013)

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Shoulder No/Name: 7754 HIC		Station: READING	LPA: READIN	
onorider reoridente. 1734 Hic	<i>.</i>	Station. READING		
	DEDEFOT COLE		UTTO DEADINO	
Premises Name/Location:	1.00	CHICKEN, ST MARY'S B	C	-
Incident Date:	29/12/14	Incldent Time:	03:15	
Command & Control URN:	N/K	Crime Report(s): 43140575033	
CCTV Seized?	YES	1		Ĩ
Sources of Information:	PC 7754 HICKS			
During this incident, two fema or food at PERFECT FRIED and perceived that the other fe	les became involve CHICKEN. This car	me about when one becam		
The first female (the face, by p		mment within ear-shot of t	he second female, (. Then struck
The extent of the premises su				
of the incident. ALI stated that				
CENTRA DESCRIPTION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	A Report of the State			
was arrested at the tim	e for assault by th	e OIC, however the aggrie		stated that she did not
want to make a statement of o				
used a racial slur and then put		avated public order and as	sault - 🚛. stated	that had
		. .	- LI	
However, CCTV shows		aggressor physically - prol	Dadly as a result o	ot the racial slur which
The rate diant-parties				
Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No.
		···· · ······	rested	(e.g. Custody, PND etc)
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LICENSED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

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Shoulder No/Name: P0688		Station: EA	LPA: READIN	1G
A WELLEY A STATE OF SEC.	AUCTUR			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Premises Name/Location:	PERFECT CHIC	KEN		
Incident Date:	28/02/15	Incident Tir	ne: 03:10 ONWAF	RDS
Command & Control URN:		Crime Repo	ort(s):	
CCTV Seized?	YES			
Sources of Information:	STATEMENTS I	ROM OFFICERS DEAL	ING WITH DISORDEF	۲.
and the contrary with a	The second		n	
DURING OPERATION NIC DELEVELPOING ORIGINATI PERFECT CHICKEN, ST MAI	GHTSAFE FROM NG FROM THE IN			
A ALL OF ALL TOUR			R & THE ARGENTIAL PROPERTY	
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			December 1997	n Anuna isi nasi
ARREST OF THE SUSPEC RESPONSE TO LATER DA DISPERSAL OTHER OFFICE	T BELOW AND	HAS BEEN BAILED A BATON LINE AR	OUND THE LOCATIO	RESTS THE POLICE
			-	
		finan a marana ana 2005 ang ka	and the second data was a second data w	Ref No.
Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	(e.g. Custody, PND etc)
	Constanting of the second seco	SUSPECT	ARREST / BAIL	· · · · · ·



LICENSED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

houlder No/Name: P441	7 WRAY	Station: READING	LPA: BW	
ALL ALL MALE STRAT				
Premises Name/Location	PERFECT FRIED	CHICKEN, ST MARY'S BU	TTS, READING	
ncident Date:	28/02/15	Incident Time:	From 03:30 hou	rs
Command & Control UR	N: 764 - 27/02/15	Crime Report(s):	None by officer arrests made by	reporting but servera other officers.
CTV Seized?	Not by 4417			
ources of information:				
1 And And	W. M. S. J. W.			10 - 10 19 1 - 10
While crewed with P5693 mmediaetly outside of PF	, a number of scuffles C and the Newsagents	between various groups of nextdoor	intoxicated people	broke out in the are
vere forced to increase the vas to close both busines	heir presence as there uses (authorised by sup	congragating outside of the were too many persons pre- pervisors) and most of the of a people start to disperse.	sent and the only h	
		the calles station como ar	ouns returned to t	he area and doorst
constant more fighting 0	fficers were forced to t	eturn and formed lines (agai	I WILLI DALOUS ULAW	
reported more fighting. O partles away (this time the	fficers were forced to read to read to read to read to read up to the	eturn and formed lines (again b junction with BROAD STRE	ET where the line	was held.
reported more fighting. O parties away (this time the parties away (the parties away (the parties away (the parties away (the parties away (the parties away (the parties away (the part	fficers were forced to reave were forced up to the	eturn and formed lines (again b junction with BROAD STRE	ET where the line	was held.
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reported more fighting. O parties away (this time the Doorstaff initially informe close, were fully co-opera As stated above, large m to deal with the inclents. Supervisor made the dec area which was contribut Supervisors from Team reporting) made the arres	fficers were forced to reavere forced up to the ay were forced up to the d officer that there we tive with requirements umber of officers were dision to close both very ing to the disorder. 4 will be the main posts. I have been asked	eturn and formed lines (again b junction with BROAD STRE re no issues inside the ven and assisted in doing so. needed to be deployed which ues in order to prevent mem int of contact for further de to provide details as on of th	ET where the line and upon being the and upon being the was carried out bers of the public fine tails as their office	y in order to more a was held.
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Shoulder No/Name: PC6847	Vince MOORE	Station: EA	LPA: EA	- 460000 ND
Premises Name/Location:	PFC, ST MARY	SBUTTS		
Incident Date:	09.08.2015	Incident Ti	me: 02:35	
Command & Control URN:	N/A	Crime Rep		6
CCTV Seized?	yes			
Sources of Information:	PC6847			
t on the second second second				
Whilst on routine patrol on assaults. Both aggds left befo decision was to charge public	ore we could spea			
1				
Staff completely missed what		le de la companya de Nery quick to provide qu	allty CCTV on disc.	the market of the second se
AN IN THE ALL OF	E THE R. H.	al managers . Mar and the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	os havo recent
Sus arrested.			and there is not the	
Land and a set of	and the second state	E a data was a first of	and the second se	A DOLLAR STOLEN
Name	Date of Birth	°ne∰	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc)

RESTRICTED (when complete)

MG11

Witness Statement

Page 1 of 1

Criminal Procedure Rules, r 27. 2; Criminal Justice Act 1967, s. 9; Magistrates' Courts Act 1980,

	URN:	43	SW		15
Statement of: Vince MOORE Age if under 18 (If over insert "over 18"): Over 18	Occupation:	POLICE	ECONS	TABLE 684	7
This statement (consisting of1 Pages(s) each signed t knowing that, if it is tendered in evidence, I shall be liable to pro false, or do not believe to be true.	by me) is true to the best of m secution if I have wilfully stat	y knowled ed in it, ar	lge and t	belief and I m thich I know to	ake it o be
Signature: Vince MOORE 6847	Date	: Sun	day 9 th	August 201	15
I am PC 6847 MOORE of Thames Valley Police at police station. On Sunday 9 th August 2015, I was of crewed with PC 7244 DOREY. At about 02:45 hou Reading town centre on Operation Night Safe, the was stood on the pavement about 10 meters from CHICKEN shop front door when I observed a male upon another male. I immediately alerted PC DOF approached I observed the male do exactly the sa a hold of the male that had thrown both punches to towards the exit and away from the other males we assistance of PC DOREY towards the exit, and as be Mr more the made no reply. Once outside I inst Initially refused and locked his arms down taking to the floor, however I felt that we he force in order to move his arms together to allow him to the floor would be more likely to cause inju- my handcuffs on more likely to cause inju- my handcuffs on more likely to cause inju- my handcuffs and then double lock them. Was passing Panda car where his detention was auth Reading I collected the CCTV from the shop whit TV2731106L – CCTV from Perfect Chicken whice under the reference EA6829/15 using seal G490	on duty in uniform under ars I was stood on foot p weekend night time ec- and directly in line with a inside the fast food sh REY and I began to run are to another male. Up by placing my hands on the had been hit. I then is we were walking I said ander arrest on suspicio structed Control of C and sufficient control of C safe placement of the h any to either Control of C and a little force to move acond arm. We then allow to be the thing that was C calmed down and we is then transported to Lo orised by the custody S ch I now produce as my h was then booked into	the call atrol in onomy of the PEF op swine towards oon my a his upp began to his upp began to to the r n of ass his har t this po his righ wed DORE his righ wed causing e were a oddon V ergeant police of Readin	sign E. ST MAI operation RFECT g and la the sho arrival in er arms o walk to male will ault" arm o walk to male will ault" arm o walk to male will ault" arm o simple s, believ f or mys t wrist to able to r falley cu t. On mys exhibit " g crime	A321 and RYS BUTT on. At this till FRIED and a punch op. As I in the shop is and turning the male with the male w	S in me I h I took ig him ith the now to ed ck. king place left

Signature: Vince MOORE 6847

Signature Witnessed by: N/A

RESTRICTED (when complete)



A ADD THE WHAT						
Shoulder No/Name: P7657 A	YLETT	Station: EA	LPA: Reading			
There and the second		1988 - 1988	de de la companya	1 · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Premises Name/Location:	Perfect Fried C	chicken, St Mary's Butts, Readin	g			
Incident Date:	15/10/2016	Incident Time:	0535			
Command & Control URN:	N/A	Crime Report(s):	43160287962			
CCTV Seized?	Unknown					
Sources of Information:	Witnessed by I	Witnessed by Police Officer P7385 VARNDELL				

There was a group of males that had been hanging around Perfect Fried Chicken and this group had purchased food from the venue. This group was seen with food from PFC by PS LOND and were outside for sometime. Whilst the group were haging around outside, one of these males got involved in an altercation where a victim was assaulted with ABH level injuries.

This occurred away from the premises but the premises was still open which caused groups of people to hang around outside in the street. This is now becoming a regular issue and a flashpoint for violence.

Suspect was arrested on scene and taken to the police station. The victim supported a complaint and the suspect has been charged to court.

Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc
PS Lond		Police SGT	Witness	
PC VARNDELL		Police Officer	OIC	
	California.	Offender	Arrested and charged	
	and the second s	Victim	MG11	



LICENSED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Shadian anez-				
houlder No/Name: PC 677	6 Balmforth	Station: Reading	LPA: Readi	ng
national References		an a		
Premises Name/Location:	PFC, St Marys B	utts, Reading		
ncident Date:	25/12/16	Incident T	ime: 03:00	
Command & Control URN:	207	Crime Rep	oort(s): n/a	
CTV Seized?	No			
ources of Information:	Officer knowledg	je		
No response from premise, o groups to congregate and ca	could not identify an			
Palic Response what an arge officer presence, nea discourage violence and end and dispersed.	arly a whole respo	and then groups follow	V unit. Line of officer	he incluent. Is near to the groups neidents. Groups gave
Persons Involuent - reader	note mult clock rate	the first perior the m		
Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND et
		Present	Monitored	
				1

Wheeler Simon

From: Sent: To: Subject: Smyth Declan 30 April 2018 15:50 CCTV

Dear Kamal,

Thank you for your time on Friday 27th April. Following on from my visit. I have noted that the CCTV system for both the Premier Shop and The Perfect Chicken & Ribs take away restaurant is now in working order and is recording for 31 days. However I do feel that the coverage and picture quality is not adequate and needs urgent updating. As per our conversation I am in agreement that you will clean all camera lenses to improve picture quality and install another 2 cameras for external coverage and 1 camera to the entrance to the Perfect chicken & Ribs shop so as to improve coverage and aid in the prevention of crime and disorder. As per agreement you have 28 days (25th May 2018) to make the improvement and invite me back to view.

Going forward can you please insure that the CCTV system is checked regularly to avoid any further action.

Kind Regards

Declan Smyth

Declan Smyth C2107 Licensing Officer (Reading) Police Station, Castle St, Reading RG1 7TH.

Telephone (Int) 351 6353, (Ext Email:

NOT RESTRICTED





Submitting Office	er			100 March 1	New York Street Street	1
Shoulder No/Name:	PC 3803	ALDERSON	Station	: READING	LPA: READING	
Incident Referen	Ces					
Premises Name/	Location:	PERFECT CHI	CKEN AND	RIBS, READING		
Incident Date:		21/06/19		Incident Time:	01.45hrs	
Command & Cor	ntrol URN:	80		Crime Report(s):	43190186781	
CCTV Seized?		YES				
Sources of Inform	mation:	Officer passing				

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Officers were driving past and saw 2 nmales fighting. On investigation an argument has occurred inside perfect chicken and ribs between the pair. Door staff have tried to sperate them but one of the males has then headbutted the other male.

1 male arrested for ABH.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist (include good/poor performance)?

They tried to sperate the pair. They then forced them outside when they started fighting. They were trying to sperate the pair when officers drove past them.

the door staff were very supportive and assited officers were they could.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident.

1 male arrested. Statements and cctv seized. Male was charged with assault.

Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc
		victim		
		suspect	arrested	custody
		door staff		
		witness		



Submitting Officer		我们不会能找你 的现在分词	and the second s		
Shoulder No/Name: P2204 B	LACK	Station: READING	LPA: READING		
Incident References					
Premises Name/Location:	PERFECT FRIED	CHICKEN, ST MARY'S BUT	TS, READING, RG1 2LN		
Incident Date:	06/10/2019	Incident Time:	04:26		
Command & Control URN:	23006102019	Crime Report(s):	43190309125		
CCTV Seized?	No - Attempts to a CCTV ongoing.	seize			
Sources of Information:	Attending officer at incident. Large gathering of people and victims all stated assault had happened outside Perfect Fried Chicken.				

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Assault. Male punched and kicked by a group of unknown males outside Perfect Fried Chicken in Reading. A second male was also assaulted in the same incident (43190309127).

A group of four young males were getting food from Perfect Fried Chicken after a night out

The aggreived in this incident was inside the shop when he was told by his friend that another person in their group was being assaulted outside. The aggreived then went outside to help his friend and was hit by someone who he did not know and was unable to identify. The aggreived sustained cuts, swelling and bruising to his face.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist (include good/poor performance)?

Police arrived after the assault had occurred. No staff were outside the premesis and they did not come outside when the police attended. The wellbeing of the victims was prioritised as there was a large crowd gathered outside Perfect Fried Chicken. As no staff were outside the premesis or near the entrance, witness details were taken from a member of the public who had seen the incident instead. The victim's were then taken to the police station.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident.

Officers at the incident were myself (P2204) and PC Wallace 1246. We spoke to the group of four males, two of whom had been assaulted, and sat them in the police car as it was raining. Members of the public outside Perfect Fried Chicken were asked if they had seen anything. One female stated she had seen the assault as she was leaving a pub on the other side of the road. This female's details were taken and then the group of four males was taken to the police station and spoken to. The aggreived declined an ambulance or medical attention and all four males wanted to make their own way home. At the time the aggreived did not wish to make a formal complaint. The aggreived was called the next day. He stated that he was fine and still had swelling to his face.

Officers attempted to get CCTV of the incident from the Premier Express shop next to Perfect Fried Chicken, the manager was not in to give access to the CCTV. Additional attempts will be made to access this footage.

Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e g. Custody, PND etc
		Aggrieved	Spoken to and injuries checked	
	-	Aggrieved in related occurrence	Spoken to and injuries checked	
		Witness - Friend of aggrieved		
		Witness to assault	Details taken	

GEN 40 (01/2013)

Occurrence enquiry log report

Version 7b90cb5b9f7372f801c9c92d287c3be5c318b78d (2018/09/08)

Thames Valley	/ Police						
Occurrence:		HED AND KICI		8N] @06/10/2019 0 UP OF UNKNOWN			
Task status:	All						
Log type:	All						
Valid as of 15/01/20 Printed by #P5787 \							
#	Туре	Entry time	Event time	Author	Link	Task	
1	Inspector review	06/10/2019 07.19		#P1246 WALLACE, S	No		
Log entry:	he has been assaulte unknown person: The	ed by an unknown mail ey cannot give any des	e His friend has scriptions of the susp	'S BUTTS, READING after a come out to see what is go pects except that they are IC pects or capture any of the i	ing on when he h 3 They have the	agg'd has gone outside where has then been assaulted by an en run off prior to police	
	neither of the aggriev	es want to make a co	mplaint				
				to the face. They have decl an IC3 male but could give			
2	Victim/witness contact	06/10/2019 22 47		#P1246 WALLACE, S.	No		
Log entry:	CHECK THE CCTV	E SPOKEN TO THE AGG'D AND HE IS AIO. HE HAS SLIGHT SWELLING TO HIS FACE. I HAVE INFORMED HIM THAT I WIL IK THE CCTV TO SEE IF THIS INCIDENT IS CAPTURED AND IF ANY OFFENDERS CAN BE IDENTIFIED. I SHALL MAKE ACT WITH HIM ONCE THIS HAS BEEN DONE.					
3	Sergeant review	07/10/2019 00 06	LEITBOIL	#P5297 PHILLIPS, D	No		
Log entry:	Enquiries to obtain e investigation The vio	circumstances of this in vidence in order to ide ctim has been contacted rend on CCTV enquire	entify the offender are ed to confirm the leve	e ongoing. An investigation ; el of injury sustained.	plan is ın place a	nd the OIC is progressing the	
4 Log entry.	Investigator action	23/10/2019 22 22		#P2204 BLACK, N.	No		
Log only.	06/10/2019. The CC	Premier Express shop TV only shows that the CTV which would have	ere was a large crow	ure the assault as there was rd of people outside of Perfe nt.	very heavy rain ect Fried Chicken	in the early hours of between 04,00 and 05,00.	
	The witnesses were that she saw someo	unable to give a descine being assaulted) T	ription of those involu- he aggrieved could	ved (1946) the was on the not give a description of the	other side of the person who ass	e road and was only able to say aulted him.	
			can be pursued. Th	e aggrieved has been upda	ted to this effect.		
5	This occurrence can Sergeant review	13/11/2019 16·23		#P5292 MATHIESON, A.	No		
Log entry:	Outcomes 11- 21 (s	eneral filing)					
	Offence summary: T led to an identification Outcome requested	on. As such, this matte	ult where the offend r is now suitable for	ers make off prior to Police filing	involvement and	subsequent enquiries have not	
	18 (No suspect) - cr	ime confirmed but no r	named suspect has	been identified			
	Filing requested: All tasks completed Appropriate force ci All relevant persons Dom 5 scanned ont Correct OIC attached	equesting outcome is if yes, please compl and closed (except ou ass qualifier applied in added to involved tab o occurrence (where r id to police tab	ete below stcome request): 222 finalisation elevant):	2			



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Submitting Officer			
Shoulder No:	P1831	Name:	ABIGAIL CARVER
Station:	READING	LPA:	READING

Incident References			
Premises Name:	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN AND RIBS	Location:	ST MARY'S BUTTS, READING
Incident Date:	01/12/19	Incident Time:	0400
Command & Control URN:	270 01/12/2019	Crime Report(s):	43190374839
CCTV Seized:	UNKNOWN		
Sources of Information:			

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Victim has been assaulted on ST MARY'S BUTTS and was stabbed by another male twice in the neck and behind the ear. Location described as being "OUTSIDE THE CHICKEN SHOP NEXT TO BURGER KING". Unknown whether the victim or suspect were in the Chicken Shop at any point. Investigation is in hand with Force at this time. On Google, the chicken shop is shown to close at 23:55 on Saturday nights.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist? (include good/poor performance)

Unknown if they were involved at all as incident occurred outside on the path.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident

Police were only made aware of the incident by the RBH after the victim presented at the RBH after the incident occurred- he was driven there by his sister's friend. By the time police were made aware and debriefed victim, CCTV operators were off duty and Chicken Shop was definitely closed by that time. Investigation handed over to Force.

Attending officers were PC 1831 CARVER and SC 9654 DERWIN.



Submitting Officer	All and the state			allow the second second
Shoulder No/Name: P6101 H	oldstock	Station:	EA	LPA: Reading
Incident References		T Dis 123		
Premises Name/Location:	Favourite Pizz and Chicken			
Incident Date:	08/12/2019		Incident Time:	04:00
Command & Control URN:	0303 08122019		Crime Report(s):	43190382956
CCTV Seized?				
Sources of Information:				

Nature of incident -- what happened?

A vehicle was on St Marys Butts where it has driven at people and hit them. Males then got out and attacked members of the public.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist (include good/poor performance)?

No interaction with the premise.

Mainly, factor which involved premise is that they're open late which attracts crowds of people after clubs shut which then causes mass disorder to take place.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident.

3 arrested.

Lots of officers, P2330 Crane, P6101 Holdstock, P1814 Offord, P7693 Lake

Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No. (e.g. Custody, PND etc)
		Suspect	Arrested	
		Suspect	Arrested	
		Suspect	Arrested	
		Suspect	Wanted	



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Submitting Officer			
Shoulder No:	P6247	Name:	Matt NAPPER
Station:	READING	LPA:	READING

Incident References			
Premises Name:	FAVOURITE CHICKEN	Location:	ST MARYS BUTTS
Incident Date:	14/12/19	Incident Time:	03:55
Command & Control URN:	232 14/12	Crime Report(s):	N/A
CCTV Seized:	No		•
Sources of Information:	OFFICERS ON SCENE		

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Large crowd gathered outside Favourite Chicken shop on St Marys Butts from 03:00 onwards, 4 males seen to go into doorway next to shop and exchanged items. All four were detained for drugs search, white powder found on one male, personal amount and VI to take place.

In this crowd, several persons were arguing, squaring up to each other and police intervened several times to move crowd on. Section 34 dispersal order issued at 03:55 for 24 hours.

No arrests made,

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist? (include good/poor performance)

Manager of Favourite Chicken, Kamal SALEEM, approached myself and offered to close early if the shop was an issue. SALEEM passed me his mobile number.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident

Stop Searches completed Section 34 authorised for 24h.



Request to external organisation for the disclosure of personal data to the Police

Under Schedule 2 Part 1 Paragraph 2 of the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR Article 6(1)(d)

То:	Manager
Position (where known):	Designated Premises supervisor &/or Premises Licence Holder
Organisation:	Favourite Chicken & Pizza
Address:	St Marys Butt, Reading

I am making enquiries which are concerned with:

The prevention or detection of crime*

 $\overline{}$ The prosecution or apprehension of offenders*

 \square Protecting the vital interests of a person*

I confirm that the personal data requested below is needed for the purposes indicated above and a failure to provide that information will be likely to prejudice those matters.

~

I confirm that the individual(s) whose personal data is sought should not be informed of this request as to do so would be likely to prejudice the matters described above.

*Check mark as is appropriate

Information required:

All CCTV footage from within the entire licensable area between the hours of 0300 and 0430 on the 14th December 2019.

All CCTV footage from within the entire licensable area between the hours of 0300 and 0430 on the 8th December 2019.

All CCTV footage from within the entire licensable area between the hours of 0300 and 0430 on the 1st December 2019.

This information is required in relation to several investigations that are on going relating to victims & suspects of criminal investigations (namely assaults) that have attended your premise shortly to being involved in a crime related incident.

Please ensure that you take immediate steps to both secure and then produce copies of this evidence for the police investigation and contact the investigating officer via email to confirm that this has been actioned.

Furthermore Thames Valley Police are requesting any further written documentation that is held by you which proves your due diligence in relation to the four licensing objectives.

Police Reference:

43190374839, URN232 of 14/12/19 and 43190382956

From:

Rank/Number/Name:

PC 6930 Jones

Station:

Reading

Date/Time:

17:30 hours on 19/12/2019

Telephone Number(s):

07800 702586

Email address:

jason.jones@thamesvalley.pnn.police.uk

Signature*:

Counter Signature:*

Rank/Number/Name:

*as required by recipient

Please see Guidance Notes on following page

AS OF 12/01/2020 THU FOOTRAE HAI NOT ALEN PRODUCED DUE TO SYSTEM FAILURE AT THE PREMISES.

OFFICIAL (WHEN COMPLETE)

Explanatory Note

This form replaces the Section 29(3) Form which has become redundant by virtue of new data protection legislation. It is used by the police as a means of making a formal request to other organisations for personal data where disclosure is necessary for the purposes of the prevention or detection of crime or the apprehension or prosecution of offenders. It places no compulsion on the recipient to disclose the information, but should provide necessary reassurance that a disclosure for these purposes is appropriate and in compliance with the Data Protection Act 2018 and the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR).

Crime and Taxation - The GDPR regulates the processing of personal data where it is done so for non-Law Enforcement purposes. Article 23 of the GDPR permitted the UK Parliament to create, via legislation, exemptions from particular elements within the GDPR which would otherwise compromise the public interest.

Consequently Parliament used the Data Protection Act 2018 to set out exemptions from the GDPR which apply in some circumstances. They mean that some of the data protection principles and subject rights within the GDPR do not apply at all or are restricted when personal data is used or disclosed for particular purposes.

The most relevant exemption for Law Enforcement is that within the Data Protection Act 2018 at Schedule 2 Part 1 Paragraph 2 (Crime & taxation: general). This applies where personal data is disclosed by an organisation subject to the GDPR to the police for the purposes of *the prevention or detection of crime* or *the apprehension or prosecution of offenders*.

It restricts the application of the GDPR data protection principles and subject rights (as listed in the Data Protection Act 2018 at Schedule 2 Part 1 Paragraph 1) to the extent that the application of those provisions would be likely to prejudice *the prevention or detection of crime* or *the apprehension or prosecution of offenders*.

In effect the exemption means that an organisation can provide personal data to the police where necessary for the prevention or detection of crime or the apprehension or prosecution of offenders without fear of breaching the GDPR or Data Protection Act 2018.

Vital Interests – GDPR Article 6(1)(d) provides a lawful basis for organisations to disclose personal data to the police where the disclosure *is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.*

Further guidance on the use of this form may be obtained from the force Data Protection Officer.

Completion Guidance

Police officers or staff completing this form should type and tab between the fields on the form. The information required field should provide the recipient with sufficient information to allow them to locate the information sought. Where a signature and/or counter signature are required the form will need to be printed off and signed manually. Some organisations may require a counter signature to be added to the form. Normally this should be the supervisor or line manager of the person completing the form, but may be a higher rank if reasonably required by the recipient.



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Submitting Officer			
Shoulder No:	P7104	Name:	AMMUNDSEN
Station:	READING	LPA:	READING

Incident References				
Premises Name:		Location:	ST MARYS BUTTS	
Incident Date:	20/12/2019	Incident Time:	2330 04440	
Command & Control URN:	267 21/12/2019	Crime Report(s):	43190397947	
CCTV Seized:	NO			
Sources of Information:	ATTENDING OFFICERS AND DOORSTAFF			

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Altercation between two groups causing officers to intervene. Officers who were already present at the scene called up for assistance as the crowd were becoming aggressive. TASER deployed by officers and one male arrested for drunk and disorderly. It is noted that the crowd were outside the PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN shop, but it is not known whether the crowd had come from here or any other premises

The police were assisted by security from the security lt was noted that the conflict management skills of the security were detrimental to the situation as bouncers would antagonise people with Police officers then having to deal with them.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist? (include good/poor performance)

PFC security were noted for helping officers control the situation and separating the parties were noted for not assisting.

A bouncer from the second was in the crowd after police arrived and officers noted his conflict management was detrimental to the situation. This included insisting on an explanation from the TASER officer why the suspect had been tasered while the situation was ongoing.

Throughout the night it was noted by officers that the security of incidents that could have been dealt with themselves.

were requesting officers for

Please can feedback be given to the security at situations.

for better awareness when dealing with conflict

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Officers attended and arrested the female for D & D and assaulting police.

PC 2500 MORRIS PC 4798 GREAVES-HURD PC 1035 PACKMAN PC 176 HONEY



PREMISES - RECORD OF INSPECTION DATED:



Licensing Dept Reading Police Station Castle Street, RG1 7TH

Tel: 101

Tel: 01189 37 37 62 licensing@reading.gov.uk

Licence No: LP100087	4			
	Matteet Linthen 2 kits			
Address: 10 ST MARIN	I RUTTS			
READING, RAI	ZLN			
Type: Premises Licence Ck				
Licence Inspection				
Summary on Display: 🗖 Yes 🛛 No	Correct Part A/Conditions held at Premises: Yes No			
	DPS. NIA.			
DPS as per Licence: Yes Ap	DPS Present? Yes No			
If No, Reason:	Authorised Person:			
Licensable Activities (Carried On)				
Regulated Entertainment:	Plays Films Indeer Sporting Events Bexing/Wrestling Live Music Recorded Music Performance of Dance Anything Similar			
	Are there any gaming machines? If so, how many?6 Gaming permit produced and correct?6			
Late Night Refreshment: Yes INO	Sale/Supply of Alcohol: Set Yes And Location: On Off Both			
Does the Licence/Certificate permit activities c	arried on? 27 es INO			
Conditions of Licence/Certificate				
A' CULLARY LOTO IS N.	11 LUNASPINTELY AN HI-HUSLES SYSTEM			
1 :310 E S.				
G) NO INC. DW 7 LOUPL A	h. Arcantines			
Summary of Key Points Discussed				
	17 AVACADERES - MUST DE AVACADE.			
DUE DILLIGENCE - NO TR	HUNG ALLORD ANTONNE TO BE SEEN.			
- CONCERNS, ADWARD HAN	M OP TILTDING + MANATENENT OF			
Document Checklist				
□ Age policy operated <u>→ ∫A</u> . □ Sectio	n 57			
Awareness of the Licensing Objectives by Lic	ence Holder/DP & A - Good B - Fair C - Bad (Circle Appropriate)			
Inspection Outcome:	satisfactory			
Lead Authority Inspecting Officer(s)	PC 5787 DHEELER.			
Signature of licensee or representative(s)				
Date of Inspection	: 06/13/2019 97/10/2019 + 24/12/2019			
	Time Started Time Ended:			
1492813356.				

THAMES VALLEY oadi P **Borough Council** CF Working better with you

CONTINUATION SHEET OF ISSUES DISCUSSED:

6 74 218 4 (4) CCTV 13, Servis 1 2 x 1215-25 7611 200 Lamon 14 1 HIN MACHE DIS Sig instance water 1. golas y nem le 13 14 There anove 2.2 1 investida And Laniss NOGNI GOER 1. a a la 12 - mariali Durch 1 Stavia E A CUSCRI Remarkin 1 Paras the Billy Sate and Supported " EINE WAR AND WEU UNE FRAMPUL as 1. 1 1 12 SON I 1 2 10 INSPECTING OFFICER: PL STAT LITERELETA \leq SIGNATURE OF LICENSEE/REPRESENTATIVE: DATE OF INSPECTION:



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Submitting Officer			
Shoulder No:	P5787	Name:	Wheeler
Station:	Reading	LPA:	Reading

Incident References					
Premises Name:	Perfect Chicken & Ribs aka Favourite Chicken	Location:	10 St Marys Butts		
Incident Date:	23 & 24 Dec 2019	Incident Time:	Visits over two days		
Command & Control URN:	N/A Crime Report(s): N/A				
CCTV Seized:	BWV of inspections available				
Sources of Information:	PC 5787 Wheeler, PC 6930 Jones, Declan Smyth				

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Thames Valley Police licensing inspection with regards to Perfect Chicken & Ribs

An initial attempt was made to complete an inspection of the premises licence on 23/12/2019 however the person in charge of the restaurant was unable to answer any questions in relation to the late night refreshment licence. Very basic questions were asked and details completed where possible.

A second inspection was carried out on the 24/12/2019 with the son of the premises licence holder Kamal Saleem who stated that he runs the business jointly with his Father.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist? (include good	d/poor performance)
Perfect Chicken & Ribs – Inspection completed on 23/12/2019 between 1005 and 103	0. Fully captured on BWV
 Staff were unable to assist with the majority of the questions asked as they state evening and knew nothing about the LNR licence and had received no input or to CCTV couldn't be checked. 	d they did not work in the raining in relation to this.
 On the second visit the following day it was confirmed that the CCTV system has the CCTV requested by PC Jones on 19th December 2019 has been unable to b condition A 	s technical issues and all be produced. – Breach of
 An incident book was not available. – Breach of condition G 	
 The door book when viewed was generally poorly completed and suggested the with Premier/Iguana. 	premises was sharing staf
 No evidence of training was produced, however there was an entry within the do December 2019 suggesting staff may have been provided a verbal refresher on objectives. 	
 At the time it was discovered that the door book from Premier/Iguana was also b No fire risk assessment was available. 	being held at this premises.
 Fire extinguishers were checked and appeared in date. 	
Inspection completed on 24/12/2019 with Kamal Saleem between 1234 and 1300. Capt	ured on BWV
 Concerns re safety lighting above fire exit (red light displayed) may be in order to confirmed faulty CCTV drive (12:38:14) 	out unsure.

- Confirmed faulty CCTV drive. (12:38:14)
- Questions asked about who runs the business and KS indicated that both he and the Premises licence holder (his father) both had inputs into the business, so therefore he was I a position to answer our questions. (12:41)



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

- KS stated that written training was not at the premises, but kept at his home address. (12:46)
- KS stated to us that even though the Broad Street Mall managers had stated that the fire risk assessment should be provided by the premises licence holder, that they wouldn't let the premises open if it didn't have one. (12:47:20)

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident

The following issues were identified.

- Concerns surrounding the security provision at the premises and sharing of staff with Premier/Iguana.
- Lack of clarity and detail within the door book.
- Lack of fire risk assessment.
- CCTV of poor quality and failure of the system to provide requested footage Breach of Condition A
- Lack of incident book Breach of condition G
- General failure of the Premises Licence Holder to ensure due diligence
- Serious concerns regarding the management of the area and vicinity outside of the premises during LNR hours, and levels of crime and disorder.
- Recommend review of the premises licence in order to promote the licensing objectives.

POLICE

LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Kamal Saleem Manager on behalf of PLH			NOR	(e.g. Custody, PND etc)	(specify number 0 to 6)
	amal Saleem		Manager on behalf of PLH		
		111 III 111111			

LEVELS OF INTOXICATION

Level	Description	Observations
0	SOBRIETY	Has had less than one drink in an hour
-	EUPHORIA	Difficulty concentrating. Talkative. Lowered inhibitions.
N	EXCITEMENT	Senses are dulled. Poor coordination. Drowsy
0	CONFUSION	Exaggerated emotions. Difficulty walking. Blurred vision
4	STUPOR	Cannot stand or walk. Vomiting
ß	COMA	Unconscious. Low body temperature
0	DEATH	Death as a result of respiratory arrest

When complete, please forward to the Licensing Officer for the area (and anyone else as per local instructions) •

This form is used in licensing meetings/hearings and therefore is a disclosable document.

Your opinion matters so please write in a professional manner.



Submitting Officer	与说:则:新闻的 1000		
Shoulder No/Name: PC 6036	Perkins	Station: Reading	LPA: EA
Incident References			
Premises Name/Location:	FPC (Favourite F	^D izza and Chicken)	
Incident Date:	\$ 27.12.2019	Incident Time:	@ 345
Command & Control URN:	140 27122019	Crime Report(s):	
CCTV Seized?	No		
Sources of Information:			

Nature of Incident - what happened?

Officers have been requested to attend Favourite Chicken and Pizza, St Mary's Butts, Reading after a member of the pubic was reporting that they had been punched by another male. There was a large group gathering outside Favourtie Chicken and Pizza, multiple vehciles turning up and meeting up outside of the store. They did not necessarily want to buy food from the shop, it was more a case of they were meeting up outside as it is the only shop open.

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist (include good/poor performance)?

The security was not outside of the shop by the door, he was behind the counter talking with other staff members. They did not appear whatsoever to be engaging with members of the public outside or have any knowledge of what was happening. The general behaviour that was being displayed inside the shop and outside should have been challenged by security and should not have been happening (food being thrown randomly, fighting).

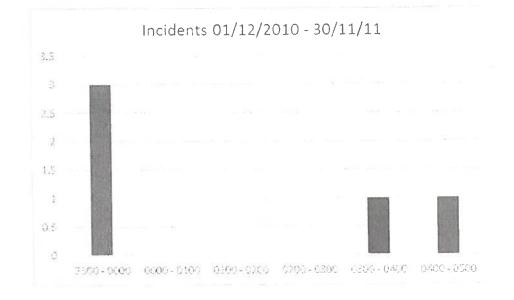
Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident.

Officers attended and spoke with the original caller, he stated that he did not want any police involvement, he was very intoxicated and was not making much sense. Officers waiting around for the crowd to calm down and leave, whilst officers were stood there there was continuously cars and people turning up just to have meet. The amount of people and the disturbance which they were causing could have a potential for more disorder. This is a continuous problem on the LPA and only advice can be given to FPC to close the shop early to prevent disorder however they usually do not listen. They do not appear to be helping with any of the anti-social behaviour which occurrs at the shop.

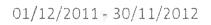
Persons Involved - to a Name	Date of Birth	Role	Action Taken	Ref No.
Nume	Date of Dirti	Noie	Action Taken	(e.g. Custody, PND etc)

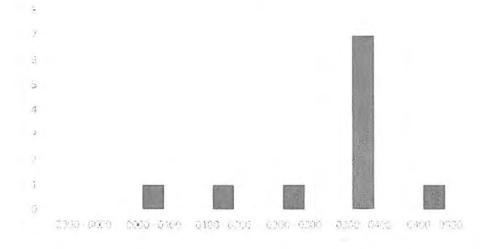
When complete, please forward to the Licensing Officer for the area (and anyone else as per local instructions)

Perfect Chicken & Ribs for	nce Numbered calls relating to a period between 01/12/2010 and issues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	3
0000 - 0100	0
0100 - 0200	0
0200 - 0300	0
0300 - 0400	1
0400 - 0500	1
Total Incidents	5

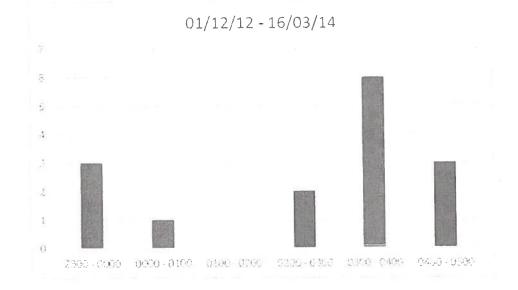


Perfect Chicken & Ribs for a	ce Numbered calls relating to period between 01/12/2011 and ssues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	0
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	1
0200 - 0300	1
0300 - 0400	7
0400 - 0500	1
Total Incidents	11

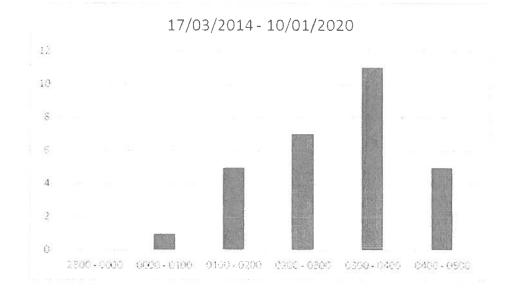


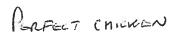


Perfect Chicken & Ribs for	rence Numbered calls relating to or a period between 01/12/2012 and ng issues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	3
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	0
0200 - 0300	2
0300 - 0400	6
0400 - 0500	3
Total Incidents	15



Perfect Chicken & Ribs fo	rence Numbered calls relating to or a period between 17/03/2014 and og issues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	0
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	5
0200 - 0300	7
0300 - 0400	11
0400 - 0500	5
Total Incidents	29





Y: SASUMAN

DATE: 30th

TY MANAGER:

	1				
DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
1. 1. 1.	1012 22018			001	
TADIGUN	1012 3248 7314 6462	00.00	5.1	05.00	TJ
1. ADIGUN OMDIDLA	6193 4024	50.50	AD	65.50	ito.
				1	
			······		
			e		

UPANCY		INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
Ξ	NUMBER	
N	G	Booking for duty.
30		End of Shift I Nothing to Report.
N		On leaving I noticed an incident
		across the road, police presence.
		rumours of Someone from out of
		town currying a weapon. Logged The
MA	NAGER'S S	IGNATURE:DAY: S DATE:

PERFECT CHICKON

DAILY DOOR STAF	F REGISTRATION
-----------------	----------------

DAY: mondan

DATE: 2nd D coul 10

DU.	ΤY	MANAGE	R:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
M. ADIGUN	1019 3298 7344 6462	00.00	ī-f	04.00	Th
			,		

OCCUPANCY		INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
50-50	(Booking for Shift End of Shift.
040		Brocking for Shift End of Shift.
		monthing staff framening
		ASTRNOFICE: T.J. MINTOLIAN, HASLAN, ICAMEL. SHIERAZ, MAPATESER, YASIN.
		4 LICENSINCE OBJECTIVES BE VIOLENT - MONTY ESTRE RUSS. BE ALERT - PREVENT ANY SILE BEFLE EXAMINEN.
		CHALLENGE & identify work inthe Suchery + polities
DUTYN	ANAGER'S S	$\frac{\mathcal{P}_{BNANJ}}{DATE:} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{P}_{AV} + \mathcal{P}_{AV} + $
		Page 120

PORFECT CINKON

DAY: SATUROMY

1----

DATE: 7th December.

DUTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA	NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
M. ANC-UN	1012-7344	3298 6462	00.00	TJ	6437	7-5
M. ADIGUN A. OMOTOLA	1019	1545 4024	50.50	AD	04.37	4D
					-	
				1		1

OCCUPA	ANCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
00.00	6	Booking for Suft.
03.40	23	One 123 male jumped the gue, One
0,		ICI Male was upset by this, they began
	1	we setting, during scuttle drink spitt
1		In the Plan Zausing both to sup.
		I CODTOTE WILLIM AND GALLE TISSUE
	-	La di la Mari beravsi noscio
		bleeding. I asked the ICI Mall IP
		he wanted to press Charges and M
		said NO. Both escorted out of
		the memisis'
04.15	15	Placed Bushi my Veduist CL INT as Large
		mane of people standing in the middle of shi
		A HA I TAL VIT A COVISS HANN OW
		TOWNERS to my knowledge. Seems as Incident occur INVOLVING VEHICLE, UNSURE OF CUI prit. SSIGNATURE:DAY: 1.3 DATE: TJ
	1	Involving vehicle, unsure of Cuiprit.
DUTY	MANAGER'S	S SIGNATURE: DAY: 1 D DATE:

Far. Chicken / PFC

DAILY DOOR STAFF REGISTRATION DAY: FRIDAY DATE: 13/12/2019

UTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
M. ADI GUL	1012 3298 7344 R462	00.00	17-7	DSIN	Tof
Cohe structe.	1214 7 7 9	00.00	Kelse	0500	mi
: KOROMH	5984 2973	00.00	en	25.00	Ch
	1				
	1		<u> </u>		

CCUPANCY		INCIDENT DETAIL TIME	1
ME	NUMBER		1
· JV	5	Brooking for duty.	
_			
			

DAY: SATURDAM

DATE: 14/12/2019

DUTY MANAGER:

3

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	INITIALS
M. ADIGUN	10/2 32018 1344 6462	07:00	T.F	25.00	T.Y
O-SHOBDWALE	1014 77 79	50.50	\$	V 5. N	S
A DMOTOLA	1017 1545 5193 4024	0.00	A	05.00	A
			i		

OCCUPANCY		INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
00.00	12-	Broking for Sinff.
05.00		-End of Shift FAI.T.R.
		Y /
	2	
		,
DUTY MA		SIGNATURE:DAY: S DATE:

DAY: FRIDA

DATE: 20/12/2019

DUTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	INITIALS
A. OMOTONT	1019 1545	00.00	-A	05.50	1-
M. ADIGUN	1012 3298	00.00	TJ	05.00	TJ
D. SHOBOWALE	1344 6905	50.00	3	05.50	5
6	1				
			ł		
		1			
			<u> </u>		

OCCUPA	NCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
CG. CT	4	Booking for duty.
5.00		
		Sam som while male wis moved on by police
		is part his back into there as they was ascorting
		how, he has housed are as winded heads word.
		it part his backs into the star they was ascorting home, he kee housed aread as winted heads crond. "There pilled store some As he willust away offices hoved for any and how fried store good, at none
		, fut it was a little excitional with explanat to the
		the it was a little overland and captured to the struct . He and not work to comment but growt in horizon Le putges growthe light doct with it dispetting. IGNATURE:DAY: In DATE:
JUTY MA	ANAGER'S S	IGNATURE: DAY: DATE:

ر

	SATUR	DAILY	DATE:		019		-
DUTY	MANAGER:			1. 1.			-
00	00 00000						_
		SOR'S NAME		TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	IN
D. Shobowale Nuggy Eras M. ABIGUN			1014 7779	12:00	ks	05.00	
M	94 CVa	ms	1018 29122 409 3968 1012 8298	00.00	MG	05.00	1
IV	101	GUN	7344 6462	53.50	7-2	05.00	-
	ii-						
			+				
CCUD	ANCY	1					-
IME	NUMBER	INCIDENT	DETAIL TIME				1
1.57)	G	P	·				-
0.0	6	Dook	minfer	Suff			
				V			
							1

DUTY MANAGER'S SIGNATURE:DAY:

DAILY DOOR STAFF REGISTRATION DAY: FRIDAM

DATE: 27/12

DUTY MANAGER:

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N N

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DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	INITIALS
M. ADIGUN	1012 3298	50.50	TT	05.00	TY
A- OMOTOLA	101916436193	0000	Å	3500	A·
O' SHOBOWALE	65 15 11244	N0-60	My.	02.0	Ph
			,		

Booking for Ship
J · /

0.	DAILY DOC	DR STAFF	PECISTO	ATION
DAY: SATURD	AY	DATE	REGISTR	ALION
DUTY	/	DATE:	112/17	7.

DUTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	- TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	IN
D. SHBOMANE	1012 32804R	0.30	A	0500	
O. SHOBOWARE	1014 7729	6300	A	0500	
			0	0506	6
					-

OCCUP	ANCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	Produce on K. S.
05		Broching ON FOR SHIEF. A. M.C. Sud of Suft I.M.T.R.
-		
Y MAN	AGER'S SIGN	ATURE:DAY: DATE:

DAILY DOOR STAFF REGISTRATION TURS ----- DATE: 15 12/15

31

DUT	ΓY	M	AI	NA	GF	R

.31

n

DAY:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
Talsa Stubruay	104779	11.2-1	Ku	05.00	Kt
M. ADIGUN,	1012 3298	60.00	TT	05.10	TFA
A OMOTO: A/ 1019	1643617340)	00 00	Ă.	0500	Å
	24/				
			ŧ		

OCCUP	ANCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	No INCIDENT AT ALL.
	_	
9		

DUTY MANAGER'S SIGNATURE: DAY:

DATE:

DAY: FRIDAM

DATE: 03/01/2020

DUTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
KOUESHIMME		0000	KUS	05 W	KJ.
M. ADIGUN	1012 3298	50.50	Ī-f	05.50	77
	.,				1

OCCUPA	NCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
50.50	6	Booking Br duty.
15.D		Booking Br duty. Gut of Suft I al. T.R.
		SIGNATURE:DAY: DATE:

DAY: SALURDAY

04012020

DUTY MANAGER:

	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	INITIALS
M-ADIGUN	1012 3298 7346 6462	07.00	7.7	05.00	TT
12. MINNING:	Burgara	6-10	Ku	05.4	KJ
					,
		-	1		

OCCUP	ANCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME
TIME	NUMBER	
1		
-		

DAY: FRIDA

DATE: Mr 64 2-1-

DUTY MANAGER:

DOOR SUPERVISOR'S NAME	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME	INITIALS
M-ADICIUM	4012 22	Cu.60	12	OT.W	Ra
MADICIUM	1012 3298 7354 6462	50 m	TT	105.N	7-1.

OCCUPA	NCY	INCIDENT DETAIL	TIME
TIME	NUMBER		
60.00	3	Boshy	for duty
		6	····
DUTY MA	NAGER'S SI	GNATURE:DAY:	DATE:

DAILY DOOR STAFF REGISTRATION ATURDAY

DUTY MANAGER:

DAY:

	SIA NUMBER	TIME IN	INITIALS	TIME OUT	INITIALS
9. SHOBOWALF 1014	77791344	00 00	Ó·	0500	0
6	705				
A.OMOTOLA 1019	154561934024	00.00	A	0500	A
	<u>.</u>				
					-

OCCUP	ANCY	INCIDENT DETAIL TIME	
TIME	NUMBER		
			1
			a de la companya de la
			aller -
	ANACEDIC	IGNATURE:DAY: DATE:	

Reacting ADDery Battle Total Address Address Constrained accords Constrained		Rep	Repeat Addresses	sses			
ADDrey / Battle Tote Address Address Inventioned Inventioned Inventioned Inventioned Inventioned Inventioned Inventinventioned Inve	Select LPA.		V Exclude TVP addresses	Chasen Ope sub classific		A8 Withmediae A1	
Notice Representation Representatio	Neignbourhood.	Π	Address	Inciden		, Au - Wounding, Au - Ice/Dispute; All - Nois rge; All - Altercation it	eNuisance; Progress;
Taul Table Catatore 23.00 and Refresh Contraction Aumber of indicates Aumber of indicates Refresh Contraction Contraction Aumber of indicates A Refresh Contraction Contraction Aumber of indicates A Refresh Contraction Contraction Aumber of indicates A Double-click on a column header to sort Decende Oct Dec Latestinction A 3 8 17 22-Decende A A A 1 2 4 1 1 2 A A 1 3 9 1 2 A A A A B <	Partial address search	¥0					
Refresh Contine of indicating Number of indicating Double-crick on a column header to sort December Oct-Dec Jast 12 Manning Latest Indicating 3 8 17 22-Dec-19 1 22-Dec-19 1 1 3 8 17 22-Dec-19 1 1 2 1 3 8 17 22-Dec-19 1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1		Tue [Wed [Thu] Fri [Sat]	and			and	06:00
Address Double-click on a column header to sort Address Desented Oct-Disc Lest R1 and M Address 3 8 17 22-0e-01 1 3 8 17 22-0e-01 1 3 9 14-0e-01 0-0-0e-01 1 2 1 2 0-0-0e-01 1 3 8 17 22-0e-01 1 3 9 14-0e-01 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 7 29-0e-01 1 3 6 0-0-0e-01 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 7 29-0e-01 1 3 6 0-0-0e-01 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 1 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 1 0 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 1 1 0-0-0e-01 1 1 1 1 1 0-0-0e-01	cclude records where no mo	e reduction activity is required or work completed	Refresh	Countryp		umber of incidents	
Address Decender Oct- Oct Latatic Automs Latatic Automs 3 8 17 22-06-13 1 3 8 17 22-06-13 1 3 8 17 22-06-13 1 3 9 14-06-19 01-08-19 1 2 2 10 58-06-19 01-08-19 1 2 2 10 2 01-08-19 01-08-19 1 2 1 2 10 2 01-08-19	elect multiple address	2	Dou	lble-click on a colum	n header to sort		Address
3 8 17 220e-19 1 3 15 0-0e-19 1 3 15 0-0e-19 1 2 10 28-0e-19 1 2 10 28-0e-19 1 3 9 1-0e-19 1 3 9 1-0e-19 1 3 6 1-0e-19 1 1 7 28-0e-19 1 3 6 0-0e-0e-19 1 1 6 0-0e-0e-19 1 1 6 0-0e-0e-19 1 1 6 0-0e-0e-19 1 2 4 7 28-0e-19 1 1 6 0-0-0e-19 1 1 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Address</td><td>Decem</td><td></td><td>Last 12 Months</td><td>Lates! Incident</td><td>ACIANY</td></td<>		Address	Decem		Last 12 Months	Lates! Incident	ACIANY
	ST MARYS BUTTS READING		ю Г	Ø	17	22-Dec-19	03-Sep-
				য	16	54-Mov-19	
			1	m	15	01-Dec-19	
				1	12	05-001-19	
			F	5	10	28-Dec-19	
			1	en la	σ	14-Dec-19	
				0	0	29-Sep-19	
			4		7	01-Dec-19	
			2		7	22-Dec-19	
			4 -11	4	7	22-Dec-19	
			**	3	6	15-Dec-19	
					9	08-Dec-19	
					9	07-Dec-19	
					Q	24-Nov-19	
			4	2	5	29-Dec-19	
				0	5	09-Jun-19	
1 t	AR STREET READING			0	4	24-Aug-19	
			-	e	4	13-Dec-19	

DAVM Report for Abbey Inner (Reading Town Centre) showing Demand and Call to Service Generation

Incidents relating to address OSGR ST MARYS BUTTS READING

Data downloaded from the Demand and Vulnerability module on 11/01/2020 10:31:49 covering 24 Months

URN & Date	Time	Opening Sub Classification	Address	Response Grade
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
18 - 01-APR-18	00:13	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
69 - 15-JUN-19	00:54	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
111 - 15-DEC-19	01:20	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
80 - 21-JUN-19	01:26	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
91 - 03-FEB-18	01:34	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
127 - 15-JUN-19	01:46	ASSAULT/OTHER	READING	By Arrangement
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
188 - 05-AUG-18	02:03	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
		A CONTRACT OF A	ST MARYS BUTTS	
107 - 12-JUL-19	02:12	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	Telephone
108 - 30-MAR-18	02:23	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Resolution
	-		ST MARYS BUTTS	
187 - 16-DEC-18	02:28	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
84 - 11-OCT-19	02:32	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
181 _ 22_DEC_10	02.42	AI TERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate

DAVM Report for Ab	Report f	or Abbey Inner (Reading Town Centre) showing Demand and Call to Service Generation	showing Demand and Call to	Service Generation
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
130 - 22-FEB-19	04:21	130 - 22-FEB-19 04:21 ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
301 - 14-0CT-18	04:29	301 - 14-0CT-18 04:29 ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
253 - 14-JAN-18	04:32	253 - 14-JAN-18 04:32 ASSAULT/OTHER	READING	Urgent
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
245 - 02-JUN-18 04:44	04:44	ASSAULT/OTHER	READING	Immediate
			ST MARYS BUTTS	
267 - 21-DEC-19	04:45	267 - 21-DEC-19 04:45 ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
1624 - 26-MAY-			ST MARYS BUTTS	
18	23:02	23:02 ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Urgent
1690 - 14-APR-			ST MARYS BUTTS	
18	23:26	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
1781 - 06-APR-			ST MARYS BUTTS	
18	23:39	23:39 ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate

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·,)()	06/08/2011	04 09	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FF	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RG1 2	LN
Beat Code:			<u></u>
Caller			ET
Classification	1		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result:			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION
Closing Type	e 1.1 =		2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
Closing Type	e L2		COMMUNITY
Brief Details			
DISTURBAN	NCE O/S SIG		
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference:
1554	07/08/2011	23 51	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN	DING BOL	1 N 1
	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, KGI .	
Beat Code			<u>1.3.44</u>
Caller			
Classification	n		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Type			1 CRIME
Closing Type			OTH NOTIFIABLE OFF INC WEAPONS
Brief Details			
03608/07081	IT PREFECT CHI	CKEN ONE	MALE CUSTOMER IS KICKING OFF
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
17.34	22/08/2011	23 54	7/9/734/13
10 C	RIED CHICKEN		Chechen
	ALD CHICKEN		2LN
Beat Code			Er.14
Caller:			
Classificatio	n		CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result:			FORCE REPORT
Closing Typ	e L 1 C		1 CRIME
Closing Typ			VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON
Brief Detail:			
		ICT ACCALI	LTED CALLER. MALE IS ICL. LOTS OF SHOUTI NG IN THE BACKGROUND
04000/2208	II MALE HAS J	J31 A35A0	LTED CALLER MALE IS ICT. LOTS OF SHOOTING IN THE BACKGROOMS
URN	Date:	Time	Location Reference
1515	20/09/2011	23 24	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	FRIED CHICKEN	I	
10, ST MAI	RYS BUTTS, RE	ADING, RGI	2LN
Beat Code			1. Value
Caller			
Classification	on		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Ty	pe L1		I CRIME
Closing Ty			THEFT OTHER

URN

Date

Time

Location Reference

Brief Details

04453/200911:2 PESONS ARE FIGHTING AND ALSO TRYING TO RUN AWAY FROM PAYI NG FOR FOOD 2 MALES ICI BOTH DRUNK AGED APPROX 30 YRS OLD

	LI	Time 03:23 DING, RGI 2LI	Location Reference 7/9/734/13 CRIME_CRIMINAL DAMAGE IMMEDIATE FORCE REPORT I_CRIME CRIME CRIME CRIME				
Brief Details	MALEHASVIC	מעזעז שנאיס					
******			W IN AT CHICKEN SHOP_CLOSE TO DEJA VUE_MALE IS DETAINED 928584/11***********************************				
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference				
<u>30</u>	09/12/2011	00 54	7/9/734/13				
Sector 1	LED CHICKEN						
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 21.1	١				
Beat Code			<u>F344</u>				
Caller			ET				
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE				
Response			IMMEDIATE				
Result			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION				
Closing Type			3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE				
Closing Type	L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH				
Brief Details FIP							
111							
URN:	Date	Time	Location Reference				
247	14/01/2012	03 45	7/9/734/13				
	JED CHICKEN						
10, ST MARY	10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN						
Beat Code			12:144				
Caller							
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE				
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE				
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED				
Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE				
Closing Type	L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH				
Brief Details							
ACCESS RES	STRICTED - REFI	ER TO CONTR	ROL ROOMS ADMIN				
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference				
213	15/01/2012	03 28	7/9/734/13				
PERFECT FR	RIED CHICKEN						
	YS BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2L1	1				
Beat Code:			[<u>] \.</u>				
Caller			EA144				

URN Date Time Location Reference: 223 04/02/2012 03 23 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARVS BUITTS, READING, RGI 2LN Herein Code Beat Code EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Claisification MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Response IMMEDIATE Cosing Type L1 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Cloing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details DISORDER URN Date Time JO, ST MARYS BUITTS, READING, RGI 2LN COMMUNITY Beat Code: EA32 Caller: EA34 Closing Type L1: 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1: 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Bara Code: ENQUIRY COMPLETED <tr< th=""><th>Classification Response Result Closing Type I Closing Type I Brief Details GROUP OF L</th><th></th><th>KING OFF</th><th>MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE IMMEDIATE FORCE REPORT 1 CRIME OTH NOTIFIABLE OFF INC WEAPONS</th></tr<>	Classification Response Result Closing Type I Closing Type I Brief Details GROUP OF L		KING OFF	MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE IMMEDIATE FORCE REPORT 1 CRIME OTH NOTIFIABLE OFF INC WEAPONS		
94/02/2012 03.23 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Caler EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Classification NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Classification ON PURTHER POLICE ACTION Classification OMMUNITY Bref Details DISORDER URN Date: Time: Location Reference Immediate DISORDER URN URN Date: Time: JO 300 2012 0.30 79/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN INSCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Bard Code: Time Losation Reference Imm	URN	Date	Time	Location Reference:		
PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Caller: EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Result NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference [25] 03/03/2012 03 50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IO 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code: EA44 EA44 Caller EA44 EA44 Clasing Type L1 3 YUBLIC SAFETY /WELFARE EA54 Closing Type L1 3 PUBLIC SAFETY /WELFARE EA54 Closing Type L2 GUVIL D						
Bear Code: Image: Status Caller: EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Classification: MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response: IMMEDIATE Result: NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHA VIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Bref Details: DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference Image: Status ION ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Beat Code: Image: Status Caller: Image: Status Classification: MISCELLANEOUS: DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response: Image: Status Classification: MISCELLANEOUS: DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response: Image: Status Clossing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Colssing Type L1: 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Clossing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details: BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR VIRN: Date: Time: Location Reference Image: Status Galer: Time: Location Reference Image: Status Bar IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR VIRN: Date:						
Caller: EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE Classification: MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Response IMMEDIATE Result NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHA VIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details: DISORDER URN: Date Time: Location Reference 2M 03/03/2012 03 50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Interminition (Comparing the Comparing the Comparin	10, ST MARY	S BUITS, REAL	DING, RG1 2L	N		
Classification MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMMEDIATE Result NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1 2 ANT-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Closing Type L2 COMMUNITY Brief Details DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference 201 2M1 03/03/2012 03 03 03/03/2012 03 07/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: EA44 Caller IMSCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response IMISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Resolation MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Result ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2 CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN Date: Time: Location Reference 24 Scattor ChicKEN	Beat Code			<u>hi Add</u>		
Response IMMEDIATE Response IMMEDIATE Result NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Bref Details DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference 2h1 03/03/2012 03:50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Internet in the internet int	Caller			EA322 7027 SHERLOCK CONSTABLE		
Result NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details: DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference 2ml 03/03/2012 03 50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Code1 Classification: MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response: IMMEDIATE Result: ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1: 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: Closing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN: Date: Time: Location Reference 24 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IO, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Edication Reference 25 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IO, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Caller: Calle	Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE		
Closing Type L1: 2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference: 2M1 03/03/2012 03:50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN IO, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code: EA44 Caller IMMEDIATE Caller IMMEDIATE Closing Type L1: S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR CIVIL DISPUTE S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: 03:03:0 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: 03:09:0 7/9/734/13 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: 03:09:0 7/9/734/13 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE URN Date: Time Location Reference S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: 03:09:0 7/9/734/13 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE S PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE URN Date: Time Location	Response			IMMEDIATE		
Closing Type L2: COMMUNITY Brief Details DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference ≧>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	Result			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION		
Brief Details Disord Details Brief Details Disord Details DISORDER 03/03/2012 03:50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10,51 MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code	Closing Type	Ll		2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR		
DISORDER URN: Date: Time: Location Reference: Image: Image: Image: Image: Image: Image: Image: Image: <	Closing Type	L2:		COMMUNITY		
URN: Date: Time: Location Reference DA1 03/03/2012 03:50 79/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code:	Brief Details					
Image: State of the state	DISORDER					
Image: State of the state						
2N1 03/03/2012 03:50 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code:	URN	Date	Time	Location Reference		
PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Image: Code: Caller: Image: Code: Classification: MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response: Immediate Result: ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2 CIVIL DISPUTE Bar IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR VRN: Date: Tume: Location Reference Val 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Time: 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	251	03/03/2012	03:50	7/9/734/13		
Beat Code: Image: Code: Caller Classification: MISCELLANEOUS: DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Response Immediate ENQUIRY COMPLETED Result ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2 CIVIL DISPUTE Enref Details: Bart IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR Enref Details: URN: Date: Time Location Reference Sci 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Interest in the section Reference Enref Caller: Enref Enref Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response Immediate Immediate		RIED CHICKEN				
CallerClassification:MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTEResponseIMMEDIATEResult:ENQUIRY COMPLETEDClosing Type L13. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFAREClosing Type L2CIVIL DISPUTEBrief Details:ENQUIRY COMPLET DOORBAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOORURN:Date:TuneLocation ReferenceSci04/04/201203 297/9/734/13PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LNBeat Code:Image: Image: Imag			DING, RG1 2L	N		
Classification:MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTEResponse:IMMEDIATEResult:ENQUIRY COMPLETEDClosing Type L13 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFAREClosing Type L2CIVIL DISPUTEBrief DetailsENQUIRY COMPLETED CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOORURN Date Time: Location Reference	Beat Code			$\lceil \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{4} \rceil$		
Response: IMMEDIATE Result: ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1: 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN: Date: Time: Location Reference 93 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Integee Integee 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code: Integee Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	Caller					
Result: ENQUIRY COMPLETED Closing Type L1: 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2: CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details: BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN: Date: Time Location Reference Val 94/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Interference 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Beat Code: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	Classification	1		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE		
Closing Type L1 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L2 CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN Date Time Location Reference 4 04/04/2012 03:29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	Response			IMMEDIATE		
Closing Type 1.2 CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN Date: Time: Location Reference 4.4 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED		
Closing Type L2 CIVIL DISPUTE Brief Details BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN Date Time Location Reference 44 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN Horder Horder 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code Horder Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE		
BAR IGUANA ASKING FOR POLICE FOR CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR URN Date: Time Location Reference 94 04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: Extended Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE				CIVIL DISPUTE		
URN:Date:TimeLocation Reference 320 04/04/201203/297/9/734/13PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 320 7/9/734/1310, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG12LVBeat Code:E4/94Beat Code:E4/94E4/133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE.Caller:EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE.Classification:MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE.Response:IMMEDIATE	Brief Details					
04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: 10.544 Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE. Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	BAR IGUAN	A ASKING FOR	POLICE FOR	CHICKEN SHOP NEXT DOOR		
04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: 10.544 Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE. Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE						
04/04/2012 03 29 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code: 10.544 Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE. Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE		D	712	(section Deferring		
PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code: Caller: Caller: Classification Response IMMEDIATE						
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN Beat Code Extent Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE. Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE				//9//54/13		
Beat Code Extent Caller: EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE. Classification MISCELLANEOUS_SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE				N		
Caller EA133 7192 BRACKENRIDGE CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE	1 15	13 DO113, KE	101110, 101 2			
Classification MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Response IMMEDIATE						
Response IMMEDIATE						
	•			FORCE REPORT		
	Result:					
	Closing Type L1					
Closing Type L2: VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON Brief Details:				HOLENE AGAINOT THE LENGTH		
00311/040412. CRN EA/4025789/12 - MALE HAS KNOCKED FEMALE OUT (たたて ジ イ)			5789/12 - MAI	E HAS KNOCKED FEMALE OUT		
				~ /		
URN Date: Time. Location Reference						
21.8 23/06/2012 02·24 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN				//9//34/13		

10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LM	4
Beat Code	<u>15.5.44</u>
Caller	
Classification	MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response	IMMEDIATE
Result	FORCE REPORT
Closing Type L1	I, CRIME
Closing Type L2	PUBLIC ORDER OFFENCES
Brief Details	
MALE ASSAULTED	

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference	
1.106	25/06/2012	19 26	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2LN	1	
Beat Code			<u>21544</u>	
Caller		,		
Classification			CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER	
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED	
Closing Type	LI		I. CRIME	
Closing Type	L2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON	
Brief Details				
04297/250612 BROTHER HAS BEEN BEATEN UP BY UNKNOWN MALE - DOT ARGOS - BL EEDING FROM HIS EYE - NO WEAPONS				

URN	Date	Tune	Location Reference	
280	12/08/2012	03 03	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	S BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2LN		
Beat Code			<u>100144</u>	
Caller			ET	
Classification			CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER	
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result			FORCE REPORT	
Closing Type	LI		1 CRIME	
Closing Type	L2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON	
Brief Details				
FEMALE ASSAULTED CCTV BELIEVE OFFENDER IN CHEAPSIDE ATT OFFICERS ON ROUTE TO TRY AND EFFECT ARREST ****EA4100459/12********				

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
1741	24/08/2012	04_09	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAI	RYS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RG1 2Li	N
Beat Code			1. <u>N.4.5</u>
Caller:			
Classificatio	on.		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Typ	e L I=		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Typ	e L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Detail	S.		
00333/2408	12 MALE OUTSIE	E PERFECT C	HICKEN IS SHOUTING AND BEING ABUSIVE TO EVERYONE. REGULAI

00333/240812 MALE OUTSIDE PERFECT CHICKEN IS SHOUTING AND BEING ABUSIVE TO EVERYONE. REGULAR ABOUT HERE MALE IN HIS MID 20YRS WHITE MALE WEARING GREY TOP AND DARK TROUSERS AND HAS BLACK SHOULDER BAG

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference		
<u></u>	04/09/2012	01:03	7/9/734/13		
PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2L	N		
Beat Code:			1.1.4.4		
Caller	Caller				
Classification CRIME THEFT/OTHER					
Response IMMEDIATE					
Result: PERSON ARRESTED					
Closing Type L1 1. CRIME					
Closing Type L2 THEFT OTHER					
Brief Details					
00110/040912	2 ITEMS STOLE	EN IN A BAG	OFFENDER STILL ON SCENE.		

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
132	05/10/2012	03 54	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L1	٧
Beat Code			100.04
Caller:			EA134
Classification	1		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result:			PERSON ARRESTED
Closing Type	e L1:		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	eL2	55	ABSCOND/AWOL/WANT/COURT ORDBAIL
Brief Details			
DISORDER			

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference	
1528	12/12/2012	23 23	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	UED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, READ	ING, RGI 2LI	۷	
Beat Code			EAA	
Caller ET				
Classification CRIME CRIMINAL DAMAGE				
Response IMMEDIATE				
Result FORCE REPORT				
Closing Type L1 1 CRIME				
Closing Type L2 CRIMINAL DAMAGE				
Brief Details				
MALE PUNCHED WINDOW PERFECT FRIEND CHICK #				

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference	
26_	16/12/2012	03:01	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	JED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, READ	NG, RG1 2L1	Ŵ.	
Beat Code				
Caller:				
Classification	8	CRIME CRIMINAL DAMAGE		
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result			FORCE REPORT	
Closing Type	L1		I. CRIME	

Closing Type I.2:	CRIMINAL DAMAGE
Brief Details:	
EA4176020/12 10 MALES FIGHTING	

URN	Date	Tíme	Location Reference		
1(+)	25/02/2013	04 03	7/9/734/13		
PERFECT FF	LIED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, READ	ING, RGI 2LI	1		
Beat Code			$12.\chi + 4$		
Caller:		1			
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE		
Response			TELEPHONE RESOLUTION		
Result:			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION		
Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE		
Closing Type	L2.		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH		
Brief Details					
00236/250213 MALE CAME UP TO CALLER IN SHOP KEEPS ASKING WHERE CALLER IS GOING. KEEPS SAYING TO CALLER ARE					

URN	Date:	Time	Location Reference
(5) ()	28/03/2013	02:15	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FF	UED CHICKEN		
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RG1 2LI	N
Beat Code			$1 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4}{2}} \cdot 1$
Caller			
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ADVICE GIVEN
Closing Type	L1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	L2		CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Details			
00142/280313	CALLER HAS J	UST BEEN TH	IREATEND WITH A KNIFE AT SIG

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference	
102	06/04/2013	02:50	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	JED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2LM	Į.	
Beat Code			5.144	
Caller:			EA351 7312 FINLAY	CONSTABLE
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS	DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result			FORCE REPORT	
Closing Type	Ll		1_CRIME	
Closing Type	L2		VIOLENCE AGAINS	I THE PERSON
Brief Details				
ALTERCATI	ON AT SIG			

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference					
1357	07/05/2013	23 54	7/9/734/13					
PERFECT	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN							
10, ST MA	ARYS BUTTS, REA	ADING, RG1	2LN					
Beat Code	8		2.3,23					
Caller								

	L1 L2		CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER URGENT ATTENDANCE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH ND ASKED FOR SOME EXTRA CHEESE AND THE MAN GRABBED ME PUSHED ME TO THE OP
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
28	19/06/2013	00 24	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			
Caller			
Classification	1°		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Typ			2. ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
Closing Typ			COMMUNITY
Brief Details		×	
00044/1906	3 TWO MALES	BNEGGING F	OR MONEY O/S PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
305	21/07/2013	03.53	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN	DING RGI 2	_N
Beat Code			<u>11A34</u>
Caller:			
Classificatio	n		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ADVICE GIVEN
Closing Typ	e L1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Typ			SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Detail			
		N SIG LOCATI	ON AND A MALE WHO IS OUTSIDE HAS THR EATENED TO STAB HIM - NO WEAPON SEEN
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
17.80	06/08/2013	23 22	7/9/734/13
	FRIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA		LN
Beat Code			$\frac{1}{1}$ $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$
Caller			ET
Classificati	on.		EMERGENCY
Response			TELEPHONE RESOLUTION
Result			PERSON ARRESTED
Closing Ty	pe L1		1 CRIME
Closing Ty	pe L2		PUBLIC ORDER OFFENCES
Brief Deta	ls		
DISTURB	ANCE		
URN	Date	Time:	Location Reference

1055	12/08/2013	16:46	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	FRIED CHICKEN	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
10, ST MA	RYS BUTTS, REA	ADING, RGI 2	LN
Beat Code			<u> 11 </u>
Caller			
Classificati	on		CRIME THEFT/OTHER
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Ty	pe L1		1 CRIME
Closing Ty	pe L2		THEFT OTHER
Brief Detai	ls		
FOR FOOI			$\rm LAST$ 5/10 MINS_ AGGD CONFUSING STAT ES PUT WALLET ON COUNTER WHEN PAYING BLE T O ANOTHER TABLE AND IN THAT TIME ITS GONE _ QUERIED WITH STAFF - NO

URN	Date ⁻	Time	Location Reference
110	24/10/2013	03 09	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FF	UED CHICKEN		
10, ST MARY	YS BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2L1	J
Beat Code			<u>h.N44</u>
Caller			
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	L2		CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Details			
00209/241013	TWO CUSTOM	ERS INSIDE A	RGUING ONE OF THEM HAVE SMASHED THE WINDOW

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
74	05/12/2013	03 24	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN		
10, ST MARY	S BUTTS, READ	ING, RGT 2LN	4
Beat Code			<u>FA44</u>
Caller		(
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result:			ALL IN ORDER
Closing Type	L1		2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
Closing Type	L2		COMMUNITY
Brief Details			
00148/051213	NEED POLICE -	BROAD ST R	EADING CHICKEN PLACE OPPOSITE PI ZZA EXPRESS. PERSONS BEING AGGRESSIVE

URN	Date:	Time	Location Reference		
182	27/12/2013	04 16	7/9/734/13		
PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, READ	ING, RGI 2LN	Į		
Beat Code			<u>1:3344</u>		
Caller:			TJ		
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE		
Response			IMMEDIATE		
Result.			ENQUIRY COMPLETED		
Closing Type L1			1 CRIME		
Closing Type L2			CRIMINAL DAMAGE		

Brief Details 00319/271213 MALE OUTSIDE SIG SMASHED THE GLASS OF FRONT DOOR - THEY ARE STILL THERE NOW

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference					
337	02/01/2014	16 50	7/9/734/13					
PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN								
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN								
Beat Code			<u>11,444</u>					
Caller:			EAY21 C7985 ROWE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEE					
Classification	Ľ.		CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER					
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE					
Result			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION					
Closing Type	: L 1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE					
Closing Type	:L2		SUSPICIOUS PACKAGE/OBJECT					
Brief Details								
REPORT OF	AN ASSAULT							

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference				
75	04/02/2014	03 21	7/9/734/13				
PERFECT F	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN						
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN							
Beat Code	<u>EA11</u>						
Caller			ET				
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS FEAR FOR PERSONAL WELFARE				
Response			IMMEDIATE				
Result			FORCE REPORT				
Closing Type L1			I. CRIME				
Closing Type L2			VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON				
Brief Details							
ET - SCUFFLE AT SIG - ONE PERSON LED OUT ON THE FLOOR							

107 09/02/2014 03 00 7/9/734/13 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LX Beat Code: 2/2/2/2 Caller: 2/2/2 Caller: EA151 6817 READ CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE Response: IMMEDIATE Closing Type L1: 4 TRANSPORT Closing Type L2: ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details: UNIT TO HE PLEASE	URN	Date	Time	Location Reference				
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code 12.44 Caller: EA151 6817 READ CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE Response: IMMEDIATE Result. PERSON ARRESTED Closing Type L1: 4 TRANSPORT Closing Type L2. ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details VIII State Stat	197	09/02/2014	03 00	7/9/734/13				
Beat Code:PAA4Caller:EA151 6817 READ CONSTABLEClassificationMISCELLANEOUS REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCEResponse:IMMEDIATEResult.PERSON ARRESTEDClosing Type L1:4 TRANSPORTClosing Type L2.ROAD RELATED OFFENCEBrief Details:Vertice Content of the conten	PERFECT F	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN						
Caller: EA151 6817 READ CONSTABLE Classification MISCELLANEOUS REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE Response: IMMEDIATE Result. PERSON ARRESTED Closing Type L1: 4 TRANSPORT Closing Type L2. ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details: 1	10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN							
ClassificationMISCELLANEOUSREQUEST FOR ASSISTANCEResponse:IMMEDIATEResult.PERSON ARRESTEDClosing Type L1:4 TRANSPORTClosing Type L2.ROAD RELATED OFFENCEBrief Details	Beat Code:			<u>EA44</u>				
Response IMMEDIATE Result. PERSON ARRESTED Closing Type L1 4 TRANSPORT Closing Type L2. ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details	Caller			EA151 6817 READ CONSTABLE				
Result.PERSON ARRESTEDClosing Type L1:4 TRANSPORTClosing Type L2:ROAD RELATED OFFENCEBrief Details:	Classification	n		MISCELLANEOUS REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE				
Closing Type L1 4 TRANSPORT Closing Type L2 ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details 2 Statement	Response			IMMEDIATE				
Closing Type L2. ROAD RELATED OFFENCE Brief Details	Result			PERSON ARRESTED				
Brief Details	Closing Type	e L I :		4 TRANSPORT				
	Closing Type	e L2.		ROAD RELATED OFFENCE				
UNIT TO ME PLEASE	Brief Details							
	UNIT TO M	E PLEASE						

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference			
<u></u>	01/03/2014	04.23	7/9/734/13			
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN					
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 21 N						
Beat Code			$\frac{1+\Lambda_{1}}{\Lambda_{1}}$			
Caller			EA26			
Classification	n		CRIME CRIMINAL DAMAGE			

IMMEDIATE
FORCE REPORT
1 CRIME
CRIMINAL DAMAGE

	URN	Date	Time	Location Reference		
	151	21/04/2014	03 52	7/9/734/13		
	PERFECT FR	IED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN						
	Beat Code:			<u>E.N44</u>		
	Caller			UNKNWOWN		
Classification				MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE		
	Response			IMMEDIATE		
	Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED		
	Closing Type	LI		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE		
	Closing Type	L.2.		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH		
	Brief Details					
	00279/210414 CALLER REQUESTING POLICE - LOTS OF DISTURBANCE HEARD IN THE BACKGROU					

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference:						
173	19/07/2014	01 35	7/9/734/13						
PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN									
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN									
Beat Code									
Caller			EA71 4417 WRAY CONSTABLE						
Classification	E		CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER						
Response			IMMEDIATE						
Result:			FORCE REPORT						
Closing Type	Ll		1. CRIME						
Closing Type	L2.		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON						
Brief Details									
ASSAULT									
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference						
200	06/09/2014	04 54	7/9/734/13						
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN								
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L	Ν						
Beat Code			20-14-						
Caller									
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE						
Response.			IMMEDIATE						
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED						
Closing Type L1.			3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE						
Closing Type L2:			HOAX/ABANDON CALLS TO EMER SERV						
Brief Details									
00544/060914 READING TOWN CENTRE. BY PERFECT CHICKEN. CALLER WAS THREATE NED BY HIS SON WHO GOT A GUN ON HIM.									

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
12	03/11/2014	02 28	7/9/734/13

PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN Beat Code Caller ΕT MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE Classification Response IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED Result Closing Type L1 2. ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR COMMUNITY Closing Type L2 Brief Details FEMALES CAUSING PROBS

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference					
.) _	17/11/2014	03 45	7/9/734/13					
PERFECT	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN							
10, ST M/	10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN							
Beat Code	1		<u>E.v.44</u>					
Caller			BT BLACKBURN					
Classificat	ion		MISCELLANEOUS ABANDONED/INTERRUPTED CALL					
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE					
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED					
Closing T	/peL1		2. ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR					
Closing T	Closing Type L2		COMMUNITY					
Brief Deta	Brief Details							
00205/171	00205/171114 NO DIRECT SPEACH MADE SOUND OF AN ARGUMENT GOING ON - MALE S FEMALE - T-MOBILE - E471489 N173533							

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
130	28/11/2014	03 38	7/9/734/13
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			<u>173.22</u>
Caller			ET
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	e L1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type L2			SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Details			
NEED OFFI	CERS TO SIG		

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
<u> G</u>]	18/01/2015	03 33	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FR	LIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2L1	3
Beat Code			<u>1. A.2.1</u>
Caller			ET
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result:			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION
Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	L2:		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Details			
fight			

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
1.97	24/01/2015	03 26	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	FRIED CHICKEN	J.	
10, ST M/	ARYS BUTTS, REA	ADING, RGI	21.N
Beat Code	e:		$\frac{1:\Lambda+1}{2}$
Caller			
Classifica	tion		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing T	ype L I		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing T	ype L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Deta	ils		
00010/040			ODOLDIN CALLED HAR NO IDEA MURDE HER ON AN AUTOM

00312/240115: DISORCER IN THE BACKGROUND - CALLER HAS NO IDEA WHERE HE IS ONLY THAT HE HIS IN PERFECT CHICKEN. E = 486795 N = 165163 WHICH COME B ACK TO THE MIDDLE OF NO WHERE BTN CROWTHORNE AND BRACKNELL.

URN	Date	Time:	Location Reference
77	02/04/2015	02 44	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FR	JED CHICKEN		
10, ST MARY	(S BUTTS, READ	ING, RG1 2LM	1
Beat Code			<u>F 5 44</u>
Caller		•	
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	L1.		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	L2		CIVIL DISPUTE
Brief Details			

00140/020415-I'M OUTSIDE KEBAB SHOP CALLED PERFECT CHICKEN AND PIZZA EXP RESS IN TOWN CENTRE IN READING CALLER ALLEDGING THAT AN AGGRESSIVE DOOR MAN HAS STOLEN 6\$5 AFTER CALLER DROPPED IT ON THE FLOOR AND SAID CALLER HAD NOT DROPPED IT. CALLER NOT ANSWERING Q'S ETC

URN	Date	Time.	Location Reference	
-40	15/05/2015	03.45	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FR	JED CHICKEN			
10, ST MARY	'S BUTTS, READ	ING, RGI 2LI	1	
Beat Code			<u>144</u>	
Caller			ET	
Classification			EMERGENCY	
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED	
Closing Type	LL		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE	
Closing Type L2			SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH	
Brief Details				
SIG ARE CALLING UP - CAN HEAR DISTURBANCE IN THE BACK GROUND				

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference		
-0-	01/06/2015	11 29	7/9/734/13		
PERFECT FR	PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2LN					
Beat Code			£ 14-		
Caller:			DALVINDER JAHGHA	RA (IMMIGRATION OFFICER)	
Classification			MISCELLANEOUS	EQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE	

Response	TELEPHONE RESOLUTION
Result	NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION
Closing Type L1	5. ADMINISTRATION
Closing Type L2	MESSAGES
Brief Details	
*** VIA FORCE CONTROL *** REQUES	T FOR ASSISTANCE FOR IMMIGRATION CHECKS

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference		
101	04/08/2015	03 32	7/9/734/13		
PERFECT FR	LIED CHICKEN				
10, ST MARY	10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN				
Beat Code			1-5-44		
Caller					
Classification:			MISCELLANEOUS : DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE		
Response			IMMEDIATE		
Result			FORCE REPORT		
Closing Type	LE		1 CRIME		
Closing Type	L2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON		
Brief Details					
00227/04081	00227/040815 FIGITT (20 PERSON MALES AND FEMALE) -O S PFC - MAINLY 2 FEM ALES				

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
231	12/09/2015	04 22	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			<u>EA.44</u>
Caller			EAS61
Classification	1:		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			URGENT ATTENDANCE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type L1			3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type L2			SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Details			
DISTURBAI	NCE		
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference:
2-1.1	28/11/2015	04:14	7/9/734/13

PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN	
10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code	<u>1444</u>
Caller	EA385 551 WIGLEY CONSTABLE
Classification	EMERGENCY
Response	IMMEDIATE
Result	ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type L1	3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type L2	SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Details	
LARGE GROUP OF MALES FIGHT	

URNDateTimeLocation Reference31027/01/201610:017/9/734/13PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN

Beat Code 2.544 ΕT Caller MISCELLANEOUS SUS CIRCS/INC/PERSON/VEHICLE Classification URGENT ATTENDANCE Response NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION Result Closing Type L1 3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH Closing Type L2 Brief Details MALE EJECTED FROM SIG

URN	Date	Time:	Location Reference	
UKIY	Date	Tune	Education reference	
7.1	02/02/2016	02:05	7/9/734/13	
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN			
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L	N	
Beat Code			<u>EA44</u>	
Caller			RICHARD STUNT PC 6569	
Classification			CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER	
Response			IMMEDIATE	
Result:			PERSON ARRESTED	
Closing Type L1			1. CRIME	
Closing Type L2:			VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON	
Brief Details.				
00137/020216 5 INVOLEVED ONE MAIN AGREESIVE IC1 MALE NIN JA TURTLES OUTFIT **43160031618**				

	_		
URN	Date.	Time	Location Reference
254	06/02/2016	05 03	7/9/734/13
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			$\frac{1}{1}$
Caller			ARV1 6266 KENT CONSTABLE
Classification	ne		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Typ	e L I		2 ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
Closing Typ	e L2		COMMUNITY
Brief Details	0		
FEMALE R	EFUSING TO LEA	AVE SIG	

URN	Date	Time:	Location Reference
405	07/03/2016	11.00	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS. REAI	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			$\frac{1}{1}$ $\chi 4 \lambda$
Caller			EA172 17 ARCHARD CONSTABLE
Classification	1;		MISCELLANEOUS : REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	e L I		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	e 1.2		CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Details			
AMB NEED	ED		

	Date 02/04/2016 RIED CHICKEN YS BUTTS, REAL	Time 02 47 DING, RGI 2L4	Location Reference. 7/9/734/13
Caller			
Classification			CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Type	L1s		1 CRIME
Closing Type			VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON
Brief Details			
00329/02041	6 LOTS OF SHOU		ER HAS BEEN HEADBTTED BY STAFF
URN:	Date	Time	Location Reference
03	07/04/2016	03 26	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L	Ν
Beat Code:			<u>E A44</u>
Caller		(
Classification	1		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	ELI:		2. ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
Closing Type	: L2		COMMUNITY
Brief Details			
00159/07041	6 POLISH MALE	HAS ASSAUI	TED CALLER IS STILL AT SIG ATT.
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
11C	08/09/2016	02 49	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			<u>1: 347</u>
Caller			EA102 5644 PESQUERO CONSTABLE
Classification	n		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION
Closing Type			3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type			CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Details			
STREET DF	UNKERS AND FI	GHT BREAKI	NG OUT
URN	Date	Tune	Location Reference
341	24/10/2016	03:28	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2L	N
Beat Code			<u>Hardina</u>
Caller			ET - CCTV
Classificatio	n		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Typ			1 CRIME
Closing Typ	e L2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON

Brief Details SCUFFLE - MALE ON FLOOR

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
63	26/10/2016	01:23	7/9/734/13
PERFECTF	RIED CHICKEN	T	
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA	ADING, RGI 2	2LN
Beat Code			<u>标志, 43</u>
Caller			ET
Classificatio	n:		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response:			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Typ	eLl		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Typ	e L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH
Brief Details			
MALE CAU	ISING DISTURE	BANCE - SHO	UTING FOR CHICKEN
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference

0101	Date	1 may	
35	07/02/2017	04.40	7/9/734/13
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN	1	
10, ST MAF	RYS BUTTS, RE	ADING, RGI 2	2LN
Beat Code			
Caller			
Classificatio	n		MISCELLANEOUS DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE
Response			BY ARRANGEMENT
Result			NO FURTHER POLICE ACTION
Closing Typ	e L1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Typ	e 1.2		CIVIL DISPUTE
Brief Detail	S		
00192/0702	17:CALLER STA	TES HES BE	EN ASSAULTED BY X3 MEMBERS OF STAFF - T HEY HAVE THROWN HIM OUT OF SIG

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
12	04/03/2017	00.24	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	FRIED CHICKEN	I	
10, ST M/	ARYS BUTTS, RE	ADING, RGI	2LN
Beat Code			<u>15 144</u>
Caller:			
Classifica	tion		MISCELLANEOUS FEAR FOR PERSONAL WELFARE
Response			TELEPHONE RESOLUTION
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing T	ype L1:		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing T	ype L2		CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Deta	ails		
00038/04	317 READING CO	OME OUT W	ITH FRIEND AND LEFT HIM AS HE WANTED TO C HAT WITH SOME PEOPL

00038/040317 READING COME OUT WITH FRIEND AND LEFT HIM AS HE WANTED TO C HAT WITH SOME PEOPLE TOLD HIM NOT TO CHAT WITH ANYONE AND CALLED HIM AS KING WHERE HE WAS AND SOMEONE SAID COME TO PERFECT CHICKEN IN READING NE XT TO METRO BANK AND COCONUT BAR

 URN
 Date
 Time
 Location Reference

 124
 05/07/2017
 02 38
 7/9/734/13

 PERFECT FRIED CHICKEN
 10, ST MARYS BUTTS, READING, RGI 2LN

 Beat
 1.0.44

Code Caller CRIME ASSAULT/OTHER Classification Response IMMEDIATE Result ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE Closing Type L1 SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH Closing Type L2: Brief Details 00208/050717: MALE BOASTING ABOUT STABBING SOMEONE AND STATED WILL STAB S OMEONE ELSE. DESCRIPTION - RED TSHIRT WHITE MALE. URN Date Time Location Reference

Sep 7	05/07/2017	11 41	7/9/734/13
PERFECT	FRIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MA	RYS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2	LN
Beat Code			<u>11.\.4.4</u>
Caller			
Classificat	ion		MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ALL IN ORDER
Closing Ty	/pe L1		3. PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Ty	/pe L2		CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
Brief Deta	ils		
01287/050	717 CALLER HAS	BEEN ASKE	D TO LEAVE SIG - REFUSING PERFECT CHICKEN ST MARYS BUTTS

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
119	08/09/2017	04 02	7/9/734/13
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RG1 2LI	N
Beat Code			<u>12.332</u>
Caller			UNKNOWN
Classification	1		MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS
Response:			IMMEDIATE
Result			FORCE REPORT
Closing Type	e L1		1. CRIME
Closing Type	eL2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON
Brief Details			
00204/08091	7 OUTSIDE THE	CHICKEN SH	OP - 6 PEOPLE - FIP

U	RN	Date	Time	Location Reference
3	1	02/04/2018	01 39	7/9/734/13
Р	ERFECT FF	IED CHICKEN		
10	0, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RG1 2L1	7
В	eat Code			12次112
С	aller			
C	lassification	5		CRIME ROBBERY
R	esponse			IMMEDIATE
R	lesult:			FORCE REPORT
C	losing Type	LI		1 CRIME
C	losing Type	L2		VIOLENCE AGAINST THE PERSON
E	Brief Details			
0	0152/02041	8 ROBBERY - JU	ST HAPPENE	D AT SIG LOCATION - CALLERS FRIEND HA S BEEN ASSAULTED AND PURSE STOLEN.

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
11.1	30/09/2018	01:17	7/9/734/13
PERFECT FI	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAI	DING, RGI 2L	N
Beat Code			<u>E.A.4.4</u>
Caller			
Classification	Ċ.		MISCELLANEOUS INCIDENT
Response			IMMEDIATE
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	Ll		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	L2		CIVIL DISPUTE
Brief Details			
00149/30091	8 CUSTOMERS /	RE HITTING	CALLERS TAXI
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
1251	12/06/2019	19.57	7/9/734/13
	RIED CHICKEN		
	YS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RGI 2L	
Beat Code			EN44
Caller			PC VINCE MOORE
Classification	1;		MISCELLANEOUS INCIDENT
Response			TELEPHONE RESOLUTION
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED
Closing Type	LI		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
Closing Type	e L2		ABSCOND/AWOL/WANT/COURT ORDBAIL
Brief Details			
ARREST FO	R PNC ID		
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference
1.32	22/07/2019	03 01	7/9/734/13
PERFECT F			
	RIED CHICKEN		
10, ST MAR	RIED CHICKEN YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RGI 2L	.N
		DING, RGI 2L	
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RGI 2L	<u>1.744</u>
10, ST MAR Beat Code	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RGI 2L	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RGI 2L	<u>1.744</u>
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RGI 2L	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response	YS BUTTS, REA n.	DING, RGI 2L	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS
10, ST MAR Beat Code: Caller Classificatio Response Result	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L 1	DING, RGI 2L	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L 1 e L 2	DING, RGI 2L	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Drief Details	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L 1 e L 2 s		MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Drief Details	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L 1 e L 2 s		MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L 1 e L 2 r 9 MALE SHOUT	ING SHOUTI	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Drief Details 00193/2207	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 y: I9 MALE SHOUT Date	ING SHOUTIN	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Drief Details 00193/2207 URN	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 :: I9 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019	ING SHOUTI	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/22073 URN	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 I9 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE. Location Reference 7/9/734/13
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/22073 URN 3-4 PERFECT F 10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 :: I9 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE. Location Reference 7/9/734/13
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller. Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207 URN 4 PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code.	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 I9 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE. Location Reference 7/9/734/13
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller. Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207: URN <u>5-4</u> PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code. Caller:	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 y MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE. Location Reference 7/9/734/13
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller. Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207 URN 4 PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code.	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 y MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE.
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller. Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207: URN <u>5-4</u> PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code. Caller:	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 y MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE.
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207 URN <u>14</u> PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code. Caller: Classificatio	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 y MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 RIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE.
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/22073 URN 44 PERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code. Caller: Classificatio Response	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 :: I9 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 :RIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA n.	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE.
10, ST MAR Beat Code Caller Classificatio Response Result Closing Typ Brief Details 00193/2207 URN LIRN HERFECT F 10, ST MAR Beat Code. Caller: Classificatio Response Result:	YS BUTTS, REA n. e L1 e L2 r 19 MALE SHOUT Date 10/09/2019 rRIED CHICKEN RYS BUTTS, REA n n	TING SHOUTIN Time: 01 09	MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS IMMEDIATE ENQUIRY COMPLETED 3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE CONCERN/SAFETY/COLLPSE/INJ/TRAP NG AND THREATENING PEOPLE. Location Reference 7/9/734/13

Details

Closing Type L1

Closing Type L2

MALE HAS BEEN KNOCKED OUT BY ANOTHER

URN	Date	Time	Location Reference			
(1)	27/12/2019	03 43	7/9/734/13			
PERFECT FF	UED CHICKEN					
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REAL	DING, RG1 2L	N			
Beat Code			11.5.44			
Caller						
Classification	20		MISCELLANEOUS ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS			
Response			IMMEDIATE			
Result			ENQUIRY COMPLETED			
Closing Type	L1		3 PUBLIC SAFETY / WELFARE			
Closing Type	: L2		SUS CIRCUMSTANCE/INSEC PREM/VEH			
Brief Details						
00204/27121	9 HAS BEEN PU	NCHED BY IC	I M 6FT BLUE JEANS			
URN	Date	Time	Location Reference			
213	05/01/2020	05 07	7/9/734/13			
PERFECT F	RIED CHICKEN					
10, ST MAR	YS BUTTS, REA	DING, RG1 2I	N			
Beat Code			11×42			
Caller:						
Classification			CRIME HATE INCIDENT			
Response			IMMEDIATE			
Result			FORCE REPORT			

I CRIME

Brief Details 00268/050120 RACIST INSULT - HAPPENED JUST NOW - A RACIST WORD IS PUTA - MEANING PUSSY - WAS AT CHICKEN SHOP FRIEND IS SPANISH AND WORD WAS SAID TO HER SAID BY SERVER. CALLER SCREAMING

OTH NOTIFIABLE OFF INC WEAPONS

Appendix JC-2



Name of Officer	Rober	Robert Smalley							
Type of Application	Review of a Premises Licence - Licensing Act 2003								
Name of Premises	Favourite Chicken & Pizza								
Address	10 St Marys Butts								
	Reading								
	RG1 2LN								
Licensable Activities	Provision of Late Night Refreshment								
Finish Times	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun		
Finish Times	0500	0500	0500	0500	0500	0500	0500		

Content of Application:

The application was submitted on 16/01/2020 by PC Simon Wheeler on behalf of the Chief Constable of Thames Valley Police for the review of the premises licence at the above address. The review has been submitted in relation to sustained high levels of crime and disorder occurring inside and outside the premises that undermines the licensing objectives of Prevention of Crime and Disorder, Prevention of Public Nuisance and Public Safety.

The police are a named responsible authority under the Licensing Act 2003.

The Premises is located within the Council's Cumulative Impact Area. Licensing Officer's Comments:

Reading Borough Council, acting as a responsible authority, fully support the application to review the premises licence for Favourite Chicken & Pizza. We also support the recommendation that the premises licence either be revoked or have the hours for late night refreshment reduced.

The premises currently has the benefit of a premises licence (LP9000431) held by Mr Mohammed Saleem that authorises the provision of Late Night Refreshment Monday to Sunday - 2300hrs to 0500hrs. This is attached as Appendix RS-1.

There have been several incidents of crime and disorder occurring both inside and outside the premises over a number of years. These amount to a serious undermining of the licensing objectives of prevention of crime and disorder, prevention of public nuisance and public safety.

The premises was originally issued a licence under the Licensing Act 2003 in December 2005 for the provision of Late Night Refreshment. The hours granted were until 0300hrs Sunday to Thursday and 0330hrs Friday to

Saturday. Appendix RS-2 shows that the levels of crime for this area between 2008 and 2010 were very high and based on these statistics a police investigation was conducted and found that the premises had been trading to 0500hrs for a number of years. A performance meeting between TVP and the licence holder Mr Mohammed Saleem (represented by Mr Bill Donne) was held on 15/11/2010. The outcome of this meeting was that the licensee did not agree to a proposed reduction of hours for late night refreshment to 0200hrs or even to a reduction of hours on Friday and Saturday to 0300hrs. However, just before a review of the licence was submitted by Thames Valley Police the premises licence holder did reduce the hours on Friday and Saturday to 0300hrs via minor variation in December 2010. Following this reduction and the fact that the premises was now operating within the hours authorised by the licence, the levels of crime decreased, however, it must be noted that any level of crime generated by a licensed premises is an undermining of the objective of prevention of crime and disorder.

In 2011 the licence was varied to extend the hours to 0400hrs and then in 2014 a licence was issued with the terminal hour now being 0500hrs. **Appendix RS-2** shows that following these extensions in hours crime levels increased.

CCTV footage submitted by the police as part of the review application demonstrates the types of crime and disorder that are occurring in relation to this premises/ the St Mary's Butts area. The timecodes of this footage range from midnight to past 0500hrs.

It is important to note that St Mary's Butts requires more police attention than any other area of the town centre, despite the disparity in the concentration of licensed premises with other areas, such as Friar Street that has many more licensed premises. Evidence of this is attached as **Appendix** -**RS-2**

Licensing team interactions with the premises:

The premises has been inspected by officers from Reading Borough Council and each time has been found to be in breach of the conditions of their premises licence.

Appendix RS-3 contains a letter sent by licensing enforcement officer Jean Champeau to the licence holder following an inspection in October 2013. During this visit the premises was unable to evidence that date and time stamps were being recorded as per condition (a) under Annex 3 of licence LP8000190. Further to this, no part A of the premises licence could be produced for inspection contrary to section 57 of the Licensing Act 2003.

Appendix RS-4 contains a letter sent by licensing enforcement officer Anthony Chawama to the licence holder following an inspection in August 2018. This inspection highlighted a number of issues found at the premises including breaches of conditions relating to CCTV, door supervisors, staff training and incident registers all contained within licence LP9000431. All of these breaches were found to still be occurring in December 2019 following an inspection by Thames Valley police as detailed in their application appendices.

The approach of the Licensing Team:

The Responsible Authorities named in the Licensing Act 2003 must ensure that the licensing objectives are all actively promoted to **prevent** crime and disorder, **prevent** public nuisance, protect children from harm and ensure public safety. All four licensing objectives are of equal importance.

Secretary of State's Guidance (April 2018)

11.7 In every case, any application for a review must relate to particular premises in respect of which there is a premises licence or club premises certificate and must be relevant to the promotion of one or more of the licensing objectives. Following the grant or variation of a licence or certificate, a complaint regarding a general issue in the local area relating to the licensing objectives, such as a general (crime and disorder) situation in a town centre, should generally not be regarded as a relevant representation unless it can be positively tied or linked by a causal connection to particular premises, which would allow for a proper review of the licence or certificate. For instance, a geographic cluster of complaints, including along transport routes related to an individual public house and its closing time, could give grounds for a review of an existing licence as well as direct incidents of crime and disorder around a particular public house.

11.10 Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it is good practice for them to give licence holders early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns. A failure by the holder to respond to such warnings is expected to lead to a decision to apply for a review. Co-operation at a local level in promoting the licensing objectives should be encouraged and reviews should not be used to undermine this cooperation.

11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement - either orally or in writing - that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker.

11.19 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate, it may take any of the following steps:
modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition),

for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;

• exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption); remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;

- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- revoke the licence.

11.20 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review.

11.23 Licensing authorities should also note that modifications of conditions and exclusions of licensable activities may be imposed either permanently or for a temporary period of up to three months. Temporary changes or suspension of the licence for up to three months could impact on the business holding the licence financially and would only be expected to be pursued as an appropriate means of promoting the licensing objectives or preventing illegal working. So, for instance, a licence could be suspended for a weekend as a means of deterring the holder from allowing the problems that gave rise to the review to happen again. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. But where premises are found to be trading irresponsibly, the licensing authority should not hesitate, where appropriate to do so, to take tough action to tackle the problems at the premises and, where other measures are deemed insufficient, to revoke the licence.

The Council's Statement of Licensing Policy:

6.19 Late night food outlets are a major contributor to crime and disorder and anti-social behaviour within Reading. Applicants who wish to provide hot food or drink after 2300hrs and up to 0500hrs, will need to demonstrate that their proposed operation will not exacerbate issues of crime and disorder in locality. that

6.20 Applicants for late night refreshment are expected to take cognisance of the Secretary of State's Guidance and to include appropriate and proportionate measures within their operating schedule to assist in actively promoting the licensing objectives.

6.21 The licensing authority will expect all applicants who wish to provide late night refreshment to include measures for adequate staff training;

measures to ensure that no public nuisance occurs from the premises as well as additional measures to assist in crime prevention such as CCTV and door supervisors.

6.22 Public nuisance can often occur from takeaways being sited in residential areas. This could be in relation to the use of delivery vehicles and the congregating of customers outside the premises. Applicants are expected to make an assessment of their proposed locality and implement measures to avoid disturbing local residents such as the use of electric bikes and the implementation of a dispersal policy.

6.23 Where it is practical, the authority will also look to ensure that all packaging used for the provision of hot food and drink shall be made of recyclable materials or be biodegradable. This will include all fixed premises and static vans.

7.1 The Licensing Act 2003 gives the licensing authority the power to make decisions about the hours during which premises can conduct licensable activities as part of the implementation of this policy. The licensing authority will make appropriate decisions on licensing hours for the locality of each premises. All applications will be considered on its individual merits.

7.2 When an application receives representations, the authority may consider reducing the opening hours and times for licensable activities if it considers it appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives.

7.4 Where it is deemed appropriate and proportionate to do so, the authority may seek to reduce the hours for licensable activities in order to promote an orderly and gradual dispersal from a certain area or certain premises.

7.16 There are concerns about noise, nuisance, crime and disorder and anti social behaviour in respect of premises open late and providing hot food and drink. Operators and potential applicants of late night refreshment venues wishing to open past 11pm will need to demonstrate that there are suitable policies and procedures in place to mitigate any undermining of the licensing objectives from their operation. If suitable practices and policies are not put in place and it is the belief of the Authority that crime and disorder and/or a public nuisance is likely to occur due to the late operation of late night refreshment premises, then the Authority will look at reducing the hours and or (subject to relevant representations being received) removing late night refreshment from an application in its entirety.

9.15 Licensed premises that have a history of non-compliance over a period of months and years and/or incidents of serious crime taking place at that premises, will likely find that the Authority will initiate a review with a view to asking for the licence to be considered for revocation.

9.16 When considering what enforcement action to take, the Authority will always consider what is the most appropriate and proportionate step to

promote the licensing objectives. The Authority is not required to wait for offences to occur before deciding it needs to take appropriate action. Case law - notably East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif - states that the promotion of the licensing objectives requires a prospective consideration of what is warranted in the public interest having regard to the twin considerations of prevention and deterrence. Similarly, the Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act makes clear that there is no requirement for the Authority to wait for the outcome of any criminal proceedings before it initiates any enforcement action. This is the approach that the Authority will take when considering what, if any, action should be taken when condition breaches and other criminal activity is found at licensed premises.

Late night food outlets:

12.31 All applications for late night food establishments are likely to attract representations unless the applicant can demonstrate that there are exceptional reasons to grant such a licence. Late night food outlets are a major contributor to crime and disorder within the late night economy, therefore the general policy is to refuse such applications.

Late night food outlets will need to demonstrate within their operating schedule detailed and robust measures to mitigate issues of crime and disorder associated with operating within the night time economy. It is not acceptable or conducive to the promotion of the licensing objectives for late night food outlets to simply operate to the minimum of standards. Any applicant will be expected to operate to the highest of standards which actively promote the licensing objectives and the provisions outlined in the Council's licensing policy.

Summary:

In summary, this premises, in combination with the 2 other businesses under Mr Saleem's ownership adjacent to this premises, have been a major source of crime and disorder, both in the premises and outside on St Mary's Butts. It must be noted that the crime occurring outside the premises may not always be directly attributable to the premises in that it may not always start inside the premises specifically, however, the fact that the premises is open so late is what draws so many people to the area and the licence holder has not been able to manage the disorder these people generate. This statement can be extrapolated to infer that if the premises was not trading to the late hours that it currently does, the issues with crime and disorder would be greatly reduced because there would be nothing attracting the crowds to the area.

However, the late hours on the licence are not the only factor to be considered when deciding the outcome of this review. The inability of the licence holder to effectively promote the licensing objectives as evidenced by multiple inspections conducted by Reading Borough Council's licensing enforcement officers and officers from Thames Valley Police must be given serious consideration. These inspections found a lack of compliance with the conditions of the premises licence and inadequate security provisions. These issues are compounded by external factors such as levels of intoxication and cars regularly parking outside the premises.

For the previously mentioned reasons it is the recommendation of the Licensing team that the premises licence either be revoked or have the hours for late night refreshment reduced. If the committee is of the opinion that revocation of the licence is not proportionate and that the licence holder is able to operate a business with a premises licence that authorises late night refreshment in Reading Town Centre's Cumulative Impact Area without undermining the licensing objectives, then we would respectfully ask for:

- 1. The terminal hour for licensable activities be reduced to 0100hrs every day. This reduction in hours is supported by the times of the incidents recorded at/near the premises as well as the issues raised and statistics contained within Reading Borough Council's cumulative impact assessment. We are of the belief that if the premises ceased trading at 0100hrs, the licence holder would be better able to promote the licensing objectives.
- 2. The following conditions be amended/attached to the licence:

Replace (a) with (1) below

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(1) The premises licence holder shall ensure the premises' digitally recorded CCTV system cameras shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and recordings shall be kept for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. The entire licensable area shall be covered by the CCTV. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request, subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person in any light. At least one member of staff on the premises at any time during operating hours shall be trained to access and download material from the CCTV system. CCTV signs shall be displayed in public areas.

Replace (d) with (2a, 2b and 2c) below

(d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisors on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(a) The premises shall have FOUR SIA approved door supervisors on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 2300 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(b) The premises shall have TWO SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Sunday nights trade, Monday nights trade, Tuesday nights trade and Wednesday nights trade from 2300 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time;

(2)(c) The premises licence holder shall risk assess the requirement to increase the number of SIA approved door Monday to Sunday whenever late night refreshment is taking place, which should show cognisance of local events such as Fresher's Week, Bank Holiday weekends, Christmas and New Years Eve as non exhaustive examples. The risk assessment must be in writing and available immediately upon request to authorised officers of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police.

Replace (E) with (3) as below

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) Any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work - countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(3) When employed, a register of Door Supervisors shall be kept. The register must show the following details:

(i) Full SIA registration number and name.

(ii) Date and time that the Door Supervisor commenced duty, countersigned by the Duty Manager.

(iii) Date and time that the Door Supervisor finished work, countersigned by the Duty Manager.

(iv) Any occurrence or incident of interest involving crime & disorder or public safety must be recorded giving names of the Door Supervisor involved.

(v) a record will be kept on site of all monthly SIA checks that are made via the register of licence holders via the <u>www.sia.homeoffice.gov.uk</u> website to check the validity of all door staff licences. A scan, photocopy or photographic image of the SIA badge held by each door supervisor shall be recorded and retained in a register along with an ID photo of the individual to ensure that the badge is held by the "correct" person. All records to be retained for twelve months in line with (vi) below.

(vi) The Door Supervisor register shall be kept at the premises and be available for inspection by an authorised Officer from Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request and shall be retained for a period of twelve months.

Replace (f) with (4) as below

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;

(4) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear hi visibility jackets/ tabards in bright green, yellow or orange in order that they can be clearly visible and identifiable at all times to the public and via CCTV both internally and externally. When tabards are worn, hi visibility armbands must also be worn that incorporate displaying SIA badges. If hi visibility full sleeved jackets are worn the PLH must ensure that all door supervisors' badges are also displayed via an easily visible arm band of a different hi visibility colour to the jacket that is being worn.

Add conditions (5) - (16) as below

(5) Whilst Door Supervisors are employed at the premises ALL Door Supervisors working at the premises will be deployed with digitally recording Body Worn Video (BWV). The BWV will be used to record any incidents which occur both inside and outside of the premises involving customers either entering, exiting or gathering in the vicinity of the premises or in any queue that impact any of the four licensing objectives. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request, subject to the provisions of the Data Protection Act.

(6) All SIA door supervisors employed at the premises will be trained in respect of a Door Supervisors Operational Policy which must be written and provided by the premises licence holder (PLH) and a signed training record to confirm the same will be maintained for production to authorised officers of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police upon request.

(7) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that a written operational policy relating to the safe removal of persons from the premises and/or its immediate vicinity by staff and door supervisors shall be put in place, actively operated and included within the Door Supervisors Operational policy. The policy shall be in written format and made available upon request to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council and Thames Valley Police.

This shall include but not be limited to:

(a) Persons who have been identified by staff as being vulnerable or at risk.

(b) Persons who are refused entry to the premises or refused service within the premises.

(c) Persons who are ejected from the premises.

(8) The Premises Licence Holder (PLH) shall ensure that upon induction all door supervisors employed at the premises receive as a minimum standard written training in a) control and restraint techniques and b) legal training covering the powers and policies relevant to their role. Refresher training shall be provided every 6 (six) months and signed records shall be produced upon request to authorised officers of Thames Valley Police and Reading Borough Council. Written records for both induction and refresher training are to be kept for a minimum of 2 (two) years of the date of training.

(9) The premises licence holder shall participate, as far as is practicable, in the Local Town safe Radio Scheme when the premises are open for licensable activities.

(10) The premises licence holder or nominated representative shall keep and maintain all right to work documents for all staff members. Right to work documents shall be kept at the premises and produced to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

(11) Clearly legible and suitable notices shall be displayed at all exits requesting customers to respect the needs of local residents and to leave the premises and area quietly. Staff shall be available to assist in the dispersal of customers at the cessation of licensable activities each evening.

(12) The premises shall implement, operate and maintain a policy to manage dispersal of customers from the premises. The policy shall be in written form and all staff shall be trained in how to operate it. The policy shall be produced to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

(13) All packaging and utensils for use by customers shall be made of biodegradable or recyclable materials;

(14) Staff shall actively discourage and disperse persons who congregate outside the premises so as to minimise disturbance to local residents;

(15) Children under the age of 18 years shall not be permitted on the premises after 23:00 hours. The premises licence holder or duly nominated representative shall put in place processes for identifying customers under 18 and written signed training provided to all staff and door supervisors detailing how to deal with any potential conflict arising from the refusal of service.

(16) Staff employed shall undergo training in relation to the Licensing Act 2003 regarding late night refreshment upon induction. This shall include, but not be limited to understanding the four licensing objectives. Such training sessions are to be documented and refreshed every six months. All training sessions are to be documented in English. Records of training shall be kept for a minimum of one year and be made available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

I. The Prevention of Crime and Disorder.

II. Public Safety.

III. Public Nuisance.

IV. The Protection of Children from Harm.

Replace (g) with (17) as below

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

17. An incident book/ register shall be maintained to record all incidents of crime and disorder occurring at the premises. The register shall record a description of the incident, a descriptions of any persons involved in the incident, the person recording the incident and details of whether the police were called. This book/register shall be available to an authorised Officer of Reading Borough Council or Thames Valley Police upon request.

NB: The applicant shall not conduct licensable activities until the above measures are in place and it is confirmed to the Licensing Authority that the conditions are being fully complied with. Any licensable activity that takes place at the premises not in accordance with a licence is an offence under Section 136 of the Licensing Act 2003.

Relevant Case law for consideration

(R) on the application of Hope and Glory Public House v Westminster City Council (2011) EWCA Civ31 East Lindsey District Council v Abu Hanif (2016)

Daniel Thwaites plc v Wirral Magistrates' Court and Others

Appendices Appendix RS-1: Copy of the current premises licence Appendix RS-2: Crime statistics relating to the premises and St Mary's Butts Appendix RS-3: Premises inspection results letter from inspection conducted by Jean Champeau Appendix RS-4: Premises inspection results letter from inspection conducted by Anthony Chawama

Date Received	16/01/2020	Date Due	13/0)2/20	20
		Da	te 05	02	2020



Appendix Rs-1

Working better with you

LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, HEREBY GRANT a PREMISES LICENCE as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number LP9000431

Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Favourite Chicken & Pizza 10 St Marys Butts Reading RG1 2LN Telephone Number

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs

Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public		
Monday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Tuesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Wednesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Thursday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Friday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Saturday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	
Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs	

Alcoho

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Mr Mohammed Saleem Name: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading, RG1 2LN Address:

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

This Licence shall continue in force from 18/10/2017 unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 13 November 2017

Head of Environment & Neighbourhood Services

Shsaffell

Annex 1

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises—

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;

(e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).

Supply of Tap Water (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification Policy (commencement 01/10/2014)

1. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

2. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

3. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

(a) a holographic mark, or

(b) an ultraviolet feature.

Drink Measurements (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that-

(a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—

(i) beer or cider: ½ pint;

(ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;

(b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and

(c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

Minimum Permitted Pricing (commencement 28th May 2014) 1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price. 2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1-(a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979; (b)"permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-P = D + (DxV)where-(i) P is the permitted price, (ii) D is the rate of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and (iii) \tilde{V} is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol; (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence-(i) the holder of the premises licence, (ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence; (d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and (e) "valued added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994 3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from the paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that subparagraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny. 4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax. 4. (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

N/A

Annex 3

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;

(c) The area outside the premise shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;

(d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time and one SIA approved door supervisor at all other times when the premises is open past 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time.

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work -

countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

Annex 4

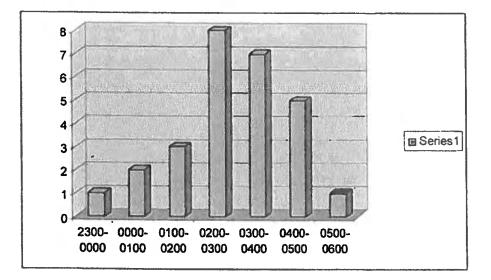
<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan no. 1409-2b submitted November 2013

Appendix RS-2

to Perfect Fried chicker 01/09/2008 and 30/09/2010	ce Numbered calls directly linked n for a 2 year period between 0 concerning issues of Crime & isorder.
2300 - 0000	1
0000 - 0100	2
0100 - 0200	3
0200 - 0300	8
0300 - 0400	7
0400 - 0500	5
0500 - 0600	1
Total Incidents	27

15 incidents occurred between 0200 - 0400 = 56% of the total of all Crime & disorder incidents occurring during late night refreshment hours, and including the hours where the shop has been trading in breach of their Licence conditions.

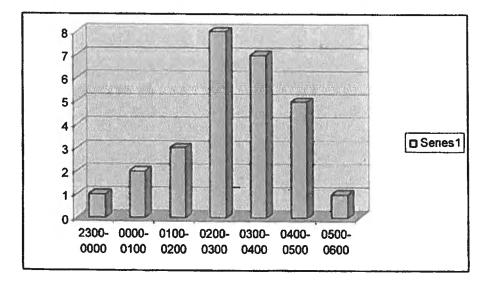


It can be seen that after the hour of 2300 when late night refreshment commences at this premises, that incidents steadily rise to a plateau peak starting at 0200 which remains steady until 0400 hours. Incidents then slowly decrease after 0400 until the premises was closing at 0500. It is worth noting also the large number and types of incidents which occurred during the hours the shop was opening outside of their allowed Licensed times.

The Unique Reference Numbered calls that this relate to are listed in the appendix and show that 100% of all these incidents from 2300 onwards relate to Anti Social Behaviour, Violence, Assaults and Public Safety issues. They cannot be questioned as to their direct relationship to this premise.

outside vicinity of Perfect Fr 05/01/2008 and 17/09/2010	ce Numbered calls relating to the ried chicken for a period between concerning issues of Crime & sorder.
2300 - 0000	2
0000 - 0100	2
0100 - 0200	3
0200 - 0300	12
0300 - 0400	18
0400 - 0500	11
0500 - 0600	1
Total Incidents	49

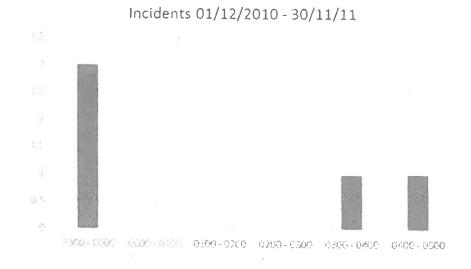
30 incidents occurred between 0200 - 0400 = 61% of the total of all Crime & disorder incidents occurring during late night refreshment hours, and including the hours where the shop has been trading in breach of their Licence conditions.



It can be seen that after the hour of 2300 when late night refreshment commences at this premises, that incidents steadily rise and increase drastically from 0200 onwards to a peak between 0300 and 0400 hours. Incidents then slowly decrease after 0400 until the premise was closing at 0500.

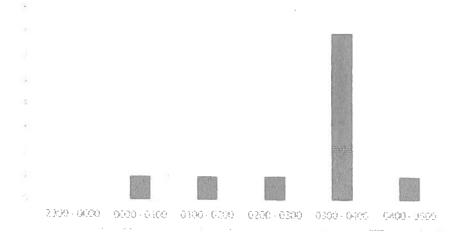
Please note that these figures relate to incidents which either occurred outside of the 24 month period of our initial appendix, or which occur in the direct "Vicinity" of the premise. We believe these incidents should be attributed to the presence of Perfect fried chicken and would predominantly not have taken place if it not for the presence of the shop. However we cannot state categorically this as fact and include all full URN's for your information, so as to make an informed decision as to how much weight to place on these statistics as presented.

Perfect Chicken & Ribs for a	ce Numbered calls relating to period between 01/12/2010 and ssues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	3
0000 - 0100	0
0100 - 0200	0
0200 - 0300	0
0300 - 0400	1
0400 - 0500	1
Total Incidents	5



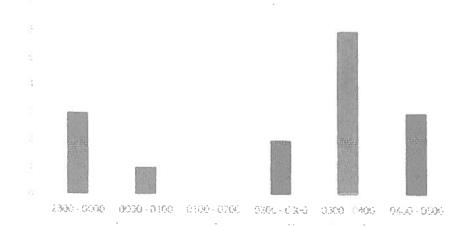
Perfect Chicken & Ribs for a	ce Numbered calls relating to period between 01/12/2011 and ssues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	0
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	1
0200 - 0300	1
0300 - 0400	7
0400 - 0500	1
Total Incidents	11

01/12/2011 - 30/11/2012

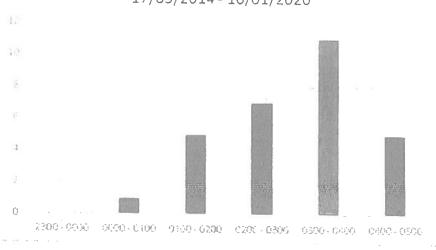


Perfect Chicken & Ribs for a	nce Numbered calls relating to a period between 01/12/2012 and issues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	3
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	0
0200 - 0300	2
0300 - 0400	6
0400 - 0500	3
Total Incidents	15

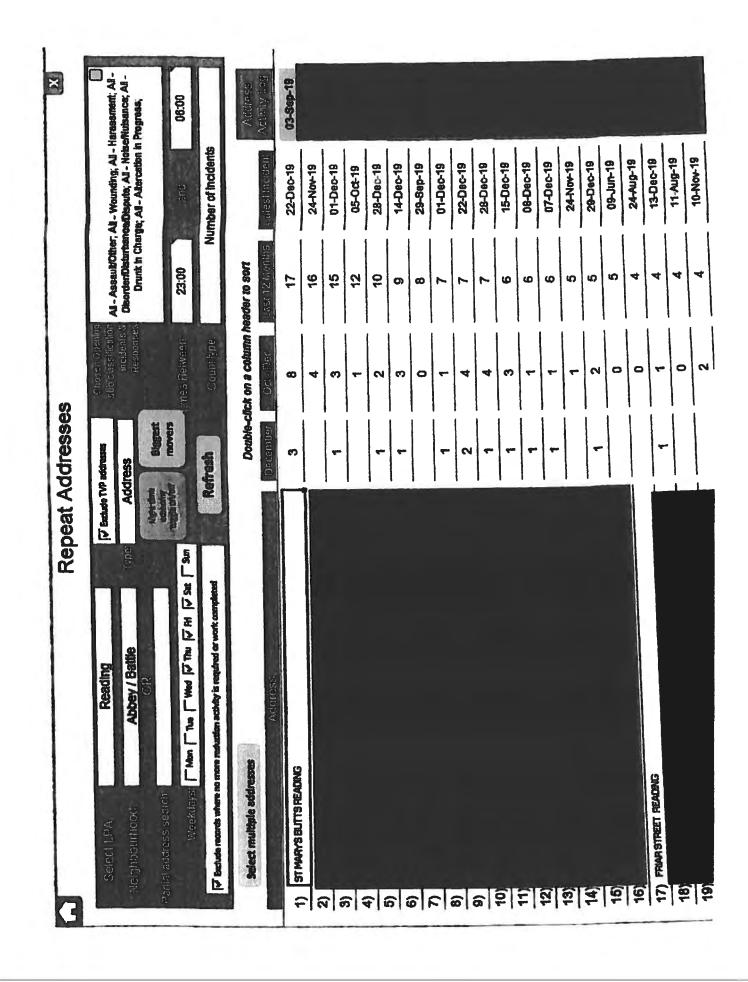
01/12/12 - 16/03/14



Perfect Chicken & Ribs for a	nce Numbered calls relating to period between 17/03/2014 and ssues of Crime & Disorder.
2300 - 0000	0
0000 - 0100	1
0100 - 0200	5
0200 - 0300	7
0300 - 0400	11
0400 - 0500	5
Total Incidents	29



17/03/2014 - 10/01/2020



Incidents relating to address OSGR ST MARYS BUTTS READING

Data downloaded from the Demand and Vulnerability module on 11/01/2020 10:31:49 covering 24 Months Dec 17- 18

		「「「「「「「「「「「「「「」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」	Address	
URN & Date	amil		ST MARYS BUTTS	
			READING	Immediate
18 - 01-APR-18	00.13		ST MARYS BUTTS	
			READING	Immediate
69 - 15-JUN-19	40:DD		ST MARYS BUTTS	:
	00.70	AI TEDCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
111 - 15-DEC-18	01:20		ST MARYS BUTTS	
	20.10	AI TEPCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
80 - 21-JUN-18	97: 7		ST MARYS BUTTS	
	01:34	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	Immediate
AI - 02-LED-10	2:10		ST MARYS BULLO DEADING	By Arrangement
127 - 15-JUN-19	01:46	ASSAULT/OTHER	ST MARYS BUTTS	
1. A 20		San an and a second second	READING	Immediate
188 - 05-AUG-18	02:03	ALTERCALION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS	
	1. 1. 1. 1.		READING	Immediate
107 - 12-JUL-19	02:12	ALTERCATION IN LAUGHER	ST MARYS BUTTS	Telephone
			READING	Resolution
108 - 30-MAR-18 02:23	02:23	AL IERCATION IN LOCAL	ST MARYS BUTTS	Imadiate
		AI TEPCATION IN PROGRESS	READING	shangitilili
187 - 16-DEC-18 02:28	07:70	1000	ST MARYS BUTTS	Immediate
84 - 11-OCT-19	02:32	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS	
		2.10	READING	Immediate
181 - 22-DEC-19	02:42		ST MARYS BUTTS	Immediate
04.CN 84 141	00.00	DISORDER/DISTURBANCE/DISPUTE	READING	

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	12.111.48	A3-26	AI TERCATION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS READING	Immediate
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54	254 - 23- 11 IN-18 13:42 A	13.42	AI TERCATION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS READING	Immediate
5 8	200 - 14 OCT-18 03:48	03.40		ST MARYS BUTTS READING	By Arrangement
8 9	01-100-10	02-52	AI TERCATION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS READING	Iminediate
	148 - UI-NOV-18 00:05	00.00		ST MARYS BUTTS READING	Immediate
20	202 - 19-000-10 00-58	N3.E8	ALTERCATION IN PROGRESS	ST MARYS BUTTS READING	Immediate
- 10	201 - 24-MAN-10 - 102	05/20		STURANSISLITIC READING	- ALE CONTRACT
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MR M Saleem Perfect Chicken & Ribs 10 St Marys Butts Reading RG1 2LN

vendix RS-

Alison Bell Directorate of Environment and Neighbourhood Services Civic Offices, Reading, RG1 7AE 20118 937 3737 SMS TEXT: 81722

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Fax: 0118 9372 557 Our Ref:LIC/FCFRRE10ST/1

Direct: 20118 9373 762 Option 3 e-mail: jean.champeau@reading.gov.uk

22 October 2013

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Your contact is: Jean Sebastien Champeau, Licensing and Environmental Protection

Dear Mr Saleem

Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence Number: LP8000190 Premises: Perfect Chicken & Ribs Premises Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading

On the 22.October 2013 I visited your premises to ensure you are complying with the above premises licence and advise on any matters that may arise during the inspection.

During my inspection, I found a number of items that require your attention as outlined below/attached.

I was unable to confirm that the CCTV system date and time stamps were in order
 Part A of the premises licence was not available for inspection.

Can you please call me to arrange a suitable time to view part A and see the CCTV system.

Yours faithfully

Jean Sebastien Champeau Senior Licensing & Enforcement Officer



Mr Mohammed Saleem Favourite Chicken & Pizza 10 St Marys Butts Reading RG1 2LN

pendix KS-4

Alison Bell Director of Environment and Neighbourhood Services Civic Offices, Bridge St, Reading, RG1 2LU 2 0118 937 3787

Our Ref:LIC/FCFRRE10ST/1

Direct: 2 0118 9373 762 Option 3 e-mail:

16 August 2018

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Your contact is: Anthony Chawama, Licensing

Dear Mr. Saleem,

Licensing Act 2003 Premises Licence Number:LP9000431 Premises: Favourite Chicken & Pizza Premises Address: 10 St Marys Butts, Reading

At **14:42** on the **15th August 2018** I visited your premises with my colleagues Mr Richard French and Immigration Enforcement officers to ensure you are complying with the above premises licence and advise on any matters that may arise during the inspection.

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During my inspection, I found a number of items that require your attention as outlined below:

1) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;
(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work -

countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council; This is a breach of condition and should be rectified immediately.

2) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading

Appendix RS-1

Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person; This is a breach of condition and should be rectified immediately.

- 3) There was no training records on the premises. However, you claimed a council officer from food safety team advice you to update some of your records the previous day that's why you took it home for update.
- 4) You the licence holder only knew three of the four licensing objectives. These should be refreshed with all staff members and be included in their staff training. This is a breach of condition and should be rectified immediately.
- 5) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

Advisories:

6) Whilst it was not mentioned during the inspection, we are advising all licence holders in Reading that they must ensure all staff have the right to work in the UK. Home Office Immigration Enforcement are now a Responsible Authority under the Licensing Act 2003 and have attended a number of premises with us where illegal workers have been found. It is recommended that all right to work documents are checked before anyone commences employment and that those documents are kept securely on site in case they wish to view them.

Please rectify all of the above within 28 days and notify me when this has been done.

Should you wish to discuss the issues, please telephone me on the number above, during office hours.

Yours faithfully

Anthony Chawama Senior Licensing & Enforcement Officer

Appendic' JC-3

From: waseem.raja < Sent: 09 February 2020 21:15 To: Licensing <<u>Licensing@reading.gov.uk</u>> Subject: Review or Premises License for Favourite Chicken & Pizza, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading Berkshire, RG1 2LN.*fwd to cm4 by li*

This is an EXTERNAL EMAIL. STOP. THINK before you CLICK links or OPEN attachments.

Representation letter

Waseem Raja

Dear licensing department

Re: Review or Premises License for Favourite Chicken & Pizza, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading Berkshire, RG1 2LN.

To whom it may concern,

I've been going to the chicken shop for years in the night and day. I've never seen any crime and disorder while I've been there. I don't see why Police want to close it down. Its the only place to eat at the end of the night! The police keep trying to close everywhere good down.They don't want young people to enjoy themselves. It's actually a joke! Please keep it open till late. Best chicken shop in Reading.

Kind regards,

Waseem Raja.

Your name: Kevin Bakermault Your address: Your postcode: Your contact:

Dear licensing department

Re: Review of Premises License for Favourite Chicken & Pizza, 10 St Mary's Butts, Reading Berkshire, RG1 2LN.

To whom it may concern.

I can't believe Thames Valley Police want to close the chicken shop early.

Me and my friends go out in town, and use that chicken shop all the time...

And we've never seen any trouble. It's been a stable for people going out in town for what seems forever, and part of so many peoples experience of their night-out, to know we're going to end the night with great food from a great and safe food place.

Obviously it's early hours and I'd imagine ANY place that's open would get the odd few people that's had a bit too much, but that goes without saying.

Also to be fair to the staff, they handle people so well.

Most of the time they know the regulars by name.

It'll be a massive loss to so many people of Reading and beyond if the chicken shop was forced to close late in the night.

Nowhere else good to eat.

Me and my friends have been going there for years on end and we really hope this doesn't happen. It'll feel like a punishment to the many I people of Reading who I know go to this place to eat and enjoy it as much as I do.

Please take what I have said into consideration.

Kind regards

Name: Kevin Bakermault Signed: K BAKERMAULT

1

Maria McDonald

Reading

Tel

Representation Letter

Re: Premises Licence Review for Favourite Chicken & Pizza, 10 St Mary's Butts , Reading, RG12LN.

Dear Sir/Madam

I am writing to make a representation under the licensing act for Favourite Chicken & Pizza, under the crime and disorder and public safety objectives.

I was very upset to learn that Thames Valley Police are looking to reduce the trading hours of Favourite chicken & Pizza, knowing full well that they are not the cause of concern in St Mary's Butts. I have been going out for years in Reading Town Centre and I've never experienced or witnessed any trouble while I've been inside the chicken shop.

Security there do a wonderful job maintaining order around the vicinity.

However on the odd occasion that I have witnessed an incident it's always been in the streets, so how you can tie that up to a chicken shop is beyond me.

Blaming a chicken shop is the easy way out for TVP.... That shop is the only place to get decent food after a night out!

and when bars a clubs dont close till early morning its essential that the shop keeps its trading hours as it is, otherwise where else is there to go?!

99% of the public shouldn't have to suffer because of 1% idiots fighting up the road.

I understand that my personal details will be disclosed.

Yours Faithfully

Maria McDonald

From: Luke Awbery < ______ >
Sent: 10 February 2020 19:19
To: Licensing <<u>Licensing@reading.gov.uk</u>>
Subject: Re: Review of premises license for Favourite Chicken and Pizza

This is an EXTERNAL EMAIL. STOP. THINK before you CLICK links or OPEN attachments.

Luke Awbery

To Whom it may concern,

I have recently heard that there is a review currently taking place for the premises license of Favourite Chicken and Pizza. I would just like to say I have been using this establishment for almost 15 years and I have never seen any trouble within the restaurant or outside, it would a shame to see this place closed down or even have the hours reduced as it would mean there is nowhere else in town centre to get decent food at that time of night. I think alot of people would be disappointed as the shop is always packed with customers and I imagine a large portion of these regulars would not have a bad word to say about the fast food shop.

Please consider my view on the situation.

Kind Regards Luke

Name: Paul Newbold To Licensing Dept Reading Borough council Address: Thehurst Reading Civic Offices Bridge Street Postcode: Date: 09/02/2020 Reading RG1-2LU contact :. Representation Letter: RE Premises Licence Review for Faudurite Chicken and Pizza, 10 st Mary's Buts Reading Berkshine RG1-ZLN Dear Sir/Madam I am writing to make a representation under the licencing act for fourture chicken and picza, under the crime and disorder and public safety objectives. I have been visiting Followite chicken for on and OFF the last 20 years, I have never come across my problem because I have been visiting for So long I have come a cross many regular faces; over the years thave seen buly speus and amet Spells but there is never my prober, It would be a share to reduce the hows of it has served the community over the years. I have witnessed a number of times women using the chicken shop as a safe place to valt while they want for a take of their foundy to collet then because everything also is shut at that time. Page 194

please do not reduce the have of this very I truley believe this is a Shelter for Vulnerable people in the early hours of the morning. I have experienced very caring staff to the public and they are extremely helpful your fauthfully Name: pay Neubold signed UNIX COMPANY NOR OBE OFFICIAL Page 195

Appendex JC-4



LICENSING ACT 2003 PREMISES LICENCE - PART A

Reading Borough Council being the Licensing Authority under the above Act, **HEREBY GRANT** a **PREMISES LICENCE** as detailed in this licence.

Premises Licence Number	LP9000431

Premises Details

Trading name of Premises and Address

Favourite Chicken & Pizza 10 St Marys Butts Reading RG1 2LN Telephone Number

Where the Licence is time limited the dates the Licence is valid N/A

Licensable Activities

Licensable Activities authorised by the Licence

Late Night Refreshment - Indoor & Outdoor

Authorised Hours for Licensable Activities

The times the licence authorises the carrying out of licensable activities

Hours for the Provision of Late Night Refreshment

Monday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Tuesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Wednesday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Thursday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Friday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Saturday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs
Sunday	from 2300hrs until 0500hrs

Opening Hours

Hours the Premises is Open to the Public

Monday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Tuesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Wednesday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Thursday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Friday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Saturday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs
Sunday	from 0900hrs until 0530hrs

Alcohol

Where the licence authorises supplies of alcohol whether these are on and/or off supplies

N/A - NO ALCOHOL TO BE SOLD OR SUPPLIED UNDER THE PREMISES LICENCE

Premises Licence Holder

Name, (registered) address of holder of premises licence

Name:Mr Mohammed SaleemAddress:10 St Marys Butts, Reading, RG1 2LN

Additional Details

Name, address and telephone number of designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

Designated Premises Supervisor

Personal Licence number and issuing authority of personal licence held by the designated premises supervisor where the premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol N/A

This Licence shall continue in force from **18/10/2017** unless previously suspended or revoked.

Dated: 13 November 2017

Head of Environment & Neighbourhood Services

Shisattell

Annex 1

Mandatory Conditions

Supply of Alcohol

To be applied where a premises licence authorises the supply of alcohol

- 1 No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
 - a) at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
 - b) at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended
- 2 Every supply of alcohol made under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

Film Exhibitions

To be applied only where a premises licence or club premises certificate authorises the exhibitions of films

- 1 The admission of children to any exhibition of any film must be restricted in accordance with section 20 of Part 3 of the Licensing Act 2003.
- 2 In the case of films which have been classified by the British Board of Film Classification admission of children to films must be restricted in accordance with that classification.
- 3 In the case of films which have not been classified by the British Board of Film Classification, admission of children must be restricted in accordance with any recommendation made by the Licensing Authority.

Door Supervisors

To be applied where a premises licence or club premises certificate includes a condition that any person must be at the premises to carry out a security activity. [Except premises with a premises licence authorising only plays or films or premises used exclusively by a club].

1 Each individual present at the licensed premises to carry out a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority.

Responsible Drink Promotions (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.

2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises—

(a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-

(i) drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or

(ii) drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise);

(b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;

(d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner;

(e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).

Supply of Tap Water (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.

Age Verification Policy (commencement 01/10/2014)

1. The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder must ensure that an age verification policy is adopted in respect of the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.

2. The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy.

3. The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph, date of birth and either—

(a) a holographic mark, or

(b) an ultraviolet feature.

Drink Measurements (commencement date 01/10/2014)

1. The responsible person must ensure that-

(a) where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available to customers in the following measures—

(i) beer or cider: 1/2 pint;

(ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25 ml or 35 ml; and

(iii) still wine in a glass: 125 ml;

(b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises; and

(c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available."

Minimum Permitted Pricing (commencement 28th May 2014)

1. A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.

2. For the purposes of the condition set out in paragraph 1–

(a)"duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979;

(b)"permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula-

P = D + (DxV)

where-

(i) P is the permitted price,

(ii) D is the rate of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol, and

(iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date of the sale or supply of the alcohol;
(c) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence—

(i) the holder of the premises licence,

(ii) the designated premises supervisor (if any) in respect of such a licence, or (iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;

(d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and

(e) "valued added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994

3. Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from the paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.

4. (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a change to the rate of duty or value added tax.

4. (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.

Annex 2

Conditions Consistent with the Operating Schedule

N/A

Annex 3

Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Authority

(a) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure the premises digitally recorded CCTV system camera shall continually record whilst the premises are open to the public and the recordings shall be kept available for a minimum of 31 days with time and date stamping. Data recordings shall be made immediately available to an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police together with facilities for viewing upon request. Recorded images shall be of such quality as to be able to identify the recorded person;

(b) Two litter bins shall be kept by the exit at all times;

(c) The area outside the premise shall be cleared of all litter at the close of business;

(d) The premises shall have two SIA approved door supervisor(s) on a Thursday nights trade, Friday nights trade and Saturday nights trade from 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time and one SIA approved door supervisor at all other times when the premises is open past 0000 hours until the last customer has left the premises at closing time.

(e) The Premises Licence Holder shall keep and maintain a register of door supervisors. The register shall show the following details:

(i) The name, home address and registration number of all door supervisors working at the premises;

(ii) SIA registration number;

(iii) date and time that the door supervisor commenced duty - countersigned by the duty manager;

(iv) any occurrence or incident which undermines the licensing objectives must be recorded giving names of door supervisors involved and the date of occurrence;

(v) date and time the door supervisor finished work -

countersigned by the duty manager;

(vi) the door supervisor register must be kept at the licensed premises and be available for inspection by Thames Valley Police or an authorised officer from Reading Borough Council;

(f) The Premises Licence Holder shall ensure that all door supervisors whilst employed at the premises shall wear 'high visibility' arm bands to incorporate displaying their SIA badges;

(g) All incidents which impact on any of the licensing objectives shall be recorded in a register kept at the premises for this purpose. The names of the person recording the incident and those members of staff who deal with any incident shall also be recorded. Where known, any offenders name shall also be recorded. Such records shall be retained for a period of one year and shall be made available for inspection by an authorised officer of Reading Borough Council or an officer of Thames Valley Police.

Annex 4

<u>Plans</u>

As attached plan no. 1409-2b submitted November 2013

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Je.



Appendix VC->

LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Submitting Officer			
Shoulder No:	P2180	Name:	Chris Weedon
Station:	Reading	LPA:	Reading

Incident References				
Premises Name:	Favourite Chicken, Premier Stores	Location:	St Mary's Butts	
Incident Date:	26/01/2020 Incident Time:		03:11	
Command & Control URN:	162	Crime Report(s):	None	
CCTV Seized:	/ Seized: No			
Sources of Information:	Echo Tango, door staff	and attending police off	icers	

Nature of Incident - what happened?

At 03:11 on 26/01/2020 a call was made over town safe radios from door staff on Gun Street that there was a large scale fight within the graveyard of St Mary's church involving approximately 100 people. Police arrived on scene to find approximately 100 people within the graveyard of St Mary's church. These people covered the graveyard, the pavements and also the road heading towards St Mary's Butts. There were approximately 15 door staff standing within the graveyard attempting to de-escalate the situation. The door staff appeared to all be from the venues on Gun Street. The door staff were communicating with the people allegedly involved in the altercation and there was one male detained on the floor. No weapons were seen, no injuries were reported and no complaints of any assaults were made. Police asked the door staff what the male detained on the floor was calm and so was let go and he walked away out of town towards Bridge Street. Door staff could not add any further information as to what happened other than they believed it had been one group against another but they didn't know why it had started.

The vast majority of the people seen in the graveyard then walked over to St Mary's Butts and congregated outside and inside Favourite Chicken and Premier Store. Both premises were heaving with people inside. In Favourite Chicken especially, the queue was next to the door and there was a complete lack of space so the chances of intoxicated people bumping in to each other and altercations starting was high. There were two members of door staff present, one was very vocal and enthusiastic to move people out of the area but none moved. In reality, whether the door staff was vocal or not would have the same effect as none of the intoxicated people moved on. The door staff and police were completely outnumbered with the majority of people simply waiting for police to turn their backs before moving towards another group they had an issue with.

Small pockets of fighting continued and there was a further altercation identified by door staff within St Mary's graveyard at 03:23 hours but, again, all persons involved ran off and no complaints were made.

Police stayed in the area outside Premier Store and Favourite Chicken until approximately 04:00 hours. Having these two venues remain open caused significant difficulties for police as jobs were called in away from the town centre which police struggled to resource as they had to remain in the town centre to maintain an element of control.

What was another issue was the amount of parked cars on the pavement area in front of Favourite Chicken and Premier Store. These parked vehicles caused issues with the amount of pedestrians not fitting on the pavement then many intoxicated young people were walking on the road. There was frequent vehicle traffic consisting of taxis and other vehicles picking up people, albeit taking their time to pick them up. As the two premises which are the latest to finish are located in the same area all the taxis park up in this area. These taxis on top of the vehicles belonging to members of the public then cause significant congestion on the road and so the chances of road traffic collisions is also high. A further risk is added from the amount of police vehicles responding to immediate jobs through the town centre.



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Premises Response - what part did staff play? How did they react/assist? (include good/poor performance)

Door staff from Gun Street were very helpful when police first attended. No issues were raised by them and no issues of their behaviour were observed by police. Staff remained calm and professional and co-operated with police.

I must also add that there did appear to be some people, especially females, who looked under 18. This was not confirmed but it is also a strong likelihood that under 18s wait to go St Mary's Butts knowing that that's where people associate once the licensed venues start to shut. Again, this causes a further issue for police as many males openly admitted to looking for a female to go home with at the end of the night and police simply do not have enough to keep any eye on all the potentially vulnerable females that they see whether that's through intoxication or suspected age.

Police Response - what action was taken? Please identify the main officers who dealt with the incident

Police responded immediately to this altercation. This was difficult as it occurred when one team had finished at 03:00 and so only one team could respond. Police attended from Reading LPA, Wokingham and Bracknell LPA and Newbury LPA so the effect this incident had on policing within Berkshire was significant. No complaints were made to police and no substantial offences were identified so no police action was taken against anyone. There was no dispersal order in place at the time.

The original attending officers were PC 2180 Weedon, PC 3062 Hoose, PC 1100 Marchant and PS 4587 Morris who were then supported by further officers as they became available to do so.



LICENCED PREMISES INCIDENT REPORT

Level of Intoxication (specify number 0 to 6)			
Ref No (e.g. Custody, PND etc)			
Action Taken			
Role			
Date of Birth			
Name			

LEVELS OF INTOXICATION

Level	Description	Observations
-	SOBRIETY	Has had less than one drink in an hour
	EUPHORIA	Difficulty concentrating. Talkative. Lowered inhibitions.
	EXCITEMENT	Senses are dulled. Poor coordination. Drowsy
	CONFUSION	Exaggerated emotions. Difficulty walking. Blurred vision
	STUPOR	Cannot stand or walk. Vomiting
	COMA	Unconscious. Low body temperature
	DEATH	Death as a result of respiratory arrest

per local instructions)

This form is used in licensing meetings/hearings and therefore is a disclosable document. •

Your opinion matters so please write in a professional manner. •

THAMES VALLEY POLICE

Division/Station : Reading Police Station

From: PC 5787 Simon Wheeler

To: Reading Borough Council

	Ref : Favourite Chicken & PizzaDate : 12 March 2020Tel.No.							
Subject :	Further evidential submission							
	To whom it may concern							
	Thames Valley Police are making this further submission in support of our application for the review of the premises licence relating to Favourite Chicken & Pizza.							
	Firstly Thames Valley Police contacted Home Office Immigration to make enquiries into any information that was held in relation to the employment of illegal workers within Favourite Chicken & Ribs during the period of ownership and control of the Saleem family.							
	We were provided the following information:							
	"Our last visit there was 15/08/2018 and no offenders were encountered. It was called Favourite Chicken and Pizza at the time.							
	Prior to this we visited twice when it was called Perfect Chicken							
	02/06/2015 one offender was encountered.							
	02/03/2011 two offenders encountered.							
	I can confirm that the Notice of Potential Liability was served to Kamal Saleem on both occasions.							
	The results of the fines were							
	Visit Date – $03/06/2015$. Penalty issued on $29/07/2015$ to Chicken Takeaway Limited for £15,000, the penalty is still outstanding and is in the debt recovery stage.							
	Visit Date = $02/03/2011$. Penalty issued on $21/03/2011$ to Butts Fast Food Limited for £5,000, the penalty is not currently being pursued."							
	Thames Valley Police are providing two documentary exhibits in relation to the persons linked to the two limited companies issued with the fixed penalty notices. This information has been located from an open source internet search and is information available to any person.							
	TVPSW1 – Chicken Takeaway Limited company information naming Samira Saleeem as the director.							
	TVPSW2 – Butts Fast Foods Ltd company information naming Kamal Saleem as Director and Mohammed Saleem as Company Secretary.							
	Furthermore Thames Valley Police also provide documentary evidence of an email trail between Thames Valley Police and Moorgarth Property Management Limited which is relevant in as much as it provides evidence that refutes some of the claims made within the statement of Mr Saleem in relation to Thames Valley polices intervention into the business situated above Favourite Chicken & Ribs, as well as clarification regarding whom has responsibility for the provision of fire risk assessments within the Saleems premises:							
	TVPSW3 – Emails from Moorgarth Property management and Broad Street Mall detailing planning concerns and responsibility for the provision of Fire Risk assessments.							

Finally Thames Valley police are supplying three statements completed by Officers in relation to the arrest of a male on the 21st December 2019 during which taser was utilised as a tactical option. Within the statements of the Saleems they make a number of subjective comments in relation to this incident and officers actions and we are providing this information so that the sub-committee have a greater knowledge of this incident and the rationale of the officers at the time. Please note that Thames Valley Police have already supplied biody worn video footage of this incident.

TVPSW4 – Three statements from officers relating to the 21st December 2019.

We respectfully ask that the sub-committee take into account that some of the content supplied within this submission may be observed as of greater relevance to the review application of the Bar iguana licence, however due to the considerable links between the businesses and shared ownership involving Kamal Saleem and Mohammed Saleem both of these individuals have made reference to issues regarding both premises within their supplied statements. This has led to us having to submit this extra information at this time and we are of course mindful that we would have wished to have been able to maintain a separation between both procedures and have unfortunateky been forced to do this in order to provide some clarification for all concerned.

As a conclusion we believe that it is of importance for the sub-committee to reflect upon the information supplied to us by Home Office Immigration, and give consideration to the weight of concern surrounding the previous employment of illegal workers. This we submit is exacerbated by all of the failures which we have been able to highlight in relation to the overall poor management of this premises within the last decade that have failed to promote the licensing objectives.

Current Section 182 Secretary of States Guidance:

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:

• for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime;

- for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;
- for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;

• for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;

- for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;
- by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
- as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;

• for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;

- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

TVPSWI

CHICKEN TAKEAWAY LIMITED

Company number 09462567

Follow this company

Overview	Filing history	People	More			
Filter by G	Category	Accounts Capital Charges			Confirmation statements / Annu Incorporation Officers	u a l returns
Date	Description					View / Download
18 Feb 2020	Final Gazette dissolve	ed via compu	Isory strike-off			View PDF (1 page)
26 May 2016	Compulsory strike-o	ff action has	been suspend	ed		View PDF (1 page)
24 May 2016	First Gazette notice f	or compulsor	y strike-off			View PDF (1 page)
27 May 2015	Registered office ad Kingdom to 549 Oxfor	dress chang d Road Read	ed from 10 st. M ling RG30 1HJ c	arys Bu n 27 Ma	ts Reading RG1 2LN United y 2015	View PDF (1 page)
27 Eeb 2015	Incornoration					View PDF (7 names)
Overview	Filing history	People	More			

Officers Persons with significant control

Filter officers

Current officers

1 officer / 0 resignations

SALEEM, Samira

Correspondence address 115 Church Road, Earley, Reading, United Kingdom, RG6 1HG

Role	Date of birth	Appointed on
Director	July 1989	27 February 2015
Nationality	Country of residence	Occupation
British	United Kingdom	Caterer

File Copy



CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company Number 9462567

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

CHICKEN TAKEAWAY LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House, Cardiff, on 27th February 2015



N09462567Q

The above information was communicated by electronic means and authenticated by the Registrar of Companies under section 1115 of the Companies Act 2006









X421SPX4

Application to register a company

Company Name in full:	CHICKEN TAKEAWAY LIMITED
Company Type:	Private limited by shares
Situation of Registered Office:	England and Wales
Proposed Register Office Address:	10 ST. MARYS BUTTS READING UNITED KINGDOM RG1 2LN

I wish to entirely adopt the following model articles: Private (Ltd by Shares)

Electronically Filed Document for Company Number: 09462567

Company Director 1

Туре:	Person
Full forename(s):	MS SAMIRA

Surname: SALEEM

Former names:

Service Address: 115 CHURCH ROAD EARLEY READING UNITED KINGDOM RG6 1HG

Country/State Usually Resident: UNITED KINGDOM

Date of Birth: 14/07/1989 Occupation: CATERER Nationality: BRITISH

Consented to Act: Y

Date authorised: 27/02/2015

Authenticated: YES

Electronically Filed Document for Company Number: 09462567

Class of shares	ORDINARY	Number allotted 1000
Currency	GBP	Aggregate nominal 1000 value
		Amount paid per share 1 Amount unpaid per share 0

Prescribed particulars

EACH SHARE HAS FULL RIGHTS IN THE COMPANY WITH RESPECT TO VOTING, DIVIDENDS AND DISTRIBUTIONS.

nominal value

Statement of Capital (Totals)

GBP

Currency

Total number of shares

1000 Total aggregate 1000

Electronically Filed Document for Company Number: 09462567

Name:	SAMIRA SALEEM		
Address:	115 CHURCH ROAD EARLEY READING	Class of share:	ORDINARY
	UNITED KINGDOM	Number of shares:	1000
	RG6 1HG	Currency:	GBP
		Nominal value of each share:	1
		Amount unpaid:	0
		Amount paid:	1

Statement of Compliance

I confirm the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.

memorandum delivered by an agent for the subscriber(s): Yes

Agent's Name:

ABM

Agent's Address:

549 OXFORD ROAD READING UNITED KINGDOM RG30 1HJ

Authorisation

Authoriser Designation: agent

Authenticated: Yes

Agent's Name:

ABM

RG30 1HJ

Agent's Address: 549 OXFORD ROAD READING UNITED KINGDOM

End of Electronically Filed Document for Company Number: 09462567

COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

Memorandum of association of CHICKEN TAKEAWAY LIMITED

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company and to take at least one share.

Name of each subscriber	Authentication
Samira Saleem	Authenticated Electronically

Dated: 26/02/2015

1

TVPSW2

Company Name BUTTS FAST FOODS LTD

Company Type Private limited with Share Capital

Company Status Company is dissolved

Incorporated On 31 October 2006

Nature of business (SIC) 56101 Licenced restaurants - Fast food retailers.

Accounts Available to 31 Oct 2009. Next accounts due by 31 Jul 2011

Directors & Secretaries

For a full in-depth analysis on each of these directors, click any of the links below

Name	Rols	Date Of Birth	Appointed a	Resigned
KAMALAHMED SALLEM	Director	May 1987	31 Oct 2006	
WR NICHAMMED SALEEM	Company Secretary	Mar 1958	31 Oct 2006	

TYPSW3

Smalley, Robert

Wheeler Simon

From:	Carl Foreman <carl.foreman< th=""></carl.foreman<>
Sent:	26 February 2020 18:26
To:	Wheeler Simon
Cc:	'Nicola Williamson'; Smyth Declan; Smalle
	RE: Introduction to our Property Director.

Hello Simon

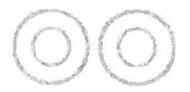
Thanks for your email and I have answered your questions in red below. I hope these are sufficient but please let me know if you need any further information.

Regards

Carl Foreman Managing Director

Moorgarth Property Management Limited

47 St. Pauls Street, Leeds, LS1 2TE Mobile. DDI Leed Website. <u>www.moorgarth.com</u>



We don't see property, we see possibilities

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EXTERNAL. Caution this email has originated from outside Moorgarth. Do not click on links or open attachments unless you recognise the sender. If you are unsure please contact the IT Helpdesk 0330 223 11 22

Dear Carl

Nicola has kindly provided your detail to me in relation to the review application for Bar Iguana/Premier and Favourite Chicken & Pizza.

Agenda details

If you click the "Agenda Details" link above you shall be able to view the full public reports pack which outlines the Thames Valley Police case, Reading Borough Council representation and contains a number of statements from Mr M and Mr K Saleem.

I am hoping to gain some clarity from you in relation to a number of issues and statements that have been made by both of the Saleems in relation to the responsibilities that they have as your tenants and also in relation to interactions between Thames Valley Police and Broad Street mall management.

1) During Thames Valley Police inspections of both premises it was stated to officers by Mr Saleem that the responsibility for producing a fire risk assessment for each property was that of the Broad Street Mall. A Fire risk assessment was not actually provided until a Fire Service inspection had taken place and found that the relevant guidance in relation to FRA's was not being followed. Could you please confirm for us the level of Fire compliance that you have received in relation to these two tenancies since 2012 and whether or not the statement provided to Police at the times of our inspections were correct; in that the responsibility was yours and not Mr Saleem's?

The responsibility for the production of the fire risk assessment lies directly with the tenant, as it does with all our tenants. A fire risk assessment was produced by the tenant in 2008 and since then, despite the UK Government Guidance stating that "you must carry out and regularly review a fire risk assessment of the premises", no updates have been provided to this assessment. Centre management have, on numerous occasions requested an updated assessment from the tenant.

2) In the statement provided by Mr k Saleem on page 231 of the bundle (page 21 of the statement) it is suggested that the Police visited the mall management and told them not to allow Mr Saleem to open his Pool business. Could you please confirm whether this was the case and if the Police in effect influenced any decision in relation to that premises? And if not could you please confirm the interactions which took place in relation to that building and the real reason you believe that this business has not yet been able to open as a pool hall?

I can confirm that whilst the Police did visit centre management to discuss an incident that occurred in the vicinity of the said premises and the centre's response to that incident, at <u>NO</u> time whatsoever did the Police and/or any one or more individuals discuss and/or influence centre management, the managing agents and/or the landlord to not allow Mr Saleem to open his pool bar.

The reason why the Pool Bar has not been allowed to open is that we believe the tenant does not have the required permitted use class order in their lease agreement. Currently the lease provides for Class A3 usage on the first floor and we believe that if a pool bar were to open, this would potentially require Class D2 permission. I advised Mr K Saleem of this in a phone call, and suggested that he may want to check this with the appropriate authorities in Reading.

I further advised Mr Saleem that if required, he would have to apply for the change in usage and have it approved <u>before</u> we would let him open and trade from the first floor. To date, Mr Saleem has not provided us with any official approval to change the usage nor with any official notification that the current usage is acceptable. Until such time as either are provided, the first floor will not be allowed to trade as a pool bar.

Kindest Regards

Police Constable 5787 Simon Wheeler | Neighbourhood Supervisor | Reading Town Centre | Reading LPA | Thames Valley Police |

Address: Thames Valley Police, Reading Police Station, Castle Street, Reading, RG1 7TH Email <u>simon.wheeler@thamesvalley.pnn.police.uk</u> | Mobile **1999** Witchboard 101



From: Nicola Williamson (mailto: Sent: 26 February 2020 12:06 To: Wheeler Simon <<u>Simon.Whe</u> Cc: Carl Foreman <<u>Carl.Foreman</u> Subject: Introduction to our Property Director. Importance: High

Hi Simon,

As discussed.

Please find in CC our Managing Director. Carl Foreman.

Many Thanks,

Nicola

Nicola M Williamson General Manager Broad Street Mall Shopping Centre Tel: Mol



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	Laurie Ridgwell Operations Manager Broad Street Mali, Reading T: M F:	Kind regards	I reattach the 2 latest fire safety letters relating to this matter. Please could you arrange to have the Fire Risk assessment conducted for 10 and 11 St Marys Butts, the last assessment I have a copy of was conducted in 2008 and updated in 2012. This will need updating as soon as possible please. Please let me know if you need any assistance in contacting a qualified fire risk assessor ,or if you need to discuss this further with Centre Management.	I am writing to inform you this is not the case , our Security conduct a bu 2weekly connectivity fire test and tenants are responsible for a second weekly test. All tenants in the Broad Street Mail are responsible for all fire safety matters in their own stores.	Additionally the Centre recently had a visit from the Police relating to sufery issues in Premier and Iguana Thelieve you informed the police that the Shipping Centre is responsible for your Fire Risk Assessment. Fire doors and other Fire Safety items within the premise 10 and 11 St Marys Builts.	I called you yesterday to arrange a meeting in the Management Office, however Loould not get through to you on the phone. Our Landlord has informed me, as below, that you do not currently have consent to run a pool hall in the upstairs of 10 St Mary's Buits, as your lease does not contain the required D2 use. I have a copy of your lease if you need to check back with us	Dear Kamal,	Tracking: Resid km/sin@1 Read Micola W1 Read	Importance: High	From: Laurie Ridgwell Sent: 74 December 2019 09 41 To: Kmlslm@ Cc: Nicola V Subject: FW: FW: Indian Buffet/Pool Hall - Five Risk Assessment, 10 and 11 St Manys Butts Attachments: Five Inspection request for FRA update July 2018 - Copydoc, Fire Safety letter 2019.pdf	Laurie Ridgwell
			s Butts, the last assessment I have a copy of was conducted in 2008 and updated in 2012 .This	\dots All tenants in the Broad Street Mall are responsible for all fire safety matters in their own	ing Centre is responsible for your Fire Risk Assessment. Fire doors and other Fire Safety items	not contain the required D2 use. I have a copy of your lease if you need to check back with us		01910			

A Moorgarth Property

From: Carl Foreman Sent: 23 December 2019 11:37

Subject: RE: FW. Former Indian Buffet

Laurie

I've basin through the basic on unit 10.51 Mary's nuttiand this becast during the basic out on a bool half from this unit. He has A3 and A5 planuary production the basic put not 02, which a understand he needs to a good half

Regards

Carl Forentan Managing Director

Moorgarth Property Management Emited 97 St. Pauls Street Lewis 151 27E DB11 seds Webster <u>www.moorgarth.com</u>



Page 222

We don't see propraty, we set possibilities

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Page 1 of 2

WITNESS STATEMENT (Criminal Procedure Rules 2015 R16.2, Criminal Justice Act 1967 S9, Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 S5B)					
			URN		
Statement of	PACKMAN				
Age if under 18	Over 18		Occupation	Police C	Officer 1035
This statement (con it is tendered in evid or do not believe to	ence, I shall be liable to	s true to the best of my k prosecution if I have wil	nowledge and fully stated in	d belief ar it, anythir	nd I make it knowing that, if ng which I know to be false,
Signature	PACKMAN			Date	21/12/2019
On the above date uniform including BUTTS, READIN HURD. It was at t as an IC1 male, ap	high visibility jacket IG facing the PREMIE his location when I sa proximately 6'0" tall	019 at 04:46hrs. he call sign EA306 as and hat. At approxima ER SHOP along with F w the male that I now and of large build. He	part of Opera tely 04:40hrs C 2500 MO know to be had a shaved	ation Nig I was st RRIS and I head an	anding on ST MARYS d PC 4798 GREAVES-
yelling at them. I of and separated HURD with alcohol coming fro formed the opinion and was told to he said he would leave	from the IC3 ma I could tell that om his, his eyes were n that was dr ad in the direction of ye but in the direction	t was being said. PC M le. It was at this point was under the glazed and was under the unk. PC MORRIS told	IORRIS and that I joined influence of as unsteady of local taxi ra local taxi ra /e allowed h	PC GRE PC MOF alcohol. To on his fee at he nee nk opera im to do	et. Due to these factors I ded to leave the town centre tes. The second refused and so however
then pointed at one of the IC3 males that he was earlier antagonising. It was clear that the had no intention of going home and I believed that he wanted to start a fight with these males. Fearing that a fight was going to erupt between the and the IC3 males PC MORRIS, PC GREAVES-HURD and I again approached to escort him away from the group of IC3 males. It was at this point that the began to start resisting and was trying to free himself from PC GREAVES-HURD and PC MORRIS' grip. Throughout this time the group when he broke free of PC GREAVES-HURD and PC MORRIS' grip. Throughout this time to be a told multiple times by all three of us that he was to leave the town centre.					
fists up. wanted t	also had one leg in fro o assault one of us. P(e the town c <u>entre how</u>	ont of another and was C MORRIS then drew ever did not l	in a fighting his taser and isten and sta	stance. red dot rted to w	2" before raising both of his At this point I believed that challenged . He was valk closer towards us. PC some point while being red
Signature:	PACKMAN	Signature Witness	ed by: N/A		

Witness Statement

Continuation of Statement of PACKMAN
dot challenged changed his body stance so he was side was face on with PC COLLINS. At this point PC GREAVES-HURD drew his Captor Spray and delivered a spay that landed directly to 's eyes.'
This Captor Spray was not effective at the time and continued to come towards us. PC COLLINS who was still red dot challenging then shouted for PC GREAVES-HURD and I to grab hold of and place him in cuffs. I then approached and grabbed her right arm of while PC GREAVES-HURD grabbed held of his left arm. As I grabbed hold of RANCE's right arm I also drew my handcuffs however was actively resisting and aggressively moving his arm. As a result of this hit my hand with my handcuffs in causing them to fall to the floor. I then grabbed hold of right arm with both hands. Was then told to get to the floor however he refused and was trying to break free of mine and PC GREAVES-HURD's grip. It was at this point PC MORRIS fired his taser at and I believe both barbs went into his front torso. This however had no effect on the she are as he remained standing and was still trying to actively free himself from our grips.
I then delivered one or two knee strikes with my right knee to the right thigh of the second strikes. My intention with this was to cause to drop to the floor so we could secure him in cuffs. These however were unsuccessful and the remained standing. I then decided to adjust my grip on the second in attempt to get him on the floor. I wrapped my right arm over the right shoulder of the second and my left arm under his left arm. I then pulled the right side of the second is body towards the right side of my body to cause him to loose balance. This was successful and caused to fall to the floor. While on the floor PC MORRIS, PC GREAVES-HURD and I managed to secure in handcuffs. It was at this point PC GREVES-HURD arrested for Drunk and Disorderly.

I would describe is behaviour as disorderly. He was clearly trying to start a fight and raised his fists to me and the other officers present at the time of the incident. I believe that his intention was to assault one of us.

I was wearing body worn video at the time of this incident however at the time of writing this statement Web DEMS was down and I have been unable to mark it as evidential.

This statement is my original notes and was completed at the earliest available opportunity.

(Criminal Brog		ITNESS STA		ariatzata	o' Courto Act 1090 SED)	
(Criminal Proc			URN		es' Courts Act 1980 S5B)	
Statement of	GREAVES-HU	JRD				
Age if under 18	r 18 Over 18 Occupation Police Constable 4798					
	ence, I shall be liable to p				and I make it knowing that, if ing which I know to be false,	
Signature	GREAVES-HU	JRD		Date	21/12/2019	
E for b On Saturday Reading Town Cent MORRIS. Approximate incident there was a area is busy with nig I was aware male was balding hair. He wor jeans and brown bo The group I and I approached stated that he would another group of yo may start a has begun shouting actually said howev I have dis-engaged v in our direction but	being Drunk and Disorder y 21 st December 2019 I w tre. I had call sign EQ308 ely 04:40hrs I was situate about 60-80 people in the ght time revellers who are e of a group of younger m le of	Ity. vas on duty in full p and at the time of a dutside the chick area as this is one e going to the takea hales outside the sh as a white male, a k shirt with the moti s presence and a asked him to move asked him to move asked him to move they may attempt to arms and pushing s. Due to everything i-social. istive and pushed to however he contin shout has then tur tars. I then remem	colice uniform on f the incident I was even shop on ST M of the only takea away or going to t hop who had beer pproximately 6 fo f '69 Ronnie Mac' as though he was along from where PAD STREET how atmosphere of th o hurt him. Both F him away from th g that was going of back against offic- ued to shout and s been pushed to med back to office bertaments	ioot patro with PC IARYS B ways in t he nearb a approad ot in heig on the b winding f e the grou vever the gethe grou vever the gether ion I canno tense his wards Bf ers, clenc tting sligi	the town open at the time. The y taxi rank. ched by another male. This pht, of big build. He had short pack in bold white writing, blue them up. PC 2500 MORRIS up had been stood. In the had been stood. In the rs we were worried that RIS and I attempted to escort ing groups. At this poin for remember what buted numerous times to as arms. I believe this was in ar ROAD STREET where officers ched his fists and held them up htly. To me this is a fighting	
has been about 6 foot from me. has continued in the same stance moving towards PC MORRIS and began closing down the distance between them. I have noticed PC MORRIS then take out his Tazer and 'red-dot challenge'						
h		have noticed PC M		out his 1	Fazer and 'red-dot challenge'	
			ORRIS then take		_	
			ORRIS then take		Fazer and 'red-dot challenge' this point he was attempting t	

Witness Statement

Continuation of Statement of GREAVES-HURD	
goad PC MORRIS, I distinctly remember sticking his neck out as though he wanted to make	a target for PC
MORRIS. continued to move towards PC MORRIS however turned his head to look at me.	
At this point I had my CAPTOR drawn and held it down low by my side should I need to use	it. Due to the threat
being posed by I have raised my CAPTOR and sprayed one single shot which has hit	in the eyes. He
has reacted however this made him angry as it didn't incapacitate him straight away.	rned from all officers
and began walking towards BROAD STREET. Both PC PACKMAN and I have then run in and grabb	ed and arm in an
attempt to restrain He continued to be resistive and attempted to pull away. Due to his size	he was able to pull
both myself and PC PACKMAN around. At this point I have attempted to knee strike	ear of his left thigh
to take him to the floor to gain control. Moments later PC MORRIS has fired his Tazer which has con	nnected with
s front torso area. We have continued to struggle until was taken to the floor.	
When on the floor has kept his right arm under his body. I shouted on numerous oc	casions for him to
release his arm however he didn't. I have then administered another knee strike to the right hand sid	le of his chest in a
hope to surprise him so he would release his arm however this didn't work either. Moments later the	CAPTOR began to
take effect and moved both of his hands behind his back. I am then aware at this point that	more officers have
started to arrive. Once was under control and placed in handcuffs at 04:46hrs I have then sa	aid to him "YOU ARE
UNDER ARREST FOR BEING DRUNK AND DISORDERLY." He was read the full police caution to	which he made no
reply.	
was placed in the rear of a prisoner transport van where he has been transported to	LODDON VALLEY
POLICE CUSTODY where we arrived approximately 05:05hrs. Once	custody I had no
further dealings.	
Prior to and while dealing with I had my body worn video camera recording. I exhibit	t this as MGH/01 –
BWV OF	
This statement is my original notes.	

WITNESS STATEMENT (Criminal Procedure Rules 2015 R16.2, Criminal Justice Act 1967 S9, Magistrates' Courts Act 1980 S5B)								
				URN				
Statement of		MORRIS			Weisself "An over the standard second			
Age if under 18	(if over 18 insert 'over 18')			Occupation	Police O	Police Officer		
This statement (co it is tendered in ev or do not believe to	idence, I sł	2 page(s)) is true to the be all be liable to prosecution it	est of m f I have	y knowledge and wilfully stated in	d belief an it, anythin	d I make it knowing that, if g which I know to be false,		
Signature 06:33 Date 21/12/2019				21/12/2019				
Signature of parent / guardian / appropriate adult				Relationship of parent / guardian / appropriate adult				

This statement refers to the arrest of a male on St Marys Butt on the 21/12/2019 by PC GRIEVES-HURD for drunk and disorderly, where I deployed Taser.

On the 21st of December 2019 at 0430 on St MARYS BUTT READING I was on duty in full police uniform in company with PC PACKMAN and PC GRIEVES-HURD. We were on anti-violence patrols due to the area being a hotspot for serious assaults at the location, at the time we were at location.

During patrols there were several members of the family who are known to be anti-police, violent and although I didn't recognise all of them by exact name, as a group have been known to carry stun guns and other weapons. Within this family were other unidentified males that appeared to be known to them but were having an ongoing dispute and few times I needed to ask them to move apart.

I passed this information across the PR to units to be aware.

At about 0445 a white male aged around 50, bald/shaven head, strong build, wearing a T-Shirt approached the group mentioned above and started arguing with them. I could not here what was being said but I could see the white males body language he had a sideways fighting pose and I could see by the group mentioned earlier they were getting annoyed with him as I could see them hand gesturing him away and heard one of the group say 'YOUR DRUNK AND WE DON'T KNOW YOU'.

Under s3 Criminal Law Act I pushed the male away from the group in the chest. I told him to move towards the Pavlov Dogs but he wanted to go the other way. He was away from the group so I allowed this but he then moved toward the group he was arguing with again. I pointed at him to move away and he said 'DON'T SHAKE YOU FINGER AT ME AND MOVED CLOSE TO BE QUICKLY'. Fearing he would assault me due to his behaviour, I took hold of his right arm in a tight police hold and walked him away towards the kerb line, this was in order to tell him to calm down and remove him the other group. A colleague but I am not sure who had the other arm. As we walked to the kerb I could hear the group following behind us, heckling.

Signature:

Signature Witnessed by:

MG11

Witness Statement

Continuation of Statement of

It was my intention to get the white male to leave as I was acutely aware that restraint on the floor would leave the officer there (of which there was only three), backs exposed to a group closing in, in a violence hotspot, with a known violent family at location. The white male broke free of the police hold, he was extremely strong and I knew that any attempt to restrain him would be a hard task with three officers.

I stepped back to create some space and the white male turned pointed at all three of the us and stepped sideward and adopted a boxing pose fists clenched and in front of his face. I could see in my peripheral vision a large group that were loud but I could make out what they were shouting.

I felt I and my colleagues were in immediate risk of being assaulted from the white male and the hostile group that from previous knowledge some of them are known for weapons. To manage the risk from both risks, I drew my Taser activated the red dots and pointed it at the white male, still aware I could change the use of force towards a member of the crowd should they pose a greater risk from weapon. I shouted OFFICER WITH TASER MOVE AWAY. I don't recall him saying anything but he kept twitching his neck and shuffling side to side and closing in on me. He was two close to get an effective Taser deployment so I shouted to my colleagues to take hold. I saw captor being deployed and PC PACKMAN and PC GRIEVES-HURD took hold of his arms, they turned so I tuned and continued to red dot the male, still acutely aware of the risk from the crowd. I called for further units

The two officers were struggling with the white male, I could see the male's fist clenched and he was breaking free. Under common law to protect my colleagues I deployed Taser, the probes were still too close landing about 8 inches apart in the stomach. I shouted TASER TASER.

This gave the other two officers a chance to restrain the male on the floor, I then went in and kneeled on the males arm. To assist in the restraint. The crowd were closing in and were shouting but I cannot recall what. I felt threatened and vulnerable I was kneeling on the floor with a large group closing, with some member's known to carry weapons. Under common law I pointed the taser while activated at the group and loudly shouted GET BACK GET BACK NOW. The group moved back slightly and units arrived and dispersed crowd.

I then went to remove the probes out the white male, one was already out and I removed the other one.

The male was placed in a van and I had no more dealings with the male.

-CM>

Signature:

Signature Witnessed by:

Page 2 of 2

Index-Favourite Chicken and Pizza

Documents

1	Map of Area
2	Statement of M Saleem
8	Statement of K Saleem
31	Statement of M Adigun
33	Door Staff log sheets
39	Copy of comment on police report
40	Copy of diary entry
42	Invoice for CCTV repairs
43	Supporting Submissions

CCTV Footage

Footage 1-16/02

Clip1- Male enters with a glass Clip2- Doorman requests male to remove the glass Clip3- Male empties glass almost splashing 3 males Clip4- Male safely re-enters shop Clip5- Security disperse the vicinity

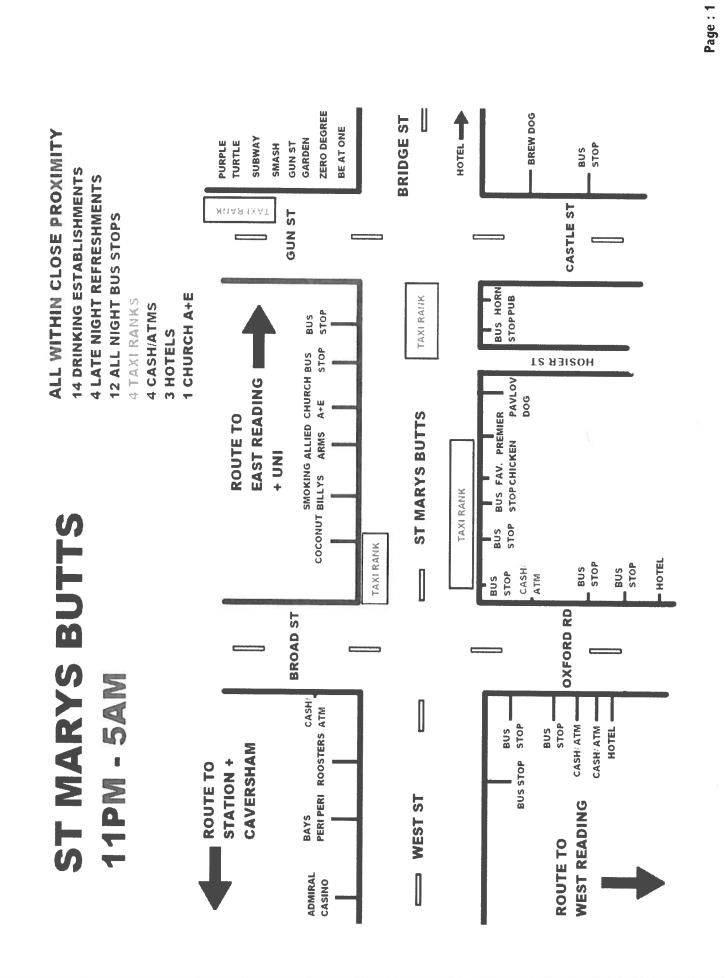
Footage 2-16/02

Clip1-2 Turkish males arrive and speak to another Turkish male Clip2- Males greet the manager and leave without purchasing food Clip3- Turkish males create a scene and leave

Footage 3

(General view of Friday & Saturday)

Clip1- 11:29pm Friday night Clip2- Midnight Saturday night Clip3- 00:47am Friday night Clip4- 01:57am Saturday night Clip5- 02:52amSaturday night Clip6- 03:47am Friday night Clip7- 04:23am Friday night Clip8- 04:54am Saturday night



STATEMENT OF MOHAMMED SALEEM

My name is Mohammed Saleem. I am the son of a British soldier who fought in the second world war, who later served as a firefighter for twenty-five years saving many lives.

I myself carried on serving humanity with a lifetime of community work supporting the vulnerable, guiding the youth and providing a voice and platform for women and children.

I have been honoured to receive numerous achievement awards with my work with the community of Reading and interfaith, bringing people of every background, faith, and race together.

In the late 90's I had the opportunity to open the first-ever chicken outlet in Reading Town Centre, which decades later has become a **landmark** for the people of Reading. Often my customers which many are known to us on a first-name basis, remark about recalling their parents visiting our shop as a "Pitstop" on the way home after a night out in the town, and now they find themselves doing the exact same thing.

We have been open late night for approximately eight thousand nights continuously. We are very proud of our Reading Town customers. They love our shop, enjoy our food and we love and enjoy their custom. Ninety-nine percent of our customers are regulars, that's why it doesn't matter how busy it gets they rarely, if ever, cause any problems.

Reading Town Centre often faces problem when certain clubs or bars have a special event using external promoters who advertise these events to out of towners, i.e. Birmingham, Bristol and Brixton playing the Urban music Genre. Thames Valley Police are aware of that. With having decades of experience in the late-night economy I am in one of the best positions to highlight the town's issues and this external promotion is the biggest.

Local people who we see on a daily/weekly basis are not a problem. I would like to highlight that my customers should be differentiated from that of a night club's, as people are likely to spend four to five hours in a club drinking, whereas they will be in and out of our shop within a minute or two. It is the public chosen clubs, bars, and venues that attract them into the town centre, not my chicken shop.

After a night out, it is a British tradition to get a bite to eat on making their way home. In some ways, this is a positive thing as eating food can be seen to be a way of helping to counter the effects of alcohol and can also help add a distraction away from drunken behaviour.

If anyone breaks the law because of their level of intoxication it is because of the venues they have been drinking at. I am not responsible for their behavior on the way home. A bite of food, if anything would sober them up.

All the venues, cash machines, buses and taxis contribute to bringing people into the vicinity of Saint Mary's Butts. There are approximately fourteen drinking establishments, four late-night refreshments, twelve bus stops, four taxi ranks, three hotels, four cash ATMs, a church and A&E, all open between 11 pm till 5 am. I have enclosed a plan that shows where these are.

There are many reasons for people to be in the area. Outside all of the night clubs, you will find very narrow footpaths, people will opt to walk on our side of the road, it's an open area which is occupied by market traders during the day. It would be very wrong indeed to assume that everyone walking past my shop or standing outside it in the evening is a customer, or is attracted there just because we are open.

Also people have been using that space late night to park their cars on a Friday and Saturday nights. As a result, people will move closer to our vicinity.

My son Kamal Saleem who manages the business has raised this concern with the Police. who have stated it is not a police issue but a council issue. They say that they are unable to do anything. I raised my concern that by having cars parked there it crams people together, leading people to bump into one another, which can then instigate an incident, therefore jeopardize public safety.

I can proudly say that on my premises and on our forecourt, we fully take care of our customers and have redoubled our efforts, that's why the last five years were much better than any previous period. I am surprised that I am up for a review and I feel that I am treated unfairly. It is felt to be a personal attack on my business.

The month of December, Christmas and the New Year period ran very smoothly without any incidents and those historically are our busiest periods, with many Christmas work dos and parties throughout the month. Some weekends are very quiet but at the end of the month, weekends are busy.

The CCTV produces, in this case, makes the town look ugly, but that is not the case. Majority of the time people are having a wonderful time enjoying themselves and returning home without any problems. The CCTV is only a small snapshot of what is otherwise a safe place for customers. Just to give you an idea, a survey was taken last year approximately 20,000 people visited Reading town centre over the weekend (Friday and Saturday night). My customers number roughly between 200 to 250 per night from 11pm to 5am.

In my shop's review, approximately 19 videos been produced from 2011 till 2020. Out of these 19 videos, 9 videos are old between the periods of 2011 to 2012.

Just to give a background of 2012. I won my community elections in January 2012 and some people from the opponent party who lost the elections actually paid criminal elements to instigate that violence to damage my business. It took me some time to figure out the problem but when the issue was clear to me then I used my community influence to stop that evil act. Sadly in 3rd World countries this type of behaviour is common. I never lost any election in last 20 years and that brings me problem from some community elements.

Out of 10 remaining videos over the period of 7 years, the police say that 2 videos have nothing to do with us.

There are 2 videos which are of inside the shop and they are related to a man known as . June2019 and April 2019. Another video from 8th of January is also linked with but is from outside the Saint Mary's Butt not in my vicinity. My son Kamal Saleem will give the detailed background on these. Since the second of the premises and I understand is banned from some other premises in Reading.

Another video related to 1st of December 2019, started from the bus stop where the white bag in the hand of a person is used as an evidence to establish that the person was our customer. Just to clarify that the white food bags are used by two other chicken outlets nearby in the vicinity. The person was on the bus stop at the time of incident, which is clearly nothing to do with our shop. First of all people go to a bar

then they go to any food shop to pick-up the food and then they go to the bus stop. We are unable to police the bus stop or the nearby taxi rank as they are outside of our control, although we would like to.

Another video related to 14 February 2019, in which a person holding a chicken box in his hand outside the shop. We are not sure whether he bought the chicken from our shop or not. He was not involved in any fight as you can clearly see in the video. There is no evidence that those others shown in the video bought anything from my shop. They could be just people passing outside the shop.

Last video used the Taser which was unnecessary in everyone's opinion. There was no crowd as you will see in the video. The officer clearly tells a person standing on the street to move on and in response to the question 'Why ?' is "Because I told you to". This bullish behaviour is then repeated and escalates because of the police involvement to the point of the Taser being used. This incident happened early morning when the whole town was empty with the only few people left in the town.

Please note that the spread sheet attached clearly shows that only 2 incidents (as shown in the videos) happened between 4am to 5am over a period of 7 years. One incident in 2018 (related to Evas night club's security and their customer issue outside Sallys well away from us) and second incident of the Taser by the police in 2019. Both incidents have nothing to do with us. As you see that evidences suggest that late night 4am to 5am is not a problem at all.

We are willing to accept additional conditions on our licence to make things clearer, as we recognise that some conditions are not as good as they could be. We also agree to conditions being added to reflect what we do in practice. However, we do not agree to the reduction in hours and believe that this is unwarranted. Having late night food establishments in the centre of Reading that trade after bars close is fundamentally important to mitigating the effects of those bars and maintinaing a vibrant town centre economy. By having the shop open later, we actually assist in meeting the licensing objectives by both providing food and also maintaining a CCTV system and security that would not otherwise be present.

Statement of Truth

I believe that the facts stated in this statement are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M Saleem

STATEMENT OF KAMAL SALEEM 24/02/20

My name is Kamal Saleem. I was born in 1987 in Reading.

I am of mixed race, with a White British Mother and a Pakistani born Father. So as a result I feel well accustomed to both cultures and traditions. Proudly my grandparents from both sides fought in World wars for this great nation.

I come from a caring, close knit family, I have a loving wife and 2 children. I am proud to be from Reading. I love this town. My Father has dedicated his life to serving the community of Reading. He was Chairman of our local Community Centre, and years later I have followed in his footsteps as proudly in 2016 I was elected as the youngest Chairman in history at the age of 29 receiving 1,100 votes.

As a result of this I have helped to organise many functions/events, be it Multi faith or sports days such as: Annual Christmas lunch, Independence Day celebrations etc. It's my passion to work with the youth who come from troubled backgrounds. I have set up weekly boxing classes, in an effort to move them away from a life of drugs and crime.

Sadly in December 2019 we lost our Grandmother at the age of 99. She was very much so the foundation of our family. Loved by all, between June-December she was in critical condition and we were looking after her at home. So Myself & My Father spent a little less time at the business, but since 10th December we are back on a full time basis as usual.

In my working life, I have helped to run our family business for the last 15 years. As over time my Father has taken a step back and I have slowly taken on more responsibilities. I have worked the night shift throughout that period. And even on my day off I come in to oversee things. So I have had the benefit of overlooking the late night refreshment hours for approx 5,500 nights . So I feel I am in a good position to give my opinion on any issues that may arise.

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Some of the benefits of having a late night food outlet open in Reading town centre is that when the clubs or pubs close, town can become very isolated. Almost like a ghost town. It is at that time when some of the most vulnerable people for various reasons will come to our shop, either for rescue or shelter. Just an example of a couple of incidents are:

In 2014 I was outside my shop in the very early morning, town was empty, I heard a muffled scream coming from the side of the graveyard in St Mary's Butts, i approached with caution to find a man on top of a woman on the floor, I shouted to warn him off, a tall man ran towards John Lewis. I requested the woman who was crying, and partially dressed, to come to the shop. Where we gave her some water and tissues, she then called her father who came to collect her. She was a student. Her father thanked me by offering me a blank cheque for saving his "baby". I said thank you but this is something I would do for anyone.

In autumn 2019, a woman was about to commit suicide by jumping off Broad Street Mall car park, I stopped and spoke to the woman for 25 mins before persuading her to come back off the ledge, at which point I called the police. NCP car park attendants requested me to take the story to the media. Once again, I said this is something I would do for anyone.

On 20th January of this year, a man who had jumped into the river on a freezing night (-6) in an attempt to end his life. Came to the shop soaking wet. And said "can I sit in your shop?" We offered him a hot drink, before police came to attend to him. And many more incidents where we help those in need, more than anyone could ever imagine.

For some reason, TVP fail to acknowledge the good work we do.

One thing which has bothered me for a number of years, is the persistent use of Favourite Chicken as a reference point by TVP for any incident in St Mary's Butts. I have seen incidents occur far from our premises, yet the officer on duty will call it in as "Outside Favourite Chicken" whenever I have approached TVP officers about this, they have always requested me to stand back. And later provide no explanation. So often when emergency services arrive at our premises, they find nothing has taken place here. I'm then made to act as some form of makeshift traffic officer, guiding them up or down the road etc. to wherever the actual incident has taken place. Honestly I am so tired of this!

I have a degree in business, I am a personal license holder, I have a level 3 award in food safety management, I have a level 2 door supervisor award including physical intervention, i also have a health & safety certificate. On top of this i have done an NTE (night time economy) course and an APLH award with examining body Highfield just as refresher training. I have a wonderful relationship with all my customers, almost all of them know me on a first name basis. Favourite Chicken & Pizza is loved and respected amongst the night time trade.

On the 9th December 2019, I received a call from RBC licensing officer Jean Champeau who requested a meeting., He mentioned an incident that took place at the weekend., We set up a meeting for the following day. Upon inspection, I found CCTV not working, so immediately I called our engineers. They came on the same day (9th December). They found our CCTV had a hardrive malfunction and was faulty. The Hardrive was immediately replaced. (Receipt attached) I regularly check that our CCTV is working however in the words of our engineer, we have simply been unfortunate.

On the 10th December, the meeting went ahead with Declan Smyth & Jean Champeau. Where I explained the situation with regards to CCTV, and provided them with the receipt. I also made a point to them, that we had already made a decision to keep an extra doorman on between 3-5am throughout the Christmas and New Year period (as the 3rd doorman finishes at Bar Iguana at 3am) so he is available to stick around for the last 2 hours. I have kept this up until this day and we will continue doing this for the foreseeable future as it's proved to be helpful on the weekend at a time when venues close.

Declan then explained that TVP would also have a bigger Police presence in town leading up to New Years. I also expressed my deep concern about venues holding urban events playing music of the (drill, trap, hip hop, rap & RnB genres) a reoccurring problem for our town which I have made multiple pleas to TVP about, going back several years. Including giving a statement to TVP when EVA'S license was taken for review. Sadly my pleas seem to have fallen on deaf ears, as still urban events are taking place. I am always happy to work with local authorities and proudly with our joint efforts I am pleased to say our premises didn't have a single incident occur all throughout the Christmas and New Year period, which is historically a very busy time. I was astonished when we learned that Favourite Chicken was being taken for review.

On 19th December PC Jones requested footage of 1st/8th/14th December for both Favourite Chicken & Premier. As TVP where already aware, I would be unable to provide CCTV for 1st & 8th December (Favourite Chicken) as there was a hardrive malfunction. With regards to the 14th, when I attempted to download the footage I was unable to do so, I called our engineer to meet us at the same time as TVP officers so he could download the footage from 14th December from the new DVR while officers were present.

Unfortunately the new DVR which we had just purchased had some issues. You can see this being discussed in PC Simon Wheelers body warn footage. The DVR was then replaced for a new one.

However CCTV was provided for 1st/8th & 14th (Premier stores) including the external camera which also covered the full forecourt of Favourite Chicken.

On the 23rd December PC Simon Wheeler did a licensing inspection at Favourite Chicken, our member of staff was Mr. Sajid Mahmood, a part time employee who only works the morning shift (preparing for the day) he has never worked a single night. His English is very weak, some people get nervous around Police. And PC Wheeler uses terms which can be difficult to understand for someone with a language barrier. But Mr. Mahmood is a good human being, very caring, great with children and softly spoken who has received training over his time with us.

The following day, I myself met PC Simon Wheeler, and I answered all his questions.

(As of 16/02/20 | haven't been able to access the footage of this inspection) one of the things we was questioned on, was our Fire Risk Assessment which we did have.

On the 27th December I met with PC Wheeler, where I gave him the USB stick containing footage from 1st/8th/14th (Premier) the external camera footage from Premier would also show the forecourt for Favourite Chicken and I then explained to him that Premiers CCTV footage is approx 1 hour 5 min out of sync.

Amongst the footage provided in the review papers are three that I'll single out.

These are dated as follows:

28/04/19

21/06/19

08/12/19

These 3 incidents all relate to the same person known as . It should be understood that there is a back story behind these 3 incidents and the images have to be interpreted accordingly. This individual has caused us a number of problems, made threats and is now banned from our premises.

I will provide you with a full breakdown along with our answers to the CCTV footage and Police Reports :.

Firstly, in 2010 we did NOT open out of hours. As all parties understood, it was a written error by the Late Councillor Christine Borgars, who's handwriting was mistaken. 5am was read as 3am. In those days no one applied for 3am. It was as a simple written error.

In 2010 during a meeting with Mr. Saleem, PC Wheeler and Bill Donne at Reading Police Station.

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Instead of going to the licensing committee we cooperated with TVP and we assured them that Favourite Chicken was not a problem in the area.

During the period that we closed at 3am, town was no different, we completely disagree with TVPs assumption that less crime took place. Just as an example, more recently on the 1st of February 2020 (Saturday) we closed at 3am due to a machine failure, yet between 3-5am there was a number of incidents at the Taxi rank/Bus Stop and also in the street, TVP and Ambulance crews attended both of these incidents.

In the year that we closed at 3am our front door window panel was smashed several times, even when the lights where off, people still demanded that they wanted food. That was the most difficult year for us. Normally people arrive, take food, and leave all within 1-3 minutes. Explaining to an intoxicated person that they can't eat proved to be a difficult task.

Over the last decade gradually we have seen a dramatic decrease in Police presence in town (esp in St Mary's Butts area) while Friar Street always seems to have a higher Police presence. Yet the Police claim that St Mary's Butts is number 1 for incidents in Town and Friar Street is 17th. If that was really the case, we are surprised that officers seem to spend more time in those areas. We would welcome more police on the street near our premises.

Responce to police reports:

1. (6 years ago) 18/1/14 3:28am-we did not know of any incident that occured, could have been up or down the road as sadly Favourite Chicken is used as a reference point by TVP, maybe due to our location being right in the centre of the road.

2. (6 years ago) 27/4/14 04:00am-evidence needed before we can make comment.

3. (6 years ago) 13/7/14 4:50am-we believe that officers came after 31 days.

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4. (6 years ago) 16/8/14 01:19am-the report states "linked". We cannot see why there is any link to us.

5. (6 years ago) 29/12/14 03:15am-Christmas and New Years week. We would need to see the evidence before we can make a comment.

6. (5 years ago) 28/2/15 03:10am-this was after a nearby premises held an Urban event, as always we completely cooperated with TVP and voluntarily closed early. After this event I approached the sergeant on duty to express my concerns about urban events, as I have done more times than I can count over the years.

7. (5 years ago) 9/8/15 2:35am-if it was serious, staff would have seen it, Police were already outside, and decided to come in themselves, they were not called. Individuals escorted outside and nothing happened. The door safe report is attached

8. (5 years ago) 15/10/15 05:35am-we have always closed at 4am on Wednesday nights. This incident happened 95 minutes later...it's more likely that they purchased food from somewhere else.

9. (4 years ago) 25/12/16 03:00am-on this night a venue held an Urban Christmas Eve bash. Once again, following the event fights broke out, and once again I expressed my concerns about venues holding Urban events.

10. (2 years ago) 30/4/18-For better coverage (to enable we get a face shot of persons entering bar iguana) Declan Smyth requested we relocate an external camera, we did that immediately and also cleaned them, Declan came back to check, and was satisfied. Yet on 23/12/19 PC Wheeler issued a closure notice to Premier/Iguana stating that the camera was in the wrong position. I explained that Declan was the one who asked for the camera to be in this position to enable us to see faces of people entering. PC Wheeler disagreed and wanted a camera above

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the door, which once again we did. The perception that comes across at times is as if there is some form of power struggle going on between TVP licensing officers, especially when they make different demands. This is why we feel that the licence conditions should be precise.

11. (1 year ago) 21/6/19 1:45am-the same as Appendix 1 (clip 17)

12. (1 year ago) 6/10/19 04:26am-details an assault outside Favourite Chicken yet CCTV from Premier didn't capture it (Premier CCTV provides FULL coverage of entire forecourt of Favourite Chicken) we believe this to be yet another example of TVP using Favourite Chicken as a reference point to an incident that may have happened far away from the premises.

13. (1 year ago) 1/12/19 4am-same as appendix 2 (clip 1 & 2)

14. (1 year ago) 8/12/19 4am-same as appendix 2 (clip 3)

15. (1 year ago) 14/12/19 3:55am-Due to it being the run in to Christmas and New Years, along with always cooperating with TVP I approached the on duty Sergeant and explained to him that any time TVP felt necessary we would voluntarily close, likewise if at any time we felt necessary we would voluntarily close. However the night along with the entire Christmas and New Year period passed without any issues at our premises and we closed at our normal time. I am unaware of TVP finding drugs on anyone, as once again this looks to have taken place some distance from us.

16. 19/12/19 PC Jones requested footage, explained in personal statement.

17. (1 year ago) 21/12/19 04:40am (same as appendix 4-clip 1) report states people were arrested in our vicinity. It could equally be said that it was in the vicinity of the bus stop or some other feature.? I was a witness to this. The body worn video does not capture any argument occuring before the police intervention and is ANOTHER example of TVP using Favourite Chicken as a reference point.

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18. 23/4 December 2019-same as appendix 5 (clip 1) and appendix 6.

19. (1 year ago) 27/12/19 03:45am-I was present and recall NO incident taking place on this date. If an incident occured it certainly didn't happen near our premises, report mentions (May or may not have purchased food from Favourite Chicken). It is yet another example of TVP using Favourite Chicken as a reference point for any incident that happens in St Mary's Butts. There are many reasons why people pass by St Mary's Butts throughout the night. ie Taxi Rank, Bus Stops, Cash Machines, Hotels, Bars, Food Outlets, Route to Station etc, but it seems TVP licensing officers fail to look at the bigger picture. Almost as if they have blinkers on. I grew up learning to trust in the Police, But sadly this experience has opened my eyes. At times I cannot believe what I'm reading. I've spent over 5,500 nights in town at night. And every single 1 of them I went home safely to my family. Yet TVP make out like it's a war zone. That couldn't be further from the truth! Yes, you can find isolated incidents, as you do all over the globe. But 99.9% of people come out to unwind and enjoy themselves..

Appendix 1

1. (3 years ago) 5/8/17. I could not make out anything other than a police presence, No link to us.

2. (5 years ago) 5/12/15 4:21am-Unsure of location, possibly after an Urban event?. No link to us.

3. (8 years ago) 4/4/12 3:29am-Committee have seen this TWICE (2011 & 2014) as explained before, staff intervened but as you can see, it was a sucker punch, they did not expect a man to hit a woman.

4. (2 years ago) 9/6/18 5am- Eva's security can be seen dealing with an issue relating to there premises. Its nothing we knew about as we were closed. PC Wheeler is aware that this is Eva's

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security. We are disappointed to see Eva's issues in our review papers. No link to us.

5. (9 years ago) 10/7/11 1:08am-an isolated incident, to our knowledge a man spat in a staff members face while racially abusing him and his mother, he lost his cool. The same night he was sacked. Other staff can be seen trying to stop the incident.

6. (8 years ago) 11/3/12 2:37am-committee have seen in 2014. To our knowledge the female was not our customer, and certainly did not come from our doorway, the male is also not our customer. We understand this to be a domestic. Security did however intervene when they noticed.

7. (8 years ago) 12/8/12 3:03am-2 sucker punches by 1 person in the space of 45 seconds. He did not enter the shop at any point.

8. (1 year ago) 14/2/19 3:35am- 1 male with a chicken shop white bag (no evidence to suggest he was our customer as 2 other chicken outlets in close proximity also use white bags) however the male was not involved in the fight and we was not aware of the incident taking place.

9. (8 years ago) 21/4/12 2-3am-committee have seen before, an unfortunate incident that happened a long time ago, could have happened anywhere in the UK as we often see on TV.

10. (1 year ago) 21/12/19 3:36-4:27am-PC wheeler mentions Police "having to remain in the vicinity" otherwise known as Police presence. Christmas week, an incident occurs at the BUS STOP, PC Wheeler mentions a crowd at the Chicken shop, but fails to mention the much larger crowd at the BUS STOP. 4:14am a man passes out. Later 2 friends had a disagreement after a few drinks, security intervened on a minor issue. Police happened to be there dealing with the man who passed out nearby.

11. (8 years ago)-committee have already seen. 2 males fight Infront of Burger King, our customers attempt to stop it. As you can see, other people are not involved. An unfortunate alcohol fuelled incident that happened a long time ago.

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12. (2 years ago) 20/4/18 1:28-3:41am-Christian Auriel (Staff) drinking tea and going back to work.

13. (8 years ago) 29/3/12 2:15am-committee have seen, an unfortunate incident that happened a long time ago, security may have been in the washroom.

14. (2 years ago) 24/4/18 1:50am-a male came from another premises with a glass, at first he's out of sight, but once security notice and ask him not to drink. The video is then cut...

15. (8 years ago) 19/2/12 1:48am-a recording that the committee has seen, Security did their best, even when the trouble moved further away they still persisted to intervene.

16. Not applicable to this review.

17. (1 year ago) 21/6/19 00:26am-A sucker head butt which is almost impossible to stop. This man has connections with a man named Liam (cousin).

Appendix 2

1. (1 year ago) 1/12/19 3:48am (FOOTAGE 1 HOUR OUT OF SYNC) 2 other nearby chicken outlets use white carrier bags, no evidence to suggest they were our customers. A fight breaks out at the BUS STOP which moves into the road and then over to the graveyard. Regardless of where they purhased food, this BUS STOP would've been there destination. We clean any litter at the close of trade (refer to door safe log book) Members of the public can be seen reacting to the incident. Some with bags, some without, some run away, some run towards, some recording, some calling police, some breaking it up etc. This appears to have been after an urban event. Our customers not involved.

2. Same as above.

3. (1 year ago) 8/12/19 (FOOTAGE 1 HOUR OUT OF SYNC) and his gang can be seen fighting in the road which then moves over to Hosier street. Members of the public can be seen reacting to the incident. Some with bags, some without, some run away, some run towards, some recording, some calling police, some breaking it up etc. This appears to have been after an urban event. Our customers not involved.

Appendix 3

The 1st of 3 CCTV incidents provided by TVP connected to the sucker punched an innocent customer for no apparent reason. I provided a statement and CCTV, court date is in March 2020.

Appendix 4

(1 year ago) 21/12/19 4:42am-after a peaceful night, just 3 days before Christmas (I was a witness to this incident) No crowd can be seen. A 50+ male who may have had 1 drink too many is moved on by Police, before shockingly a TVP officer pulls out a TASER gun, which was totally uncalled for, as agreed with by security of a neighbouring premises, other members of the public (who were shouting Police brutality) myself-Kamal, and even the officer HIMSELF stated to me "in hindsight perhaps i could've dealt with it differently" (refer to door safe log book) the video is then cut, it fails to show our security keeping the area clear, it fails to show the officer firing the TASER gun into the male, with the male dropping and his body shaking, if the male happened to be a heart patient it could have really taken a turn for the worse, as i had concerns that the male possibly suffered from some form of disability. When Police back up arrived they pointed a TASER gun at me and turned me around whilst beginning to handcuff me, it wasnt until i explained that i am the manager of Favourite Chicken that the officer let me go.

Appendix 5

24/12/19 morning staff with language barrier, as explained in my personal statement

Appendix 6

24/12/19 my follow up with PC Wheeler till this day (16/2/20) I have not seen this footage.

Appendix 7

CCTV system down as explained in my personal statement.

Appendix 8

Staff filling the shop, in the process of taking things upstairs.

Appendix 9

This relates to Iguana/Premier stairs incident. A lady fell at the bottom of the stairs. H&S inspection sheet and door safe log were completed and a subsequent inspection revealed that this was no fault of the stairs.

With regard to the door supervision of the premises, I did explain the situation to PC Wheeler as well as Declan Smyth & Licensing officer Robert Smalley. However, I still found it amongst the review papers so I will clarify once more...

There was a problem that came to my attention: where door staff had been signing in for duty

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on BOTH Favourite Chicken & Bar Iguana at the same time.

For the sake of clarity:

2 security work at Favourite Chicken

1 security work at Bar Iguana

There were occasions where one of the Chicken shop security was going upstairs into the bar, to use the toilet or speak to Terry (manager) before starting work.

The security who is supposed to be working at Iguana says to the Chicken shop security who's walking into the bar: "while your up there, sign the book, I'm just having a smoke" which the he did (with his own name and badge number).

However after using the toilet he came back down to start work at Favourite Chicken.

So, once again (he signs on for duty in Favourite Chicken with his own name and badge number)

Now the security who works for Iguana has gone unaccounted for.

Therefore it looks as if we had only 2 security covering 2 premises.

I can assure the committee -that this was NEVER the case.

We are not cheap kind of people who are looking to cut corners.

This was simply an error with regards to admin. Once bought to my attention, it was rectified.

The reason I didn't pick up on it sooner was because the security personnel we use all have very long African names, often 4-5 names each. So we only call them by there nicknames. ie (TJ, KB, Ibz, Shadow & J)

Plus this happened during a tough time for my family, as we was taking care of my Grandmother so I may have overlooked it.

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When asked, the security apologised to me, and explained "They are both Saleem's premises and nothing ever happens so we didn't think it was a big issue, and it won't happen again".

We issue a briefing to the security company that we engage and this includes $\ensuremath{\beta}$

Sign in on arrival.

High Vis jacket/vest to be worn.

SIA badge displayed.

Greeting customers.

Handing over any lost property to manager.

Defusing any potential incident.

Make every effort to stop any physical or verbal dispute (Log).

Helping any vulnerable person (ie walk them towards taxi rank/bus stop)

Dispersing of any groups remaining on our forecourt.

If possible, attempting to defuse any incident in the street.

Log any other incident that is noticed.

Sign off.

3 linked incidents.

Amongst the CCTV evidence provided by TVP are 3 incidents linked to 1 male. He goes by the name of the second three are dated as follows:

28/04/19

21/06/19

08/12/19

has a reputation of being a bad man. Him, his brother and there gang are feared by all. By his own admission he suffers from ADHD & has Anger management issues. As he went to school with my younger brother I had heard all about his reputation. Although before these

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incidents I only knew him by his surname. He is the kind of person you don't want to report to the Police, as it may come with serious consequences.

In March 2019 was verbally abusing a female in the street during the early hours, she came to us for protection, we took the female in. He followed and we refused him entry. He then smashed up our shop front, shattering a window panel before running off. Days later I saw him outside the shop one evening, I requested him to pay for the damage He caused. He laughed in my face before walking off. I then asked his friend to request into to cause trouble at the shop. He replied "no one can stop

On 28th April 2019 came into the shop, and for no apparent reason, punched an innocent customer who was paying for his food. I had no choice but to ban him, provide CCTV to TVP, provide a statement and identify the man in the video as

From April through to December Myself and family were living in fear. During that period I received anonymous calls stating "you better not show up to court!" I was slandered over social media. (Evidence provided) I was followed, as He would show up to my Hairdressers while i was present and write the word "SNITCH" next to my name in the appointment book (evidence provided) He came to the Shop on several occasions and made serious level threats directed at me, as well as other staff. He also bragged about his cousins incident in June.

On the 21st June 2019 cousin came into the shop, and headbutted another male for no reason whatsoever. On leaving He stated "That's from a We also banned this male from the premises.

Then on the 8th December, and his gang came towards our premises after a night out in town. Members of the public who knew him came towards the shop and told me "fis looking for you" and explained that he has been calling for his "boys" through social media to "Turn up" at the shop this weekend as he's going to "stick it on you". Our Security advised me it was safer to go downstairs into the office, which I did. That night we voluntarily closed early on request of TVP. And later we heard that an incident occurred in the middle of the road. In the coming days we learned that

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They are a serious threat to the public's safety.

The following day a friend of mine sent me a screen shot of social media post. In which he calls us "SNITCHES" and calls for everyone to "TURN UP". The term "TURN UP" in an urban dictionary is a call for people to show up at a certain place and cause trouble such as violence etc.

During this period I enquired about putting forward for a PubWatch ban. However with PubWatch there was no guarantee that my identity would remain anonymous...so out of fear for my own safety I didn't go ahead with it.

was charged for the incident in April 2019. He is due in court in March 2020. Thankfully my Father was able to intervene in mid-December and since then we haven't had any issue with the or his gang.

RESPONCE to Police report & CCTV of incident dated 16/02/20.

Our version of events:

On the 16th February 2020 an incident occured outside Favourite Chicken, this began when 1 male came into the shop with a drink in a glass, Doorstaff reacted by instructing the man to remove the Glass from the premises, before re-joining the queue. The male walks to the door and empties the contents of that glass onto the floor outside, in doing so he almost splashed 3 males who happened to be walking passed at the exact same time. 1 of the males became annoyed by the mans recklessness. And confronted him about it. At this time Doorstaff take over the situation, sending the male who emptied the glass back inside the shop to re-join the queue and kept the other 3 males outside. Door staff requested them to leave the vicinity, So as to avoid any further confrontation between them. The males outside became agitated at being asked to leave, with 1 of them willing to leave but the other 2 keen to stay so in there disagreement they began pushing each other. At this point Doorstaff made a decision to disperse them. TVP arrive on the scene as they was dealing with a none related incident nearby. However Doorstaff had already dealt with the situation. When asked by Police about what had occured, Doorstaff explained that a minor incident took place and that it was dealt with. Doorstaff then logged the incident. The entire incident lasts just seconds.

Page 17 of 23

We later received a Police report stating that an incident took place on 16/02/20. However the evidence provided by us (CCTV/DOOR SAFE LOG) heavily contradicts the report made by TVP.

The report suggests that a large altercation takes place outside Favourite Chicken & Bar Iguana...

INCORRECT: This is a very minor incident involving just a couple of people that came about after someone was slightly reckless while emptying the contents of a drink on to the floor outside, and almost splashing people walking by. The entire thing is under control in just seconds.

The report suggests an incident began when inside Bar Iguana, 1 male stood on another males foot.

INCORRECT: Bar Iguana closes at 3am, this incident took place at 3:20am, none of the parties entered Bar Iguana at any point of the night, CCTV is available for 31 days should local authorities wish to view it. Furthermore we can see from the evidence provided by us that neither party enter from the direction of Bar Iguana. And certainly no one stands on anyone's foot!

The report suggests that the 2 males then continue the argument whilst inside Favourite Chicken where security have ejected them from the premises.

INCORRECT: There is never a moment where both parties are inside of Favourite Chicken at the same time. And certainly security at no point eject them or anyone else as CCTV proves.

The report then suggests that the argument then escalates and groups come together and begin pushing and shoving each other.

INCORRECT: 1 male is allowed to re-enter the premises to buy food as he was instructed, whilst the other males are asked to leave the vicinity as mentioned above. Doorstaff have reacted by creating distance between them.

Page 18 of 23

The report then suggests that Doorstaff continue to eject members of the chicken shop into the street, putting all those involved into a large group outside.

INCORRECT: As you can see in the CCTV provided by us, never at any point do Doostaff eject even a single person into the street. Not at that moment or the entire shift. CCTV available to view for 31 days.

The report suggests that Doorstaff continue to eject people from the premises and tell people to move on, and that all of those ejected have continued to push and shove each other outside on the street.

INCORRECT: As I explained above, no one was ejected.

The report suggests Police on the scene have separated groups and it has fizzled out.

INCORRECT: There were no groups. Only 3 friends in which Door staff dispersed of as mentioned above.

The report suggests an Officer speaks to Doorstaff who have not said anything and remain tight lipped about what they have seen.

INCORRECT: There was nothing to remain tight lipped about. Doorstaff explain to the Officer that a very minor incident occured which has now been dealt with, as you can see from CCTV.

The report suggests that it was suspected that some off duty Doorstaff was involved in the incident.

INCORRECT: NONE of those involved are known to Doorstaff, management or employees at Favourite Chicken or Bar Iguana.

The report then suggests that an off duty Police officer had mentioned that a male in the group wearing a black puffer jacket possibly had a knife.

NOTE: As we can see by the evidence provided, none of the people involved in this incident are wearing a black puffer jacket. 1 male is wearing a black jacket however not of the puffer design.

Page **19** of **23**

In 21 years of being open to the public 7 days a week, I am pleased to say that we have NEVER had any incident involving a knife at our premises, our customers are not that kind of clientele.

The report then suggests a male matching the description is seen at a BUS STOP having a heated argument with his girlfriend.

NOTE: In the evidence provided we do not see sight of any girl with any male in the video.

The Police report then goes on to say that an Officer red dotted this male with a taser and NO knife was found.

NOTE: After seeing so many contradictions in the Police report compared to what our evidence proves actually happened, I am left with no choice but to consider the weight of the rest of the Police report. As it has proved to be an Incorrect documentation of events.

For the safety of 1 individual who was reckless when emptying the contents of his drink, our Door Staff have gone out of there way to ensure that He is kept safe and goes home without confrontation. Even if that meant facing up to 3 males who were left upset at not being allowed to remain in the vicinity.

At this point, I would like to take this opportunity to declare that I am completely satisfied with the way our Doorstaff handled this situation. From beginning to end, they have proven to be competent in carrying out there duties and i admire there decision making.

Moving on, I think it's important to understand that ourselves aswell as other chicken outlets all provide different products, we sell fried chicken and pizza, others sell piri piri chicken etc, so often you can see examples of 2 friends, 1 buying food from us, and the other buying food from one of the nearby chicken outlets in West Street, All the nearby chicken outlets use the same packaging. However when they want a BUS or TAXI they will make there way to St Marys Butts, so if someone is seen holding a chicken box, it does not necessarily mean that they have purchased food from us.

Something else I would like to mention at this point is that after meeting our landlord we closed our restaurant on the 1st floor. (Above Favourite Chicken) Investing £20,000. We borrowed money and turned it into a members only Pool Hall. The premises already has its own Premises License, and we planned to open in December, but on the request of TVP we agreed to delay our opening until January.

In the meantime PC Simon Wheeler visited the Management of Broad Street Mall, telling them not to allow us to open it. Then our landlord wrote to us mentioning that the Police had visited. I'm not sure what was said at this meeting between PC Wheeler and Broad Street Mall management but after that meeting the landlords behaviour noticeably changed. We have known them for over 20 years and have never experienced this before. From October till today the place has been closed and we are suffering great losses.

My humble plea to the committee:

We are a small business, who no doubt cannot compete with the likes of Burger King & KFC during the daytime. Therefore we rely on the night time economy to survive. Please don't consider reducing our hours. To reduce a bar or clubs hours by an hour has very little effect on them as they are busy throughout the evening and into the night. However we do not do any real business until 3am when the drinking establishements close, so the effects of reducing our trading by an hour is **monumental**. As far as increasing security we have already done this ourselves, but I recall previously when we had our hours cut back to 3am many years ago. It was a nightmare for us, as bars close at 3am, so trying to explain to an intoxicated person that someone already inside before 3am can sit, eat and go, but they can't proved to be very difficult. We had our windows smashed 9 times in a calendar year. So when things are flowing, everything runs so much smoother.

PC Wheeler has implied that I am an unsuitable manager of a late night refreshment premises. May I remind you, that I am the same manager who supported his case to take EVA'S for review providing a statement, against my own friends! The DPS of EVA'S (Emma) couldn't look me in the eye...but I knew it was the right thing to do.

I am the same manager who BEFORE any meeting with Licensing officers or TVP, decided to employ extra security for the run in to New Years.

Page **21** of **23**

I am the same manager who over the last 15 years HAS and WILL always work with local authorities. Doing whatever has ever been asked of me. Whether it be relocating a camera or updating a policy.

I will be attaching a map of the St Mays Butts area between 11pm-5am which highlights the various reasons for people to be within the area:

14 DRINKING ESTABLISHMENTS

4 LATE NIGHT REFRESHMENTS

12 BUS STOPS

4 TAXI RANKS

4 CASH ATMs

3 HOTELS

1 A&E (St Marys Church)

ALL WITHIN CLOSE PROXIMITY.

Furthermore, i have conducted a 14 day petition which i will also attach, it asks for people to sign there name, postcode, date, contact and signiture if they'd like Favourite Chicken & Pizza to remain trading until 5am, at the time of writing this, the petition has been signed by over 500 people.

Lastly, i will be producing several clips of footage from various times throughout Friday & Saturday nights, to provide an understanding of how the night progresses at our premises.

As always, for the best interest of this town and the night time economy as a whole, local authorities (RBC & TVP) have our full cooperation.

I can confirm that everything in our shop is completely up to date, including CCTV (31 days) Staff training, Fire safety, licence requirements etc. We have undertaken refresher training, not least during the last year and have just done so again so that the licensing objectives are fresh in our minds and the minds of our staff. We will provide certificates of this training if required.

Statement of Truth

I believe that the facts stated in this statement are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

KAMAL SALEEM

STATEMENT OF MOSEBOLATAN ADIGUN

My name is Mr. Mosebolatan Adigun (also known as "TJ") and I am the Head of Security at Favourite Chicken & Pizza and have been for several years now.

I would like to make comment on a few incidents that all relate back to 1 individual. This individual goes by the name of Liam Hickman.

On the 28th April 2019 Liam came into the chicken shop, where for seemingly no reason whatsoever, he punched an innocent customer who was paying for his food. The Police were called, we logged the incident and saw to the victim. The manager Kamal then gave a statement to TVP identifying Liam Hickman as the person in the CCTV. He then explained to me that Liam was to be banned from our premises.

Liam did not take this well. From April through to December he continuously caused problems for us, coming to the shop every couple of weeks, sometimes with other members of his gang, they would stand by the door making serious threats to the manager, staff and the premises as a whole. I explained to the manager that we should take this issue further, however he was hesitant, as he was receiving anonymous calls saying "you better not show up to court" as well as being attacked on social media and followed on the street as he went about his daily life.

On the 21st June 2019 Liam's cousin came into the shop and like Liam, for no apparent reason headbutted an innocent customer, as if to deliver some kind of message to the shop or its owners, this man was also banned.

Then on December 8th Liam and his gang came towards our premises after a night out in town. Members of the public told us "Liam is looking for Kamal". I told my manager it was safer to go into the office. That night we closed early on request of TVP and later we learned that an incident took place in the middle of the road. In the following days the manager explained to me that it was Liam and his gang involved.

The manager then revealed to me a picture his friend sent him on the 9th December, it was from Liams social media account calling for people to "turn up" at PFC (This shop was formerly known as Perfect Chicken) as we was "snitches".

The manager did mention that he was going to put Liam's name forward for a PubWatch ban. However later, when I asked him if he did, he said no, as Pubwatch doesn't guarantee that he can remain anonymous and he was concerned for his safety.

Thankfully Kamal's father managed to get someone to speak to Liam through another member of his gang. Since the new year we have not had any issues with him. It is our understanding that Liam is due in court sometime in March for the incident relating back to April 2019.

I would like the committee to take into consideration that the only 2 incidents we had inside our premises in 2019 relate to Liam and also make you aware that Liam and his gang where those involved on December 8th.

I have worked at Favourite Chicken for some time now, I don't live in Reading. I've worked all over the country, but I consider Reading at night to be a safe, friendly environment and that this premises is being run well.

Statement of Truth

I believe that the facts stated in this witness statement are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

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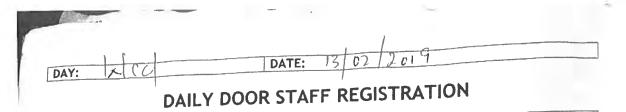
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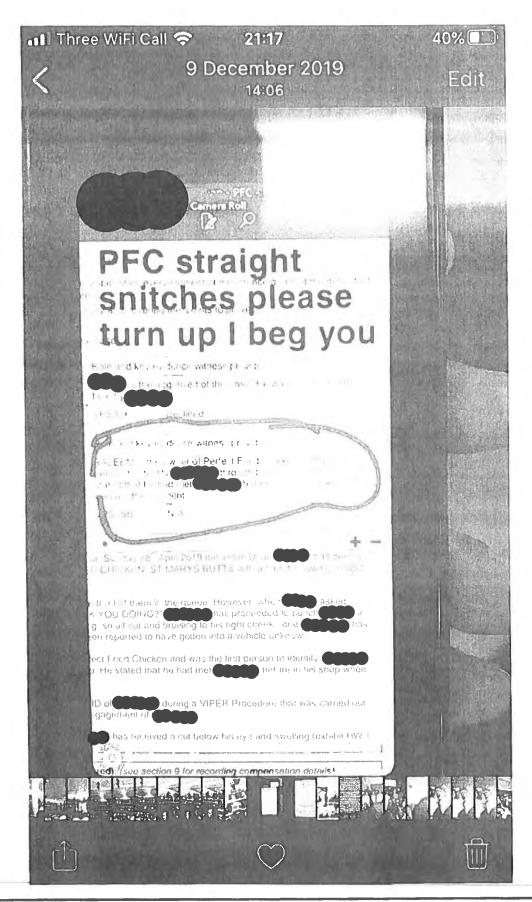


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Registered in United Kingdom, Number 11964957 12 London Road Morden SM4 SBQ Phone: - 02089649118

Date: 09 12-2019

Invoice

Favourite Chicken & Pizza 10 ST Mary's Butts Reading RG1 2LN

Description of Work

CCTV 4Ch DVR RV1004 Verox Hybrid DVR 1TB hard drive 200.00

Amount

This afternoon received call from Mr. Saleem about the problem with DVR which was found faulty without any backup and was replaced this evening with new one

1- DVR was not deducting the Hard Drive

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Reading Borough Council Licensing Policy

40.0

Vision : To promote Reading as a safe and healthy environment in which responsible operators provide lawful and responsible facilities for the enjoyment of all of the town's residents and visitors.

2.1 The Secretary of State's Guidance to the Licensing Act 2003 states that the licensing authority should outline how it will secure proper integration between it's licensing policy with policies and strategies concerned with local crime prevention, planning, transport, tourism, equality schemes, cultural strategies and any other policy or plan introduced for the management of town centres and night time economies. The Licensing Authority agree that such co-ordination and integration is crucial to achieve the Council's aims for a safe and vibrant night time economy.

4.14 It is recognised that the licensing function is only one means of securing the delivery of the active promotion of the licensing objectives and should not therefore be seen as a panacea for solving all problems within local communities. The licensing process can only seek to control measures within the control of a licence holder or potential licence holder. The Licensing authority will continue to work in partnership with other bodies within the Council and outside the Council to ensure that the licensing objectives are actively promoted through any relevant strategy, initiative or policy.

6.1 Conditions shall be appropriate and proportionate for the promotion of the licensing objectives and shall be unambiguous and clear in their stated aims. Conditions will also be tailored to the type, location and characteristics of the particular premises and the relevant licensable activities. Any condition imposed by the Authority shall also aim to avoid duplication of other legislation unless there is a requirement to impose such a condition in order to promote the licensing objectives (for example, a capacity limit for public safety reasons). This shall apply to all relevant applications (grant/variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate)

S182 Guidance

11.20 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review.

11.23 it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises...

Conditions must be relevant and relate to a licensable activity	Brightcrew Limited v The City of Glasgow Licensing Board, [2011] CSIH 46
Conditions imposed on a licence under the Act need to be sufficiently precise for applicants to know the obligations imposed	<u>R -v- Hammersmith & Fulham London Borough Council</u> ex parte Earls Court Ltd , Times, 15 July 1993
upon them. Conditions should not duplicate a statutory provision, duty or responsibility.	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions must be appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions must be precise and enforceable	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions must be unambiguous and clear in what they intend to achieve	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions must be tailored to the individual type, location and characteristics of the premises and events concerned	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions should not be standardised and may be unlawful when it cannot be demonstrated that they are appropriate for the promotion of the licensing objectives in an individual case	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions should not replicate offences set out in the 2003 Act or other legislation	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions should be proportionate and justifiable	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Jusunable	<u>R v Secretary of State's for Health ex parte Eastside</u> Cheese [1999] 3 CMLR 123 :
	<u>De Freitas v Permanent Secretary of Ministry of</u> <u>Agriculture, Fisheries, Lands and Housing [1999] 1 AC</u> <u>69</u> ,
	Regard also should be had to the Enforcement Concordat and principles of Better Regulation.
Conditions should be capable of being met.	<u>R v London Borough of Hammersmith & Fulham, ex p</u> Earls Court (1993) The Times, 15 July
Conditions cannot seek to manage the behaviour of customers once they are beyond the direct management of the licence holder and their staff	Secretary of State's Guidance at 1.16
Conditions must be self-contained with no external approval process	<u>Ellis v Dubowski [1921] 3 KB 621,</u>
every able to be a set of the set	<u>R v Greater London Council, ex p Blackburn [1976] 3</u> All ER 184

QBCOF 1999/0177/4 COURT OF APPEAL (CIVIL DIVISION) ON APPEAL FROM THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION CROWN OFFICE LIST (MR JUSTICE MOSES)

Royal Courts of Justice

The Strand London

Thursday 1 July 1999

Before:

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE OF ENGLAND AND WALES (Lord Bingham of Cornhill)

LORD JUSTICE OTTON

and 🕬

LORD JUSTICE ROBERT WALKER

BETWEEN:

THE QUEEN

and

SECRETARY OF STATE FOR HEALTH

Ex parte EASTSIDE CHEESE COMPANY (a firm)

and

RADUCKETT & CO

Interested Party

<u>JUDGMENT</u> (<u>As Approved by the Court</u>)

(Computer Aided Transcription by Smith Bernal, 180 Fleet Street, London EC4A 2HD Telephone 0171 421 4040 Official Shorthand Writers to the Court)

<u>APPEARANCES</u>:

MR PHILIP HAVERS QC and MR NEIL GARNHAM (instructed by the Office of the Solicitor, Department of Health, London 2A 2LS) appeared on behalf

of THE APPELLANT/RESPONDENT

MR DAVID FOSKETT QC and MR RICHARD BOOTH (instructed by Messrs Laurie

Moran Arthur, London SW19 5DQ) appeared on behalf

of THE RESPONDENT/APPLICANT

MR GERALD BARLING QC and MR HUGH MERCER (instructed by Messrs Clarke

Wilmott & Clarke, Somerset BA20 1EP) appeared on behalf

of THE INTERESTED PARTY

Thursday 1 July 1999

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE: On 20 May 1998 the Secretary of State for Health made an emergency control order under section 13 of the Food Safety Act 1990. The text of that order was amended by a further order under the same section made on the following day. It is convenient to treat these as a single order in the amended form. The effect of the order was to prohibit the carrying out of any commercial operation in relation to cheese originating from R A Duckett and Co. Limited of Walnut Tree Farm, Wedmore, Somerset. On 10 July 1998, the order was again varied: the prohibition was not to apply to any cheese manufactured on or after 11 July.

So long as the order remained fully in force it paralysed the cheese-making business which Ducketts carried on, and had carried on with notable distinction for several generations. The order also paralysed the business of cheese processors and maturers to the extent that they depended on supplies of cheese obtained from Ducketts. Such a business was that of the Eastside Cheese Company, a firm in Godstone, Surrey, in which Mr James Aldridge, a well-known and respected figure in the cheesemaking world, is the leading cheesemaker.

Eastside obtained leave to seek judicial review of the emergency control order made by the secretary of state and were supported by Ducketts as an interested party. A number of different grounds were advanced. In a long and careful judgment delivered on 13 November 1998, Moses J dismissed most of the grounds relied on by Eastside and Ducketts but he upheld one ground of

challenge and on that ground held the emergency control order as amended to be unlawful. The secretary of state appeals, contending that the judge was wrong to find the order unlawful on that ground. Eastside and Ducketts for their part contend that the judge should have found in favour of Eastside on some of the grounds which he dismissed as well as that which he upheld, and they rely on other grounds not argued before the judge.

Ducketts produce two types of cheese. Caerphilly and Wedmore. The difference is that Wedmore contains chives, and Caerphilly does not. The story begins for present purposes on 19 April 1998 when a 12 year-old boy became seriously ill and was admitted to hospital suffering from food poisoning. On 28 April 1998 it was diagnosed that his symptoms were attributable to a very dangerous organism, E-coli 0157.

This organism is very dangerous because it can cause severe illness and death, kidney failure requiring dialysis, strokes, blindness and brain damage. In evidence before the judge Dr Hilton, a Senior Medical Officer and Head of the Micro-biological Safety of Food Unit at the Department of Health, deposed:

"It is worth noting that *E-coli* 0157 is categorised as a containment level 3 pathogen which means that it is considered to be more dangerous than the types of *Salmonella* that cause food-poisoning or the bacteria that causes cholera, and that it is considered to be as dangerous as the bacteria that cause typhoid or the plague."

The danger presented by E-coli 0157 is insidious, because the number of organisms needed to cause infection is apparently low and the organisms tend not to be evenly distributed within foods. This makes sampling difficult and unreliable, unless a test for the organism proves positive. Then it is clear that the product is contaminated. A negative result does not however give the same assurance that the food is not contaminated: because of the low number of organisms needed to cause infection and the non-uniform distribution of organisms in food, it is only possible to be sure that the organism is absent if the whole of every product, in this case cheese, is tested to destruction. Part of the factual

background to this case was a recent outbreak of E-coli 0157 poisoning in Scotland, which had claimed the lives of 17 people.

On 28 April 1998 it was believed that Ducketts' Wedmore cheese might be the source of the boy's E-coli 0157 infection. The cheese in question had been supplied by Ducketts to a shop in Wellington. Somerset, where it had been bought by the boy's parents and eaten by him shortly before he fell ill. Samples of cheese were obtained from the shop and tested. On Friday 1 May these were provisionally thought to show the presence of E-coli 0157. Ducketts were informed of this result by the Sedgemoor District Council, and the presence of E-coli 0157 was confirmed on Saturday 2 May. Ducketts then told Mr Aldridge of Eastside, who bought most of their cheese from Ducketts for maturing and smoking before onward sale. The district council told Mr Duckett that the cheese had been supplied to the shop in Wellington on 8 April 1998, and on that basis Mr Duckett "guesstimated" that the cheese had been made between 4 and 6 April 1998.

The judge has summarised the narrative very fully and accurately in his judgment, but it is necessary to draw attention to some of the main points. Mr Aldridge, on learning of the infection from Mr Duckett, at once isolated the Duckett cheese in the possession of Eastside which included Ducketts' 5 April 1998 production, and took steps to ensure that that cheese was not sold. The district council set up a Food Incident Team, and there were discussions between the Environmental Health Department of the district council and the Department of Health, which was first alerted on Saturday 2 May. On Sunday 3 May Mr Curtis, a Senior Principal Environmental Health Officer, and Team Leader of the Food Hazard Unit, was informed and co-ordinated investigations on behalf of the department. On that Sunday, representatives of the district council and the department met at Bridgwater and visited Ducketts' farm. Monday 4 May 1998 was a bank holiday. On that day Mr Aldridge confirmed to Mr Curtis that none of his Duckett cheese produced on 5 April had been sold, and that it was clearly marked. Ducketts meanwhile tried to recall supplies from other customers. There is no doubt that both Ducketts and Eastside acted very promptly and properly.

There followed a series of four meetings of the Food Incident Team, on 5, 6, 8 and 13 May,

including representatives of the district council and the department and, at some meetings, food microbiologists from the Hygiene Division of the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. At the meeting on 5 May it was recorded that further analytical work was needed finally to establish the link between the cheese and the poisoned boy. On 6 May this link was confirmed. On that date the department intended to recommend that the Ducketts' production of 5 April should be withdrawn and that subsequent release should be dependent on satisfactory sampling arrangements. By the meeting on 8 May there was much more evidence available from laboratory tests. Forty samples taken from Ducketts' production between 26 April and 3 May 1998 were all found to be negative. But there were eight positive samples: six of these derived from Ducketts' production of 4 April, and came from a single consignment to a retailer known as West Country Fine Foods; one came from Ducketts' production of 5 April, traced in Wandsworth; one came from the cheese which was thought to have caused the boy's infection. It was thought that most of Ducketts' production of 4 and 5 April had been consumed by this time, but it was decided to issue a Food Hazard Warning to local authorities, not limited to specific production dates.

Eastside's cheeses derived from Ducketts' 5 April production were taken for testing on 4 May, and further samples were supplied on 8 May.

On 13 May a further positive sample was reported, this time from the area of Taunton Deane Borough Council. It was thought that the cheese sampled had been produced by Ducketts between 4 and 6 April, but confirmation was needed. This made nine positive samples, although six of them came from the consignment to West Country Fine Foods.

At this stage the source of the contamination was unknown. Mrs Duckett was found to be a carrier of E-coli 0157, although showing no symptoms. Later it became fairly clear that Mrs Duckett's infection was irrelevant, but this finding was a source of some concern at the time since she was involved in handling and packing the manufactured cheeses. Samples received by the laboratory from Ducketts since 11 May were found to be negative, as were samples of production during the period 4-6 April. It was decided to issue a second Food Hazard Warning, in particular to seek information for

purposes of settling a suitable sampling plan. The Warning, sent on 13 May 1998 to all local authorities with a possible interest, stated:

"Enquiries have indicated that cheeses may be relabelled and repackaged during distribution through the trade. Some cheeses are subject to further treatment or processing as described in our original Food Hazard Warning. We urgently require further samples of Ducketts Caerphilly or Ducketts Wedmore cheese to help identify whether the hazard is confined to a particular period of production. We would like to ensure samples are examined throughout the period of production, from 4 April. Please let us have any information available direct on Fax ...on production dates (or if not available, delivery dates) of Ducketts cheeses within the premises visited so that we can advise local authorities on a targetted sampling programme."

The Warning listed the 34 outlets then known to the Department of Health to be directly involved and the local authorities requested to act. The outlets were dispersed throughout the West Country, London and the Home Counties, Scotland, Manchester, Harrogate and elsewhere.

No further cases of food poisoning were reported, and no positive samples shown to have come from a production period outside the production period 4-6 April identified by Ducketts were reported. Both Ducketts and Eastside were continuing to act co-operatively, and plans were being laid to devise a safe sampling system. But the source of contamination was still not confirmed, and could have been found either in the raw material from which the cheeses were made, or from the production process, or from handling or treatment after manufacture. There was no certainty about the suspect dates of production, partly because of the problems of repackaging mentioned in the second Food Hazard Warning.

On 15 May Mr Aldridge wrote to the department arguing that there was no reason to withhold any of his ex-Duckett cheese from the market save within the two-week period of production covering 4-6 April 1998. Shortly after this, on 18 May, Mr Aldridge told the Tandridge District Council (Eastside's local council) that he intended to deliver some Duckett cheese to a wholesaler, and he did deliver some such cheese which he had received in early March and which had been maturing

since then. It seems, and the judge accepted, that his intention was to provoke the district council into issuing a detention notice under section 9 of the 1990 Act. Under that section, to which we will come, compensation is payable if food which is the subject of a notice under the section is found not to be unfit (unless the notice is withdrawn). Mr Aldridge's objective was not to depart from the restrictive régime he had voluntarily accepted, but to put Eastside in a position to claim compensation. His tactic was successful to this extent, that on 19 May 1998 his local district council did issue a detention notice under section 9.

On the same day, 19 May, a crucial meeting of the Food Incident Team was held. It was attended by representatives of the department, the Ministry of Agriculture. Fisheries and Food, Public Health Laboratory Services, Tandridge Environmental Health Department. Somerset Health Authority and the Sedgemoor Environmental Health Department. Seventeen people attended in total, including a note-taker. There was new information that some beef cattle on Ducketts' farm had been found to be infected with E-coli 0157. More significantly, there was a report from the Mendip Environmental Health Department that a sample of Duckett cheese had been tested for E-coli 0157 and found to be presumptively positive. This was the tenth positive sample. An official from the Department of Heath had requested additional information as to the source of this sample, and had been told by the district council that the sample had been supplied direct by Ducketts to a retailer in Wells. The delivery had been on 30 April 1998, and would accordingly have been produced between about 25 and 27 April, well outside what had hitherto been implicated as the suspect period of production. Later, this information proved to be incorrect. But on 19 May there was no reason to suspect the reliability of this report, which inevitably put an even more serious gloss on the facts as understood up to then.

At the meeting the representative of Tandridge District Council Environmental Health Department explained the financial consequences for Eastside of detaining £30,000 worth of cheese. It was recorded that Mr Aldridge had made a number of representations and a copy of his letter of 15 May to the department was tabled. It was thought that he might be considering a legal challenge to the section 9 notice that had been served in respect of his stock, and reference was made to samples taken from him. There was a lengthy discussion whether an appropriate sampling plan could be devised that would identify with reasonable certainty which batches of cheese held by Eastside were likely to be contaminated with E-coli 0157, but the problem was complicated by the fact that Mr Aldridge could only identify a particular week's production from Ducketts and not a particular day's. The record of the meeting concludes with two important paragraphs:

"11. It was agreed that it would not be possible for any sampling plan, short of total destructive testing, to provide adequate assurance as to the safety of Mr Aldridge's stock for the following reasons:

i. given the evidence that E-coli 0157 had been found in Ducketts cheese produced on different days

ii. positive samples had been contaminated at low levels

iii. a sampling plan for positive <u>release</u> of suspect cheese would need to give a high level of assurance that <u>no</u> sample from any cheese would be likely to be contaminated

iv. it could not be assumed that any contamination was randomly distributed in an individual cheese.

There was agreement that the food sampling programme that 12. had been instigated following the previous Food Hazard Warning had not helped to identify the cause or period of the contamination because of a lack of information regarding production dates. As infection from E-coli 0157 can occur from ingesting a very small number of organisms, no sampling programme could give a satisfactory assurance of the safety of the cheese. It was agreed, therefore, that all cheese produced by Ducketts that is currently held at outlets is potentially unsafe and its sale should be banned. Due to the logistical problems that could be faced by EHDs trying to do this "on their own" it was considered to be appropriate at this stage to pursue the idea of asking the Minister to sign an Emergency Control Order under Section 13 of the Food Safety Act 1990 to remove the cheese from the market. DH agreed to seek advice from its lawyers to decide if this was appropriate. If it was, DH undertook to put a submission to the Minister. If such an Order was to be signed it was agreed that it would be worded in such a way any cheese produced by Ducketts included any anonymised Caerphilly".

It appears that the meeting concluded at about 7.30 p.m.

On 20 May Eastside and Ducketts were told that an emergency control order under section 13 of the 1990 Act was under consideration and given reasons for that course. It seems that the faxed letter giving this information reached Eastside at about 1.47 p.m. and there was very little time to respond. Mr Aldridge, however, did reply, without the benefit of legal advice, arguing that there was no legal or scientific reason for withholding from the market cheese made by Ducketts before the earliest of the suspect dates. At 6.30 p.m. a Minister of State at the department made The Food (Cheese) (Emergency Control) Order 1998 (SI 1998/1277). This order recited that it appeared to the minister that the carrying out of any commercial operation with respect to Ducketts' cheese involved or might involve imminent risk of injury to health. The order prohibited the carrying out of any commercial operation in relation to cheese originating from Ducketts. A duty was imposed on each food authority to enforce and execute the order within its area. The effect of the amendment made on 21 May (SI 1998/1284) was to modify section 9 of the Act so as to provide that a justice of the peace could only decide whether any cheese fell within the terms of the section 13 prohibition and not whether it was fit or unfit. Thus compensation would only be payable if cheese was detained by a local authority which did not fall within the prohibition and not if cheese was detained which, although falling within the prohibition, was not unfit. Although Ducketts were served with a section 9 notice giving effect to the section 13 order in its amended form, Eastside were never served with such a notice.

The Act

Section 9 of the 1990 provides:

"(1) An authorised officer of a food authority may at all reasonable times inspect any food intended for human consumption which --

(a) has been sold or is offered or exposed for sale; or

(b) is in the possession of, or has been deposited with or consigned_to, any person for the purpose of sale or of

preparation for sale;

and subsections (3) to (9) below shall apply where, on such an inspection, it appears to the authorised officer that any food fails to comply with food safety requirements.

(2) The following provisions shall also apply where, otherwise than on such an inspection, it appears to an authorised officer of a food authority that any food is likely to cause food poisoning or any disease communicable to human beings.

(3) The authorised officer may either ----

(a) give notice to the person in charge of the food that, until the notice is withdrawn, the food or any specified portion of it --

- (i) is not to be used for human consumption; and
- (ii) either is not to be removed or is not to be removed except to some place specified in the notice; or

(b) seize the food and remove it in order to have it dealt with by a justice of the peace:

and any person who knowingly contravenes the requirements of a notice under paragraph (a) above shall be guilty of an offence.

(4) Where the authorised officer exercises the powers conferred by subsection (3)(a) above, he shall, as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 21 days, determine whether or not he is satisfied that the food complies with food safety requirements and --

(a) if he is so satisfied, shall forthwith withdraw the notice;

(b) if he is not so satisfied, shall seize the food and remove it in order to have it dealt with by a justice of the peace.

(5) Where an authorised officer exercises the powers conferred by subsection (3)(b) or (4)(b) above, he shall inform the person in charge of the food of his intention to have it dealt with by a justice of the peace and --

(a) any person who under section 7 or 8 above might be liable to a prosecution in respect of the food shall, if he attends before the justice of the peace by whom the food falls to be dealt with, be entitled to be heard and to call witnesses; and (b) that justice of the peace may, but need not, be a member of the court before which any person is charged with an offence under that section in relation to that food.

(6) If it appears to a justice of the peace, on the basis of such evidence as he considers appropriate in the circumstances, that any food falling to be dealt with by him under this section fails to comply with food safety requirements, he shall condemn the food and order ---

(a) the food to be destroyed or to be so disposed of as to prevent it from being used for human consumption; and

(b) any expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the destruction or disposal to be defrayed by the owner of the food.

(7) If a notice under subsection (3)(a) above is withdrawn, or the justice of the peace by whom any food falls to be dealt with under this section refuses to condemn it, the food authority shall compensate the owner of the food for any depreciation in its value resulting from the action taken by the authorised officer.

(8) Any disputed question as to the right to or the amount of any compensation payable under subsection (7) above shall be determined by arbitration."

The expressions "food authority" and "authorised officer" are defined in section 5 (1), (2) and (6) respectively, but nothing turns on those definitions. It is plain from section 9(2) and (3) that the section provides for action by food authorities in relation to specific food held by specific persons. It is also plain from subsections (3)(a) and (4) that on giving notice under subsection (3)(a) the authorised officer has a maximum of 21 days in which to decide either to withdraw the notice or to seek condemnation of the food by a justice of the peace. If the food is seized under subsection (3)(b) or (4) (b) the authorised officer is obliged to seek condemnation of the food by a justice of the peace this action is subject to no statutory time limit, but since there is a liability to pay compensation if the food is not condemned, and the compensation is for depreciation in the value of the food resulting from the action taken by the authorised officer, the officer has a strong incentive to bring the matter before the justice of the peace as promptly as possible. Section 9 of the 1990 Act derives from section 10 of the

Food and Drugs Act 1938, which in turn derives from section 116 of the Public Health Act 1875. It is established that under these sections a justice of the peace acts administratively and not judicially, with the result that there is no appeal to the crown court under section 108 of the Magistrates' Courts Act 1980: see *R v Cornwall Quarter Sessions ex parte Kerley* [1956] 1 WLR 906. Thus the decision of a justice can be challenged only by way of judicial review.

Section 13 of the 1990 Act provides:

- "(1) If it appears to the Minister that the carrying out of commercial operations with respect to food, food sources or contact materials of any class or description involves or may involve imminent risk of injury to health, he may, by an order (in this Act referred to as an 'emergency control order'), prohibit the carrying out of such operations with respect to food, food sources or contact materials of that class or description.
- (2) Any person who knowingly contravenes an emergency control order shall be guilty of an offence.
- (3) The Minister may consent, either unconditionally or subject to any condition that he considers appropriate, to the doing in a particular case of anything prohibited by an emergency control order.
- (4) It shall be a defence for a person charged with an offence under subsection (2) above to show --
 - (a) that consent had been given under subsection (3) above to the contravention of the emergency control order; and
 - (b) that any condition subject to which that consent was given was complied with.
- (5) The Minister --
 - (a) may give such directions as appear to him to be necessary or expedient for the purpose of preventing the carrying out of commercial operations with respect to any food, food sources or contact materials which he believes, on reasonable grounds, to be food, food sources or contact materials to which an emergency control order applies; and
 - (b) may do anything which appears to him to be necessary or expedient for that purpose.

- (6) Any person who fails to comply with the direction under this section shall be guilty of an offence.
- (7) If the Minister does anything by virtue of this section in consequence of any person failing to comply with an emergency control order or a direction under this section, the Minister may recover from that person any e x p e n s e s reasonably incurred by him under this section."

Section 13 is supplemented by section 48 of the Act which provides, so far as material:

"(1) Any power of the Ministers or the Minister to make regulations or an order under this Act includes power ---

(c) to provide for such exceptions, limitations and conditions, and to make such supplementary, incidental, consequential or transitional provisions, as the Ministers or the Minister considers necessary or expedient.

- (2) Any power of the Ministers or the Minister to make regulations or orders under this Act shall be exercisable by statutory instrument
- (3) Any statutory instrument containing —

(b) an order under this Act other than an order under section 60(3) below,

shall be subject to annulment in pursuance of a resolution of either House of Parliament."

Thus an emergency control order under section 13 is made by a Minister in contrast with a notice issued under section 9, or a seizure under that section, which is given or effected by the food authority. An emergency control order may be directed to all food authorities, as this order was, and not to a specific person in charge of specific food. The emergency control order need not relate to specific identified food. Such an order is, as section 48(3) makes clear, subject to parliamentary

annulment, but it does not provide for compensation and may be in terms which limit or exclude the right to compensation under section 9.

Plainly, an order made under section 13 is wider in its scope and more draconian in its operation, particularly when made in the amended form adopted here, than a notice given or action taken under section 9. Section 13 empowers the central government to act in response to a perceived emergency: this is recognised by the name given to the section 13 order and by the pre-condition of making a section 13 order, that it must appear to the Minister that the carrying out of commercial operations with respect to any food involves or may involve imminent risk of injury to health.

In referring to these sections, the judge spoke of a 'hierarchy of powers': the secretary of state initially challenged this description, but did not pursue his challenge. The judge was in our opinion correct when he observed (at page 32F of the transcript of his judgment):-

"If Section 9 powers are considered to be equally effective, then it is those powers which should be exercised. Any other approach offends the principle of proportionality which the Department accepts to be applicable. The exercise of Section 9 powers, if they would be equally effective, would be a less restrictive alternative (see the argument of the Crown in R v MAFF ex parte Roberts [1991] 1 CMLR 555 at 575). That approach is confirmed in the guidance which refers to Section 13 powers being exercisable only in exceptional circumstances."

In speaking of 'guidance' the judge was referring to a code of practice issued under section 40 of the Act, to which food authorities were required to have regard in carrying out their functions under the Act. Our attention was drawn to this code in argument, in particular to show the extent to which effective action in any locality ultimately depends on action by the food authority.

The judge's findings

The judge made a number of findings which are important and which (subject to one qualification noted below) are not challenged on this appeal. References are to the transcript of his judgment.

 By 19 May the cause and period of contamination of Ducketts' cheese production were still unknown. It had previously been thought that a satisfactory sampling programme could be devised. This was now considered impossible (pages 29 C-D).

2. The information concerning the Mendip sample was a significant factor in reaching the decision to seek a section 13 order. It was not unreasonable for those attending the meeting on 19 May to rely on the information then available (pages 29D, 30B-C).

3. The department were entitled on 19 May to reach the conclusion that while it remained ignorant as to the cause and period of contamination, all cheese from Ducketts should be

regarded as unsafe (pages 30F, 42G).

4. Since the department could reasonably take the view that all Ducketts' production should be regarded as unsafe and the source and period of contamination were unknown, there was an imminent risk of injury to health (pages 31A-E, E, 43A).

 It was reasonable for the department on 19 May to take the view that reliance should no longer be placed on voluntary arrangements (page 35C).

6. The circumstances known to the authorities on 19 May were such as to require immediate action by the central government rather than relying on local authorities throughout the United Kingdom who would act with varying degrees of expedition (page 37A-C, G).

7. It was open to the department to take the view that speedier and more effective protection would be afforded to the public by an order under section 13 than by leaving food authorities to act under section 9 (pages 40F, 43A).

The qualification to be noted is that both Eastside and Ducketts criticised the test of proportionality

applied by the judge.

The Secretary of State's appeal

The judge found against the secretary of state on the ground that he had wrongly taken account of considerations of administrative convenience which should not have weighed with him. In reaching this conclusion, the judge attached importance to the reference to 'logistical problems that could be faced by EHDs' in paragraph 12 of the minutes of the meeting of 19 May quoted above. The judge also attached importance to three passages in affidavits sworn by Mr Curtis. They were to the following effect:

"57. The meeting [of 19 May] was also concerned that there was a possibility that some local authorities might resist taking formal action for cheeses in their area where they felt there was a danger of legal costs falling to them. The point was made during the discussion, by Mr Furlong and supported by Mr Barton [local authority environmental health officers], that, in view of the widespread distribution (including Scotland and Wales), this was an issue on which the Department should take the lead to secure the withdrawal of products from sale." [Affidavit sworn 29 September 1998]

"62. The primary advantage of the proposed course of action was that it provided the most effective way to safeguard public health. It also avoided local authorities having to take individual enforcement action, with the risk that some would fail to do so. A further risk was that such actions might be challenged in a number of different courts. If this occurred, DH would not have the resources to support individual LAs and feared inconsistent decisions around the country which would be difficult to challenge quickly enough to prevent release of contaminated cheese." [Ibid.] "9. We also considered that action on a national basis was needed due to our concern as to whether local authorities would be willing to take the necessary action locally. During the course of the investigation I became aware through my contacts with local authorities that some enforcement officers would be reluctant to commit their authority to taking action to detain suspect products where they might subsequently become liable for compensation and legal costs. This concern stems from the well publicised judgment in the Scottish courts where the local authority failed to satisfy the Sheriff that unpasteurised cheese containing *Listeria monocytogenes* (bacteria which can cause listeriosis, an illness which is hazardous to pregnant women as it can cause miscarriage) was unfit for human consumption. The local authority in this case was ordered to pay costs and compensation." [Affidavit sworn 3 November 1998].

The judge had accepted that the department could reasonably take the view that immediate effective action by central government was called for and that food authorities would act with varying degrees of expedition, and accepted, although reluctantly, that fears of inaction were a relevant and legitimate factor to be taken into account (page 37G). His reasons for ruling against the secretary of state on this ground were these:

"The phrase 'logistical problems' seems to me more apt to cover the problem to which Mr Curtis refers in paragraph 62 of his first affidavit that the Department of Health would not have sufficient resources to support individual Local Authorities taking action in different courts. That seems to me to smack of administrative inconvenience. Whilst I accept that it was open to the Department to take the view that food authorities would need to rely upon expert evidence obtained from the Department of Health, I cannot understand why that would pose insuperable difficulties. If, as the Department believed, it was necessary to test batches of cheese to destruction, such tests would either reveal the presence of E-coli 0157 in which case no compensation would be payable, or they would demonstrate that the organism was not present. It does not seem to me to have been open to the Department to take the view that the time and expense of testing seized batches of cheese to destruction under Section 13. After

all, until such cheese was tested to destruction, no one has suggested that authorities would be compelled to permit the release of cheese onto the market.

I am also concerned as to the reference to the risk, in paragraph 62 of Mr Curtis's first affidavit, that actions might be challenged in a number of different courts. I do not understand why that should give rise to such fears as to justify action under section 13. Mr Curtis says that the Department feared inconsistent decisions which would be difficult to challenge quickly enough to prevent release of the contaminated cheese. I do not understand what he means by inconsistent decisions. Any batch of cheese seized would, on the Department's understanding, have to be tested to destruction. If that cheese was free of E-coli 0157, then the food authority would not have been able to satisfy a justice of the peace that it failed to comply with food safety requirements. If another batch of cheese was tested and proved positive, the food authority would succeed. That does not give rise to any inconsistency at all; it is merely a question of some cheese proving positive and some negative. There would be no need to challenge any decision, after testing, because the cheese in question would, in the light of the Department's conclusion that testing was necessary to destruction, not be available for consumption in any event. Moreover, I repeat, pending testing of a particular batch of cheese. I do not see how there could be any fear that it would be released notwithstanding that it might be contaminated. In my judgment, analysis of this part of the reasoning discloses a flawed approach. The fear as to absence of resources was not, in my judgment, Both the statute and the code in my a legitimate consideration. judgment support the proposition that Section 13 action should only be taken where it was the only means of providing quick and effective protection. Fears as to absence of adequate resources to support food authorities taking action under Section 9 is a consideration which finds no place in the statutory scheme. In addition the fears of inconsistent decisions do not stand the analysis that this court must undertake when considering whether the evaluation by the Department contained a patent or manifest error. In my judgment that evaluation in its reference to the fears of inconsistent decisions was manifestly in error."

Underlying this reasoning, the secretary of state contends, is a misunderstanding by the judge of the department's approach to testing to destruction. Because of the special characteristics of the Ecoli 0157 organism, a cheese could only be found to be uncontaminated if each and every part of it was tested to destruction. The department did not, however, at any stage suggest that such testing to destruction should be carried out, or was feasible. At the relevant time, Eastside held over 4 tonnes of ex-Ducketts' cheese. The evidence was that samples of 25 grams needed to be tested. This meant that, for Eastside's cheese alone, over 160,000 samples would have to be tested. The scale of this exercise, the secretary of state submits, ruled it out as a practical possibility.

The secretary of state also criticises the judge's approach to 'logistical problems' and the risk of inconsistent decisions. He points out that the department were, on the judge's finding, entitled to conclude that all Ducketts' cheese was unsafe and that there was or might be an imminent threat to the life and health of members of the public if any of it were released onto the market. If food authorities were to take urgent action under section 9, having identified stocks of Ducketts' cheese in their areas, they would have, in almost every case, to do so in reliance on evidence received from the department. They would in all probability have no evidence of their own. They were subject to constraints of time in deciding what action to take. If food authorities withdrew notices issued under section 9 for want of evidence to support a complaint of unfitness, there was an obvious possibility that contaminated cheese might reach the market. If on the other hand they seized cheese and sought condemnation orders from a justice of the peace, it was to be expected that some cheese-owners would contest the complaint of unfitness, perhaps adducing sampling evidence to support the contention that their cheese was not contaminated. To rebut that case, it would be necessary for food authorities to call evidence to substantiate the grounds of their complaint and (perhaps) to criticise the reliability of the owners' samples. The prime source of authoritative evidence on the safety of the cheese was, inevitably, the department, which could reasonably expect urgent demands for assistance from all over the country. This could not in truth be regarded as a 'logistical problem', but as an impediment to affording the public the protection for which the situation was judged to call. Nor, the secretary of state argues, can the risk of inconsistent decisions be dismissed as the judge did. Even if it were the case that most justices of the peace upheld the food authorities' contentions, some might not: in such cases, there was no opportunity for a speedy challenge, and every cheese released into the market represented (on the

findings made), a threat to the life and health of the public. By 19 May there were already more than 100 local authorities involved, and it was unknown how many of the remaining 300 local authorities might become involved. The scope for aberrant decisions was, the secretary of state argues, considerable.

Eastside and Ducketts reject these criticisms and support the judge's approach. There was, they say, no evidence before the judge that testing to destruction was impracticable. They draw attention to the powers of the central government to compel action by local authorities even in the absence of an order under section 13. They rely on the necessary participation of local authorities in enforcing action whether under section 9 or section 13. They suggest that the evidential problems described by the secretary of state are exaggerated, and dismiss the risk of inconsistent decisions by suggesting that no contaminated cheese could reach the market since cheese would either be found, on testing, to be contaminated, in which case it would be condemned, or it would be tested to destruction and found to be uncontaminated, in which case it would not reach the market.

We accept the criticisms made by the secretary of state of the judge's ruling on this aspect. The considerations which led the authorities to conclude, on 19 May, that an emergency control order was appropriate cannot, in our judgment, be fairly described as considerations of administrative convenience. Since 2 May the department had carefully and cautiously explored the possibilities of taking action less drastic than under section 13. It had not precipitately resorted to action under this section. But by 19 May, the scale of the potential problem, the gravity of the potential threat and the uncertainty still surrounding the source and duration of the contamination led all the authorities involved to conclude that the protection of the public required action under section 13. We can discern no failure by the authorities to concentrate on matters which were properly the subject of their attention or to take account of matters which were not.

Having found that the department had taken account of irrelevant considerations, the judge

went on to consider whether the same decision would have been reached even if the department had not done so. He was unable to conclude that the same decision would have been reached and so held that the reliance on irrelevant considerations invalidated the decision. The secretary of state criticises this conclusion; Eastside and Ducketts support it.

The judge prefaced this part of his judgment by ruling (page 42F):

"The Department was entitled to conclude that:-

1. Ducketts' cheese was unsafe

2. That since the source and period of contamination was unknown and the destination of its distribution unknown, the risk of injury was imminent.

3. Bearing in mind different food authorities would act with different degrees of urgency and could not be compelled to act, Section 13 was the proportionate means for providing quick and effective protection."

Given these conclusions and accepting that the department was entitled to reach them, as the judge held, we consider that the department would in all probability have reached the same decision, if indeed it was not bound to do so, whether or not account had been taken of the matters which the judge held to be irrelevant. The department faced the classic dilemma of any regulator: if strong action is taken and the apprehended harm to the general public does not ensue, the authority is criticised for taking unnecessarily draconian action and causing damage which would otherwise have been avoided; if, on the other hand, the authority holds its hand and harm does follow, the authority is castigated for abdicating its responsibility to exercise powers which Parliament has conferred for dealing with such a

situation. The danger of hindsight is obvious. At the time, perceiving an imminent threat to the life and health of the public, the department was bound to regard the need to take quick and effective action as paramount. We differ from the judge on this issue.

Exemption of Eastside

By a respondent's notice, Eastside argue that even if it was appropriate for the secretary of state to make an order under section 13, he should in all the circumstances have excepted Eastside from the operation of that order. Before the judge the secretary of state contended that there was no power to make such an exception under the Act but the judge held that there was and the secretary of state now accepts that, in making a section 13 order, the secretary of state could have provided an exception in relation to Eastside under section 48(1)(c) of the Act. He points out, however, correctly in our view, that section 13(3) of the Act has a somewhat different effect, by empowering the minister to consent in a given case to something which is prohibited by the order.

If, therefore, the secretary of state could have excepted Eastside from the operation of the section 13 order, the question arises whether he acted unlawfully by failing to do so. Eastside contend that he did. They rely on the facts that Eastside had from the beginning complied voluntarily with the requests made of them; that they had given notice to their local district council before delivering cheese to a wholesaler, and had then only delivered cheese produced before the suspect dates; that although protesting that the restraints they were asked to observe were unnecessarily wide, they had not sought to violate the régime which they had accepted; that no evidence of contamination had been found in samples of cheese held by them; and that all Ducketts' cheese held by them was clearly marked and identified. In this situation, Eastside contend, they should have enabled them to establish that their cheese was not contaminated and to claim compensation for any depreciation in the value of the cheese

which they had suffered as a result of the local authority's action.

The judge did not accept this argument. He held (page 41D):

"In my judgment it would have been inconsistent with the exercise of the powers under section 13 to make an exception in the case of Eastside. It is true that Eastside had been identified as an outlet for Ducketts' cheese and thus in its particular case a section 9 action, would have served to prevent distribution of that cheese. But in my judgment it would have been inconsistent with the scheme of the Act to allow one distributor the benefit of section 9 action, whilst imposing prohibition in relation to all other commercial operations under section 13. Other distributors which had been identified would have had to be given a similar opportunity to challenge the safety of particular cheeses under section 9 and once further outlets had been identified, they too should have been afforded the advantages of section 9 action to which Eastside claims it was entitled. Any other approach, which permitted only Eastside the advantage of section 9 action would have been inconsistent. If section 13 action was appropriate on the part of central government the statute envisages nation-wide effect. In those circumstances the complaint that no exception was made in the case of Eastside appears to me to be without substance. Moreover Eastside's assertion that there was no possibility of any commercial operation in relation to Ducketts' cheese on the part of Eastside does not stand comfortably with the letter sent on its behalf to Tandridge District Council of 20.5.98 which stated:

> "We understand E-coli 0157 was associated from a batch of cheese around the 4th or 5th of April at Walnut Tree Farm (Ducketts). We therefore require the immediate release of the cheeses being detained which were supplied to our client to mature within the next week/ two days."

The basis upon which that requirement was made was wrong. As I have already pointed out, the contamination could not at that date be associated merely with production dates of the 4 or 5 April."

We agree with the judge. We readily understand the sense of grievance felt by Eastside as an

innocent recipient of Ducketts' cheese, but the department had properly to be alive to the complaints of

unfair discrimination which would be made by other innocent recipients of Ducketts' cheese if Eastside were to receive more favourable treatment. If Eastside could make a persuasive case for relaxation of the section 13 order in relation to them, or any of the cheese held by them, it was open to them to seek the minister's consent under section 13(3). It cannot in our view be said that the secretary of state erred in law in failing to exempt Eastside from the section 13 order.

Proportionality

It was common ground before the judge that since the exercise of powers under section 13 of the 1990 Act interfered with the operation of Article 34 of the EC Treaty, such exercise had to be justified under Article 36 of the Treaty which does not preclude "prohibitions" justified on grounds of ..the protection of health and life of humans ..". It was accepted that the judge should adopt the same approach to proportionality as would be adopted by the European Court of Justice. The judge made reference to R v Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food ex parte Roberts [1991] 1 CMLR 555, R v Minister of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food ex parte National Federation of Fishermen's Organisations [1995] ECR 1 - 3115, R v Chief Constable of Sussex ex parte International Trader's Ferry Limited [1998] QB 477 and R v Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food ex parte First City Trading Limited [1997] 1 CMLR 250. He concluded (at page 27D):

> "if grounds manifestly do not justify the making of an order under Section 13 then this court will interfere. Moreover if the objective which the prohibition was designed to achieve, namely the avoidance of injury to health by consumption of Ducketts' cheese could have been achieved by lesser measures then this court should declare that the Department misused its powers."

Eastside and Ducketts contend that the judge applied the wrong test of proportionality.

The principle of proportionality is one of the basic principles of Community law. It has been expressed by the European Court of Justice in *R v MAFF ex parte Fedesa* [1990] ECR 1 - 4023, 4063 (paragraph 13) in the following terms:

"By virtue of that principle, the lawfulness of the prohibition of an economic activity is subject to the condition that the prohibitory measures are appropriate and necessary in order to achieve the objectives legitimately pursued by the legislation in question; when there is a choice between several appropriate measures recourse must be had to the least onerous, and the disadvantages caused must not be disproportionate to the aims pursued."

Because the principle is so general (and may affect a range of issues from the validity of primary legislation such as the Shops Act 1950 to much narrower points such as the quantum of penalties for customs infringements) it must be related to the particular situation in which it is invoked. In this case the issue is whether the prohibitory action taken by the Secretary of State under section 13 of the 1990 Act was justifiable under Article 36 of the Treaty on grounds of "protection of health and life of humans."

Eastside and Ducketts submit that the application of the principle required a two-stage approach, and that the judge had failed to carry out the balancing exercise required at the second stage. Sometimes a three-stage approach has been adopted, as in the opinion of Mr Advocate-General Van Gerven in *SPUC v Grogan* [1991] ECR I - 4685, 4726 (paragraph 35):

"I consider that the following points should be considered on the basis of the principle of proportionality. First, does the prohibition ... which is at issue pursue a legitimate aim of public interest which fulfils an imperative social need. Secondly, is that aim being realized using means which are necessary (and acceptable) in a democratic society in order to achieve that aim ? Thirdly, are the means employed in proportion to the aim pursued and is the fundamental right concerned ... impinged upon as a result ?"

However the test is formulated, it is clear that in the application of Article 36 the maintenance of public health must be regarded as a very important objective and must carry great weight in the balancing exercise. In *De Peijper* [1976] ECR 613, 635 (paragraph 15) the Court of Justice said that health and the life of humans rank first among the interests protected by Article 36, and it is for member states to decide (within the limits imposed by the Treaty) what degree of protection to provide. There are similar observations in *Fedesa* at 4051, paragraph 42 (Mr Advocate General Mischo) and 4063 - 4, paragraphs 16 - 17 (ECJ).

The parties to this appeal differ as to the scope of judicial review of the proportionality of national measures or action. The secretary of state submits that the English court is not required to adopt the role of prime decision-maker, and cites the decision of the House of Lords in *R v Chief Constable of Sussex ex parte International Trader's Ferry Ltd.* [1998] 3 WLR 1260 (at pp. 1277, 1287 and 1289) in support of that submission. But the passages relied on do not support such a wide submission (and in any event *International Trader's Ferry* was, for the reasons mentioned by Lord Hoffmann at pp. 1283 - 4, far from a typical case for applying Articles 34 and 36).

In principle the decision on proportionality has to be taken by the national court which is seised of an issue on Article 36, subject of course to any possible reference to the Court of Justice (the collaboration called for between the Court of Justice and national courts is described in the opinion of Mr Advocate-General Van Gerven in *Rochdale BC v Anders* [1992] ECR I 6457, 6474 - 5, paragraph 19). But in the case of a legislative measure the national court must not simply accept the view of the national legislature or confine itself to deciding whether what the legislature has enacted is reasonable (see the same opinion at I - 6480, paragraph 27, citing *Miro* [1985] ECR 3731).

Nevertheless it is clear that the national legislature has a considerable margin of appreciation, especially in legislating on matters which raise complex economic issues connected with the Community's fundamental policies. In *Fedesa* the Court of Justice said (paragraph 14, immediately after the passage already cited),

"However, with regard to judicial review of compliance with those conditions it must be stated that in matters concerning the common agricultural policy the Community legislature has a discretionary power which corresponds to the political responsibilities given to it by Articles 40 and 43 of the Treaty. Consequently, the legality of a measure adopted in that sphere can be affected only if the measure is manifestly inappropriate having regard to the objective which the competent institution is seeking to pursue (see in particular the judgment in *Schrader* [1989] ECR 2237, paragraphs 21 and 22)."

The same approach can be seen in *Aragonesa v DSSSG Cataluna* [1991 ECR 1 - 4151, 4184-5 (paragraphs 17 to 18); *Germany v Council* [1994] ECR 1 - 4973, 5068 - 9 (paragraphs 89 - 91); *R v MAFF ex parte NFFO* [1995] ECR I - 3115, 3130 (paragraph 28); *UK v Commission* [1996] ECR I - 5755, 5811 (paragraph 58); and *Commission v Council* [1996] ECR I - 881, 924 (paragraph 18), in which the Court of Justice stated,

"In reviewing the exercise of such a power the Court must confine itself to examining whether it contains a manifest error or constitutes a misuse of power or whether the authority in question did not clearly exceed the bounds of its discretion (see the judgment in *Roquette Freres v Council* [1980] ECR 3333, paragraph 25)."

The secretary of state also relies on Upjohn v Licensing Authority [1999] 1 WLR 927, ECJ.

In that case the Court of Justice stated (at page 945, paragraph 34),

"According to the court's case law, where a Community authority is called on, in the performance of its duties, to make complex assessments, it enjoys a wide measure of discretion, the exercise of which is subject to a limited judicial review in the course of which the Community judicature may not substitute its assessment of the facts for the assessment made by the authority concerned. Thus, in such cases, the Community judicature must restrict itself to examining the accuracy of the findings of fact and law made by the authority concerned and to verifying, in particular, that the action taken by that authority is not vitiated by a manifest error or a misuse of powers and that it did not clearly exceed the bounds of its discretion."

(This was followed by numerous citations; see also the opinion of Mr Advocate-General Leger at page 937, paragraph 50). That case was concerned with the Community-wide system for authorising the marketing of proprietary medicines under Council Directive 65/65 and later directives, which require each member state to have a competent national authority which has power to grant, refuse, revoke or suspend licences in accordance with the directives. But on being notified of an adverse decision the party is to be informed (under article 12 of Directive 65/65) "of the remedies available to him under the laws in force" - in that case, the Medicines Act 1968 as extensively amended pursuant to section 2 of the European Communities Act 1972. It was therefore a situation in which the directive itself contemplated some form of judicial review, and the Court of Justice has in effect confirmed that judicial review on the English model was in those circumstances an adequate form of review by the national court. Proportionality as such was not an issue. Eastside and Ducketts are right to submit that *Upjohn* is not directly in point. It does however illustrate that on public health issues which require the evaluation of complex scientific evidence, the national court may and should be slow to interfere with a decision which a responsible decision -maker has reached after consultation with its expert advisers.

Eastside and Ducketts submit that *Fedesa*, and the numerous cases following *Fedesa*, are also distinguishable since in those cases the Court of Justice approved the application of a special test

in special circumstances. In this case, it is submitted, the court should apply what counsel called the orthodox test, requiring a critical revaluation of all the factors bearing on proportionality. But there seems to be no good reason in principle or authority for two sharply different tests. The margin of appreciation for a decision-maker (which includes, in this context, a national legislature) may be broad or narrow. The margin is broadest when the national court is concerned with primary legislation enacted by its own legislature in an area where a general policy of the Community must be given effect in the particular economic and social circumstances of the member state in question. The margin narrows gradually rather than abruptly with changes in the character of the decision-maker and the scope of what has to be decided (not, as the secretary of state submits, only with the latter).

This appeal is not concerned with whether the enactment of section 13 of the 1990 Act was itself a disproportionate measure to deal with the grave threat to public health posed by unfit food. The challenge is to the secretary of state's exercise of his power under section 13 in the particular factual situation which arose in May 1998. The judge examined the evidence critically and in great detail. The judge's task was (so far as Article 36 was concerned) to see whether the exercise of the secretary of state's power under section 13 of the 1990 Act had been objectively justified and had been shown not to be disproportionate. The test is more demanding than that of "manifest error" and is also more demanding than that of *Wednesbury* unreasonableness (although in *ex parte ITF*, Lord Slynn, at page 1277, thought that the same result is often produced under both tests). The difference between the two tests has been lucidly described by Laws J in *R v MAFF ex parte First City Trading* [1997] 1 CMLR 250, 278 - 9; the whole passage repays close study; its conclusion is that,

"*Wednesbury* and European review are different models - one looser, one tighter - of the same juridical concept, which is the imposition of compulsory standards on decision-makers so as to secure the repudiation of arbitrary power." This appeal must be approached on the basis that the secretary of state, in making the emergency control orders on 20 and 21 May 1998, was not entitled to the broad margin of appreciation which might be accorded to primary legislation enacted by a national legislature. He is however entitled to the narrower margin of appreciation appropriate to a responsible decision-maker who is required, under the urgent pressure of events, to take decisions which call for the evaluation of scientific evidence and advice as to public health risks, and which have serious implications both for the general public and for the manufacturers, processors and retailers of the suspect cheese.

The judge did observe these principles and did perform the necessary balancing exercise. Although he referred to what the Court of Justice said in the *NFFO* case (which was concerned with the Sea Fish Licensing (Time at Sea) (Principles) Order 1993), he also referred to *First City Trading* and correctly concluded that he should scrutinise the grounds of justification put forward by the secretary of state. His decision cannot be challenged as having applied the wrong test of proportionality.

Failure to consider compensation

Ducketts submit that the secretary of state erred in law by failing to take account of the fact that Ducketts and others in the same position would be denied compensation under the section 13 order. It does not appear that this point was relied on before the judge, with the result that no evidence was expressly directed to it, and it is not a point raised in either of the respondent's notices.

It is however plain that at the meeting on 19 May the representative of Eastside's local district council did explain the financial implications to Eastside of detaining £30,000 worth of cheese. He was, we infer, drawing attention to the obvious fact that detention of the cheese was having a very

damaging effect on Eastside's business. Under the section 9 notice issued to Eastside on the same day, the company was entitled to compensation for depreciation in value of the detained cheese if the notice were withdrawn or a justice of the peace refused to condemn the cheese. It was obvious that any order which deprived Eastside of that right was bound to be, potentially, damaging to its interests. The view of the meeting was, however, that there was (as it was put in the letter to Eastside on 20 May) no effective alternative to taking "immediate action to prevent the sale and distribution of any Ducketts cheese". We cannot conclude that the secretary of state, when deciding to make the order, was unmindful of the effect the order was likely to have on Eastside and others in the same position. In any event we would think it wrong to reach this conclusion in the absence of evidence directed to the issue.

Article 1 of Protocol 1 of the European Convention on Human Rights

Ducketts and Eastside submit that the secretary of state may not rely on Article 36 of the EC Treaty to justify the breach of Article 34 since the making of the section 13 order violates their fundamental rights guaranteed by Article 1 of Protocol 1 of the European Convention on Human Rights and Article 36 cannot, they argue, be relied on to justify such a breach. This was not an argument advanced before the judge. If reliance was to be placed upon it, it should have been relied upon before him. We have grave reservations whether we should permit the matter to be argued for the first time in this court. But since we have heard argument, it may be appropriate to express brief conclusions.

Article 1 of the First Protocol provides:

"Every natural or legal person is entitled to the peaceful enjoyment of

his possessions. No one shall be deprived of his possessions except in the public interest and subject to the conditions provided for by law and by the general principles of international law.

The preceding provisions shall not, however, in any way impair the right of a State to enforce such laws as it deems necessary to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest or to secure the payment of taxes or other contributions or penalties."

In Bosphorus Hava Yollari Turizm Ve Ticaret AS v Minister for Transport, Energy and

Communications, Ireland [1996] ECR I - 3953 at 3973, in paragraph 57, Mr Advocate-General Jacobs

helpfully summarised the approach of the Court of Human Rights to this article:

"In a line of cases starting with *Sporrong and Lonnroth* the European Court of Human Rights has held that Article 1 of the First Protocol comprises three distinct rules. The first rule, set out in the first sentence of the first paragraph, is of a general nature and enunciates the principle of peaceful enjoyment of property; the second rule, contained in the second sentence of the same paragraph, covers deprivation of possessions and makes it subject to certain conditions; and the third rule, stated in the second paragraph, recognises that the contracting States are entitled to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest. The three rules are not distinct in the sense of being unconnected; the second and third rules are concerned with particular instances of interference with the right to peaceful enjoyment of property and should therefore be construed in the light of the general principle enunciated in the first rule."

The court must look behind the appearances and investigate the realities of the situation complained of (see *Sporrong and Lonnroth v Sweden* (1982) 5 EHRR 35 at 51, paragraph 63), and it would seem clear that the effect of the section 13 order made in this case was to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment by Ducketts and Eastside of the cheeses which belonged to them. We are doubtful whether

the present case is one in which the effect of the order was to deprive them of their possessions: there was no transfer of ownership from them to the state or any other party; the section 13 order could have been revoked at any time, and if revoked could have ceased to have any effect; and it was always open to Ducketts and Eastside to seek the minister's consent under section 13(3) of the Act. In a deprivation case the availability of compensation is a relevant consideration. In *Holy Monasteries v Greece* (1994) 20 EHRR 1 at page 48, paragraph 71, the European Court said:

"In this connection, the taking of property without payment of an amount reasonably related to its value will normally constitute a disproportionate interference and a total lack of compensation can be considered justifiable under Article I only in exceptional circumstances."

Such a rule is readily understandable where the state is itself assuming ownership of property belonging to another, or where property is being transferred from one citizen to another. It appears to us to have very much less force where, in a case such as the present, the object of the measure is to restrain the use of property in the public interest. If, however, the general rule stated by the court concerning compensation has any application to a situation such as faced the secretary of state, we would have little hesitation in holding that the circumstances were sufficiently exceptional to displace it.

The present case is in our judgment much more appropriately regarded as one in which the state deemed it necessary to control the use of property in accordance with the general interest. Although the *Holy Monasteries* case was concerned with deprivation, it would seem to us that the observations of the court at page 48, paragraph 70 are relevant:

"70. An interference with peaceful enjoyment of possessions must strike a "fair balance" between the demands of the general interests of the community and the requirements of the protection of the individual's fundamental rights. The concern to achieve this balance is reflected in the structure of Article 1 as a whole, including therefore the second sentence, which is to be read in the light of the general principle enunciated in the first sentence. In particular, there must be a reasonable relationship of proportionality between the means employed and the aim sought to be realised by any measure depriving a person of his possessions."

Thus there must be proportionality between the means employed and the ends sought to be achieved, and a fair balancing of the interests of the public and those of private individuals. While the court must never abdicate its duty of review, it will accord a margin of appreciation to the decision-making authority. Particularly must this be true, in our view, where the decision-making authority is responding to what it reasonably regards as an imminent threat to the life or health of the public.

No doubt the secretary of state appreciated when making the section 13 order that its effect might well be to lead to the destruction of cheeses held by Ducketts and Eastside and others in the same position. These cheeses were, however, reasonably regarded as unsafe. Had they ceased to be so regarded, the order would, we assume, have been revoked. On the present facts we can see no room for an argument that the emergency action taken by the secretary of state involved an unjustified violation of fundamental human rights on the part of Ducketts and Eastside.

We would accordingly allow the appeal by the secretary of state and reject the grounds advanced by Eastside and Ducketts in their respondents' notices.

This is the judgment of the court.

ORDER: (Not part of judgment)

Appeal allowed; order of judge to be set aside with the exception of his order as to costs; no order as to costs; leave to appeal refused.

Responce to cctv dated 16/02/20 04:52am

This is a suspicious incident, during Storm Dennis, involving five Turkish males, all of which are known to us, as usually all five can be seen together on a night out, i would also like to highlight that all five are also known to Mr. Murat Emekdar (late night license holder for the coffee hut on St Marys Butts) who is also Turkish, since i have taken over the coffee hut Mr. Emekdar has been very hostile towards me, and he is very aware that we are up for review.

Three of the Turkish males were standing outside for sometime, Two other Turkish males came towards the shop, they spoke to each other at the door in the Turkish language, The door supervisor asked if everything is okay? As there body language seemed confrontational. The Tall male replied "dont worry, we are brothers". The Two then enter the shop, however when the manager greeted them, and asked if they would like to purchase anything, they replied "Not tonight" which seemed strange, before leaving.

The Two males then go back outside, creating a scene, At which point the Door supervisor intervenes but they keep insisting "we are brothers" while continuing to speak in Turkish. To me this seems very suspicious as all five have been coming together for years and **never** acted in such a way before. On CCTV it seems as if they came for the purpose of creating a scene.

Statement of truth

I believe that the facts stated in this statement are true to the best of my knowledge.

KAMAL SALEEM